

# MA162: Finite mathematics

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## SCHEDULE:

- HW 3.1 is due Friday, Sep 30th, 2011.
- Exam 1 is Today, Sep 26th, 5:00pm-7:00pm in CB106.

Today we will cover the Ch 1 part of the practice exam

## Travelling salesman

- A courier travels from city Ashton with coordinates  $(0, 0)$  to city Cranston with coordinates  $(125, 135)$ . He must pass through **exactly one of the cities** Brady with coordinates  $(72, 45)$  or Dalton  $(45, 72)$  along the way. Assume he travels a straight line between cities.
- Which city should he pass through (Brady or Dalton) in order to minimize his trip distance from Ashton to Cranston?
- What is the total minimum length of his trip from Ashton to Cranston, taking into account the stop in the city from part (a)?

## Triangles and slope

- Point A has coordinates  $(7, 3)$ , and point B has coordinates  $(0, 5)$ .
- What is the distance from A to B and what is the slope of the line joining A to B?
- Suppose that the point C with coordinates  $(x, 9)$  is such that the triangle ABC is a right triangle with right angle at B. Determine the value of  $x$ . (Note: The coordinates of A and B were given at the top of the problem.)

## Cost-Revenue-Profit

- The Flörgerstrøm company makes valve cleaning units for flügelhorns. The cost function for their manufacturing line is  $C = 2x + 3500$ , where  $x$  is the number of VCUs produced per month and  $C$  is measured in dollars. The company expects \$7 in revenue per unit.
- Determine the linear profit function for the Flörgerstrøm company in the usual form  $P = mx + b$ , assuming they can sell all the units they manufacture.
- Determine the break-even value for  $x$  and the break-even cost  $C$  at that value for  $x$ .

# Supply-demand

- In a free market, the supply equation for a supplier of corn is  $x = 35p + 200$  where the price  $p$  is in dollars and  $x$  is in bushels. When the price is \$4 per bushel the demand is 1170 bushels. When the price goes up to \$18 per bushel the demand drops to 0 bushels. Assuming that the demand equation is also linear, find the equilibrium price and the number of bushels supplied at that equilibrium price.