

1. Let $P = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Find P^{-1} .

2. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Verify that $\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ are all eigenvectors, and find their corresponding eigenvalues.

3. Find a basis of $\text{Nul } A$ for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

4. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -35 \\ 6 & -13 \end{bmatrix}$.

a. Find the characteristic polynomial and the eigenvalues.

b. Find an eigenvector associated to each eigenvalue.

Hints to get started:

2. Compute AV and compare to λV .
3. Solve $AX = \mathbf{0}$ for \mathbf{X} .
4. (a) Find the determinant of $A - \lambda I$
(b) For each λ , find $A - \lambda I$ and row-reduce.