5 Systems of Equations Practice Problems

1. Solve each of the systems of equations below by the method of your choice. If there are infinitely many solutions, find 3 solutions. If there are more than one solution and not infinitely many, find all of them.

x - y = 2(a)2x + 3y = 9One solution: (3, 1)2x + y = -1(b) x - 2y = -8One solution: (-2,3)x - 5y = 10(c) $y^2 + 3y = x - 2$ Two solutions: (0, -2) and (30, 4)6x + 4y = 10(d) 9x + 6y = 15Infinitely many solutions. Three solutions: (1,1), (-1,4), (3,-2)(e) One solution: $\left(\frac{-9}{26}, \frac{19}{26}\right)$ (f) (g) y = 73x - 2y = 11One solution: $(\frac{25}{3}, 7)$

2. Suppose you have a system of equations where the graph of one equation is a circle and the graph of the other equation is a line. How many solutions are possible?

There could be 0, 1, or 2 solutions.

3. Suppose you have a system of equations where one equation is y = |x| and the other equation is a line. How many solutions are possible?

There could be 0, 1, 2, or infinitely many solutions.

- 4. Find the intersection points of the graphs of x = 1 and y = 5.
 One intersection point: (1,5)
- 5. Find the intersection points of the graphs of $y = x^2$ and y 2x = 1. **Two intersection points:** $(1 + \sqrt{2}, 3 + 2\sqrt{2})$ and $(1 - \sqrt{2}, 3 - 2\sqrt{2})$