## Problem Set 8

- (1) Reading: Section 6.3 from Theorem 4 (p334) up until the end of the section, and Section 6.4 up to the end of Theorem 2 (page 347).
- (2) Do question 8 and 12 from Section 6.6 of Evans.
- (3) Suppose  $\Omega$  is a bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with smooth boundary, and let  $\Gamma \subset \partial \Omega$ be an open subset of  $\partial \Omega$ . Suppose  $\Delta u = 0$  on  $\Omega$ , and  $u = \partial_{\nu} u = 0$  on  $\Gamma$ . Show that  $u \equiv 0$  on  $\Omega$ . Hint: Let  $\Omega_2$  be a bounded domain with smooth boundary in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  which contains  $\Omega$ , such that  $\partial \Omega \setminus \Gamma \subset \partial \Omega_2$ . Extend u to be a function on  $\Omega_2$  with  $u \equiv 0$  on  $\Omega_2 \setminus \Omega$ . What's special about this extension?
- (4) Suppose U is a smooth bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , and  $u \in C(\overline{\Omega})$  has the property that

$$\int_{\Omega} u \triangle v = 0$$

for all  $v \in C_c^{\infty}(\Omega)$ . Does it follow that u is harmonic on  $\Omega$ ? Hint: This is hard.