

Math 751 – Fall 2020

Equivariant homotopy and cohomology

Worksheet 4

1. Consider a C_2 -Mackey of the form $\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Z} \\ \downarrow \uparrow \\ \mathbb{Z}_{\text{sgn}} \\ \downarrow \uparrow \end{array}$ Show that this is necessarily a “split” Mackey

functor, in the sense that both the restriction and transfer maps are necessarily zero.

2. Recall that the Burnside ring for $G = C_2$ is $A(C_2) \cong \mathbb{Z}\{1, C_2\}$ and that the Burnside Mackey functor \underline{A}_{C_2} is as given to the right.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Z}\{1, C_2\} \\ (1 \ 2) \left(\downarrow \uparrow \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \mathbb{Z} \end{array}$$

- (a) Determine the *ring* structure on $A(C_2)$.
- (b) Show that the linearization homomorphism $\underline{A}_{C_2} \rightarrow \underline{RO}_{C_2}$ is an isomorphism (this is special to the case $G = C_2$).
- (c) Determine the kernel and cokernel of the map of Mackey functors $\underline{A}_{C_2} \rightarrow Q(\mathbb{Z}[C_2])$ described in Example 1.71.
- (d) Determine the (unique) map of Mackey functors $\underline{A}_{C_2} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{Z}}$ that is the identity at the trivial subgroup.
- (e) Show that there is *no* map of Mackey functors $\underline{A}_{C_2} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{Z}}^*$ that is the identity at the trivial subgroup. Describe the map that is given as multiplication by 2 at the trivial subgroup.