

# Algebra Prelim

June 1, 2011

- Provide proofs for unsupported statements and cite supporting theorems
- Do as many problems as you can while giving careful solutions

Good Luck!

1. Let  $G$  be a finite simple group where  $|G| = 210$ . Find the number of elements of  $G$  having order 7.
2. Let  $G$  be a group such that  $G/Z(G)$  is a cyclic group. Prove that  $G$  is abelian (here  $Z(G)$  denotes the center of  $G$ ).
3. Let  $V$  be a vector space over a field  $F$  and let  $T : V \rightarrow V$  be a linear map. Let  $\text{Fix}(T) = \{v | T(v) = v\}$ . Then  $\text{Fix}(T)$  is a subspace of  $V$  (you do not need show this). Now suppose that  $T \circ T = T$ . Prove the following:
  - (a)  $\text{Fix}(T) = \text{Im}(T)$ , where  $\text{Im}(T)$  denotes the image of  $T$ .
  - (b)  $\text{Ker}(T) \cap \text{Im}(T) = \{0\}$ .
  - (c)  $\text{Ker}(T) + \text{Im}(T) = V$ , where  $+$  here denotes the usual sum of subspaces.
4. Let  $A \in \mathcal{M}_{n \times n}(\mathbf{C})$  be a Hermitian matrix. Prove or disprove (with a counterexample) the following statements:
  - (a)  $\det(A) \in \mathbf{R}$ .
  - (b)  $|\det(A)| = 1$ .
  - (c) If  $A$  has exactly one eigenvalue then  $A$  is a real matrix.
  - (d) If  $v = (v_1, \dots, v_n)^T$  is an eigenvector of  $A$  then  $\bar{v} = (\bar{v}_1, \dots, \bar{v}_n)^T$  is also an eigenvector for  $A$  (here  $\bar{v}_i$  denotes the complex conjugate of  $v_i$ ).
5. Let  $f(x) = x^{12} - 1 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$  and let  $L \subset \mathbf{C}$  be a splitting field of  $f(x)$  over  $\mathbf{Q}$ . Then:
  - (a) Determine the isomorphism type of  $\text{Gal}(L/\mathbf{Q})$
  - (b) Give an explicit description of all the subfields of  $L$  (by giving generators for each of these over  $\mathbf{Q}$ ).

(please turn over)

6. Let  $K$  be a field and let  $f(x) \in K[x]$ . Then let  $L$  be a splitting field of  $f(x)$  over  $K$ . Assume that  $f(x)$  has degree  $n$  for some  $n \geq 1$  and that  $f(x)$  has  $n$  distinct roots  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n$  in  $L$ . Suppose that for every  $i, j$  with  $1 \leq i, j \leq n$  there is an automorphism  $\sigma$  of  $L$  over  $K$  such that  $\sigma(\alpha_i) = \alpha_j$ . Prove that  $f(x)$  is irreducible in  $K[x]$ .
7. Show that the following polynomials are irreducible elements of the given integral domains.
- (a)  $f(x) = 2x^4 + 120x^3 - 30x^2 + 18x + 60 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$
  - (b)  $f(x) = 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 105 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$
  - (c)  $f(x, y) = x^2y + xy^2 - x - y + 1 \in \mathbf{Q}[x, y]$
8. Let  $K$  be a field that is a subfield of the integral domain  $S$ . So  $S$  is a vector space over  $K$ . If  $\dim_K(S) \leq \infty$  show that  $S$  is a field.
9. Prove that there is a surjective ring homomorphism  $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/(2) \times \mathbf{Z}/(3)$  and that there is not a surjective ring homomorphism  $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/(6) \times \mathbf{Z}/(10)$ .
10. Let  $k \subset L$  be a Galois extension where  $G = \text{Gal}(L/k)$  and where  $|G| = 150$ . Now suppose we have  $k \subset K \subset L$  where  $k \subset K$  is a Galois extension of degree 2. Prove that there is exactly one  $K'$  with  $k \subset K' \subset L$  where  $[L : K'] = 25$ .  
Hint. This is essentially a Sylow subgroup problem.