

## Algebra Prelim, May 27, 2015

- Provide proofs for all statements, citing theorems that may be needed.
- If necessary you may use the results from other parts of this test, even though you may not have successfully proved them.
- Do as many problems as you can and present your solutions as carefully as possible.

Good luck!

- (1) Let  $K$  be a field of characteristic not equal to 2. Let

$$M := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \in K^{2 \times 2}$$

and consider the linear map

$$\varphi : K^{2 \times 2} \longrightarrow K^{2 \times 2}, \quad X \longmapsto MX - XM.$$

- Find the matrix representation of  $\varphi$  with respect to the standard basis of  $K^{2 \times 2}$ .
- Find  $\ker \varphi$ .

[You may want to find first the kernel (null space) of the matrix representation from a). But your final answer to b) needs to be a subspace of  $K^{2 \times 2}$ .]

- Find all eigenvalues of  $\varphi$ .
- Show that  $\varphi$  is diagonalizable.

- (2) Let  $K$  be a field,  $a$  an element in a field extension such that  $a$  is algebraic over  $K$ . Denote by  $f \in K[x]$  the minimal polynomial of  $a$  over  $K$ . Consider the  $K$ -vector space  $V := K[x]/(f)$  and the  $K$ -linear map

$$\varphi : V \longrightarrow V, \quad g + (f) \longmapsto xg + (f).$$

Thus,  $\varphi \in \text{End}(V)$ . Show that the minimal polynomial of  $\varphi$  is given by  $f$ .

- (3) Let  $G$  be a finite group and  $\mathcal{X} = \{H \leq G\}$ , that is,  $\mathcal{X}$  is the set of all subgroups of  $G$ . Consider the action

$$G \times \mathcal{X} \longrightarrow \mathcal{X}, \quad (g, H) \longmapsto gHg^{-1}$$

and denote by  $\mathcal{O}_H$  the orbit of  $H \in \mathcal{X}$ . Show the following.

- For any  $H \in \mathcal{X}$  we have  $|\mathcal{O}_H| = 1 \iff H \trianglelefteq G$ .
- Let  $p$  be a prime and  $G$  be a nontrivial  $p$ -group. Let  $n := |\mathcal{X}|$  and  $m$  be the number of normal subgroups of  $G$ . Show that  $p \mid (n - m)$ .

- (4) Consider the group  $G := (\mathbb{Q}, +)/(\mathbb{Z}, +)$ .

- Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  with  $b \neq 0$  and suppose  $\gcd(a, b) = 1$ . Show that  $\langle \frac{a}{b} + \mathbb{Z} \rangle = \langle \frac{1}{b} + \mathbb{Z} \rangle$  for the cyclic subgroups of  $G$  generated by the given elements.
- Show that for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  there exists a unique subgroup of order  $n$ .

- (5) Let  $K$  be a field and  $f, g \in K[x]$ . Show that the following two statements are equivalent.
- There exists a ring homomorphism of the form

$$\varphi : K[x]/(f) \longrightarrow K[x]/(g), \quad p + (f) \longmapsto p + (g).$$

- $g$  divides  $f$  in  $K[x]$ .

- (6) Consider the ring  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  of Gaussian integers, and let  $f$  be the ring homomorphism

$$f : \mathbb{Z} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}[i]/(3 + 2i), \quad c \longmapsto c + (3 + 2i).$$

Show the following.

- $f$  is surjective.
- $\ker f = 13\mathbb{Z}$ .
- $|\mathbb{Z}[i]/(3 + 2i)| = 13$ .

[Hint: Have in mind that 2 and 3 are relatively prime.]

- (7) Let  $[K : F] = n$  and let  $a \in K$  such that there exist automorphisms  $\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n \in \text{Aut}(K | F)$  with  $\sigma_i(a) \neq \sigma_j(a)$  whenever  $i \neq j$ . Show  $K = F(a)$ .

- (8) Consider the field extension  $\mathbb{F}_{5^4} | \mathbb{F}_5$ .

- Determine the number of elements  $a \in \mathbb{F}_{5^4}$  satisfying  $\mathbb{F}_{5^4} = \mathbb{F}_5(a)$ .
- Determine the number of irreducible polynomials of degree 4 in  $\mathbb{F}_5[x]$ .

- (9) Denote by  $Z_n$  the cyclic group of order  $n$ .

- Find a field extension  $K | \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $\text{Gal}(K | \mathbb{Q}) \cong Z_5$ .

[Hint: Start with a primitive 11th root of unity.]

- Let  $L = K(\sqrt{2})$ . Argue that  $L | \mathbb{Q}$  is Galois and determine the cardinality of  $\text{Gal}(L | \mathbb{Q})$ .
- Give the isomorphism type of the Galois group  $\text{Gal}(L | \mathbb{Q})$  and describe the automorphisms explicitly.