

Math 751 - Topics in Topology

Homework 4

Spring 2015

1. (a) (Replacing a map by a fibration) Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a map. Let $P(Y)$ be the path space on Y . This is the space of paths in Y , topologized as $P(Y) = \text{Map}(I, Y)$. Now define the mapping path space $P(f)$ by the pullback

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P(f) & \longrightarrow & P(Y) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{ev}_1 \\ X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y. \end{array}$$

Show that we have a commutative triangle

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & P(f) \\ & \searrow f & \swarrow \beta_f \\ & & Y \end{array}$$

in which α is a homotopy equivalence and β_f is a fibration.

- (b) What do you get if you replace $* \rightarrow Y$ by a fibration?
2. Suppose that $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is a fibration and Y is path-connected. Show that if y and y' are points of Y , then $f^{-1}(y) \simeq f^{-1}(y')$. This means that it still makes sense to talk about “the” fiber of a fibration that is not necessarily a bundle.
3. Let $p : E \rightarrow B$ be a fibration and let $\iota : A \rightarrow B$ be the inclusion of a subspace.
- (a) Show that the restriction $p : p^{-1}(A) \rightarrow A$ is also a fibration.
- (b) Show that if $\iota : A \rightarrow B$ induces an isomorphism in homotopy groups π_n for $n < k$ and a surjection on π_k , then the same is true of the inclusion $j : p^{-1}(A) \rightarrow E$. (Such a map is called an n -equivalence.)