

Math 751 – Spring 2024

Chromatic Homotopy Theory

Worksheet 2

1. An **additive** category is a category enriched in abelian groups (meaning that each Hom set has an abelian group structure such that composition is bilinear) and which has all finite products.

Show if A and B are objects of an additive category \mathcal{C} , then $A \times B$ also serves as a coproduct of A and B . It is then common to write $A \oplus B$ for this product/coproduct.

In the following problem, you may use the following facts about a sequence of maps $X_0 \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_2 \rightarrow \dots$:

- (a) Compactness of S^1 implies that there is a canonical weak homotopy equivalence

$$\mathrm{hocolim}_k \Omega X_k \xrightarrow{\sim} \Omega \mathrm{hocolim}_k X_k.$$

- (b) Passing to homotopy classes induces an isomorphism

$$\pi_n \mathrm{hocolim}_k X_k \cong \mathrm{colim}_k \pi_n X_k.$$

2. Let E be a spectrum.

- (a) For each $n \geq 0$, define a based space RE_n by $RE_n = \mathrm{hocolim}_k \Omega^k E_{n+k}$. Use these to define a spectrum RE .

- (b) Write down a stable equivalence $E \xrightarrow{\sim} RE$.

3. Show that DS/n , the dual of S/n , is S^{-1}/n .

(Hint: the functor $F(-, S)$ takes cofiber sequences to fiber sequences.)