

Solutions

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (7 points). Consider the ODE:

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0.$$

- a. Find the most general solution to the second-order ODE.  
 b. Find the unique solution satisfying the initial conditions:

$$y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0.$$

Characteristic eqn:  $r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0 \quad b^2 - 4ac = (-2)^2 - 4 = 0$  double root  
 $-b/2a = 1$  so :  $y_1(t) = e^{rt} \quad y_2(t) = te^{rt}$  2 independent solns

a) General soln:

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t + C_2 t e^t$$

$$y'(t) = C_1 e^t + C_2 e^t + C_2 t e^t$$

b.) Unique soln. with  $y(0) = 1 = C_1 + C_2 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_1 = 1 \\ C_2 = -1 \end{array} \right.$

$$y'(0) = 0 = C_1 + C_2$$

$$y(t) = e^t - t e^t = (1-t)e^t$$

2. (3 points). Complex algebra:

- a. Compute the product:  $(2 - 3i)(4 + i)$   
 b. Find  $|z|$ , when  $z = 2 + 3i$   
 c. If  $z = 1 - i$ , find the complex conjugate  $\bar{z}$ .

a.  $(2 - 3i)(4 + i) = 8 - 12i + 2i + 3(-i)(i) = \boxed{11 - 10i}$

b.  $|z| = \sqrt{2^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{13}$ .

c.  $\bar{z} = 1 + i$ .