

**MA/PHY506 Fall 2018**  
**Problem Set 9**  
**DUE: 3 December 2018**

1. Show that the delta function satisfies the following identity. Let  $g$  be a differentiable function with exactly one zero in  $[a, b]$  at  $x_0$  and so that  $g'(x_0) \neq 0$ . Then for any nice test function  $f$ :

$$\int_a^b f(x) \delta[g(x)] dx = \frac{f(x_0)}{|g'(x_0)|}.$$

First assume  $g(a) < g(b)$  and then show the other case follows by changing the order of the endpoints.

2. Compute the Fourier transform of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ Ae^{-\alpha x} & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

for nonzero constants  $A$  and  $\alpha > 0$ .

3. Derivative of a delta function. For a test function  $f$  in one dimension, formally show that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta'(x - x_0) f(x) dx = -f'(x_0).$$

4. Compute the Fourier transform of the  $1s$  state of the hydrogen atom:

$$\psi(x) = C_0 e^{-\alpha \|x\|},$$

for  $x \in R^3$  and where  $C_0$  and  $\alpha > 0$  are positive constants. It is convenient to use the integration method:

$$\int e^{-\alpha r} r^2 dr = \frac{d^2}{d\alpha^2} \int e^{-\alpha r} dr,$$

and problem 2.