## **Review for Exam III**

Your third exam will be similar to exams I and II. The exam will have 10 problems worth 10 points each. Here is a list of topics:

- From 3.1: Be able to look at a list of symbols and translate numbers from other systems to our system we use today.
- From 5.1-5.3: Know how to use the various models of integers to solve arithmetic problems.
- From 6.1: Know the basic models for fractions.
- From 6.2: Know the models for fraction addition and subtraction.
- From 6.3: Know how to multiply and divide fractions. Also, know why the proof of multiplying by the reciprocal works when dividing fractions.

Example Problems:

- 1. Draw the colored counters diagram which illustrates the following problems.
  - (a) (-4) + 6(b) 5 - (-3)(c) (-5) - (-3)
- 2. Carefully illustrate the following computations in the number line model.
  - (a) 3+4
  - (b) -4+5
  - (c) -3-4
  - (d) 2 (-3)
  - (e) -1 (-3)
- 3. Carefully describe the mailtime stories which model the following arithmetic problems.
  - (a) 41 + (-7)
  - (b) 41 7
  - (c) 20 (-15)
  - (d) -20 15
- 4. Carefully describe the mailtime stories which model the following arithmetic problems. A one sentance story per problem is sufficient.
  - (a)  $2 \cdot (-4) + 3 \cdot 7$

- (b)  $3 \cdot (-5) 3 \cdot 8$
- (c)  $4 \cdot 5 7 \cdot (-21)$
- 5. Compute the following:
  - (a)  $5 +_{12} 9$
  - (b)  $7 -_{12} 9$
  - (c)  $8 \times_{12} 5$
  - (d)  $5 \div_{12} 7$
- 6. In arithmetic with integers the following property is true: if  $a \times b = 0$ , at least one of a and b is zero. Is this true in 12 hour clock arithmetic? If it is, explain. If it is not true provide a counterexample.
- 7. Use the multiplication table on page 331 to compute the following. If an answer does not exist, explain why.
  - (a)  $10 \div_{12} 7$
  - (b)  $10 \div_{12} 2$
  - (c)  $10 \div_{12} 2$
- 8. For each of the following pairs of fractions, use the test we described in class to determine which of the fractions is the smaller. Show your work!
  - (a)  $\frac{5}{16}, \frac{11}{32}$
  - (b)  $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{7}{9}$
  - (c)  $\frac{10}{11}, \frac{11}{13}$ .
- 9. Show that  $\frac{a}{b} < \frac{c}{d}$  when ad < bc.
- 10. Represent the fractions 3/4 and 5/8 in the colored regions, sets, fraction strips, and number line models.
- 11. Illustrate the following computations in the colored regions, fractions strips, and number lines models:
  - (a)  $\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{4}$ (b)  $3\frac{3}{5} - 2$
- 12. Convert  $\frac{10}{3}$  to a mixed number and  $3\frac{2}{3}$  to an improper fraction. Show all your work and then illustrate your work with one of the models from class.
- 13. Perform the following fraction computations. Show your work as if you were presenting the problem to a 4th grade classroom. That is, explain each step and use models if appropriate.
  - (a)  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$

(b)  $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{4}$ 

- (c) Convert  $2\frac{3}{5}$  to an improper fraction.
- (d) Convert  $\frac{17}{3}$  to a mixed number.
- 14. Write 5,232 in expanded notation.
- 15. Use a number line diagram to show that if a, b, n are integers and a < b then a + n < b + n and -b < -a.
- 16. State the Cross Product Property of Equivalent Fractions.
- 17. Write  $\frac{396}{432}$  in simplest form, and explain how you know when you are done.
- 18. Explain in 2 sentences how to get equivalent fractions with a common denominator for  $\frac{2}{3}$  and  $\frac{5}{9}$ .
- 19. Use the rectangular area model to compute  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{6}{5}$ .
- 20. A bag contains 14 balls. Some are red and some are yellow.  $\frac{3}{7}$  of the balls are yellow. How many of the balls are red?
- 21. Know homework problem 6.3 number 10.
- 22. Know example 6.12 on page 381.

## Study Tips

- 1. Begin studying today!
- 2. Glance through the book/notes and identify any topics that you do not know/understand. Read more about these, and ask me questions.
- 3. Do the entire review sheet.
- 4. Do the practice exam.
- 5. Look over the homework. (All solutions are on the webpage.)
- 6. Get together with other people and discuss the concepts.
- 7. Get a good night's sleep the night before and relax the morning of the exam.

## Good Luck!