

MA162: Finite mathematics

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October 5, 2011

SCHEDULE:

- HW 3.2-3.3 is due Friday, Oct 7th, 2011.
- HW 4.1-4.2 is due Friday, Oct 13th, 2011.
- Exam 2 is Monday, Oct 17th, 2011, in CB106.

Today we will cover 3.3: Graphical method of solving (and finish 3.2)

Exam 2: Overview

- 50% Ch. 3, Linear optimization with 2 variables
 - ① Graphing linear inequalities
 - ② Setting up linear programming problems
 - ③ Method of corners to find optimum values of linear objectives
- 50% Ch. 4, Linear optimization with millions of variables
 - ① Slack variables give us flexibility in RREF
 - ② Some RREFs are better (business decisions) than others
 - ③ Simplex algorithm to find the best one using row ops
 - ④ Accountants and entrepreneurs are two sides of the same coin

3.3: Linear programming problems

- An LPP has three parts:
 - The variables (the business decision to be made)
 - The inequalities (the laws, constraints, rules, and regulations)
 - The objective (maximize profit, minimize cost)
- If there are only two variables, they are easy to solve!
- Both the maximum and minimum will occur on a corner.

3.3: Example 1 from Monday

- **Variables:**

X = the number of water bottles to make each day

Y = the number of OSARPs to make each day

- **Constraints:**

$$26X + 62Y \leq 300 \quad (\text{3D printer time})$$

$$60X + 30Y \leq 240 \quad (\text{KnitBot time})$$

$$20X + 40Y \leq 240 \quad (\text{Human time})$$

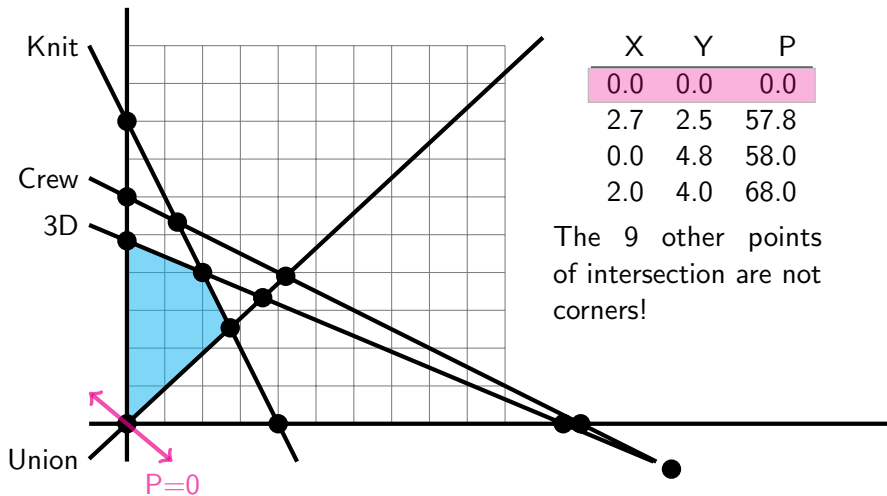
$$26X - 28Y \leq 0 \quad (\text{Union req.})$$

and $X \geq 0$, $Y \geq 0$

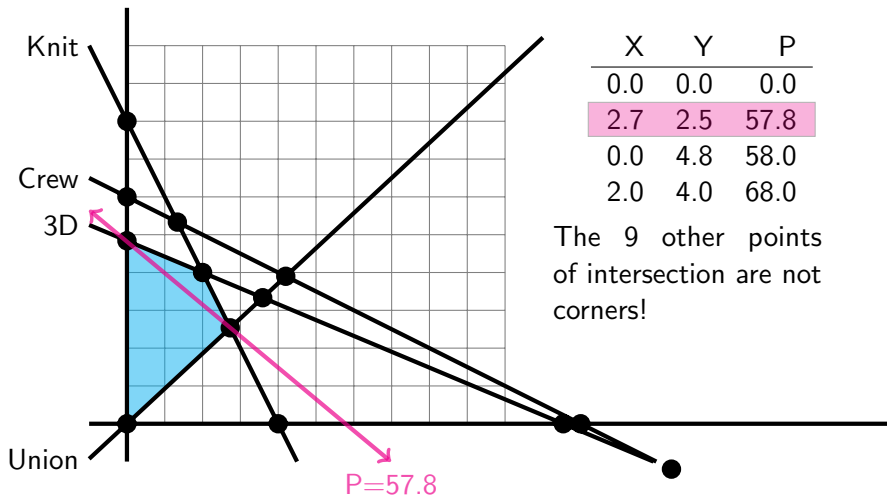
- **Objective:**

Maximize the profit $P = 10X + 12Y$

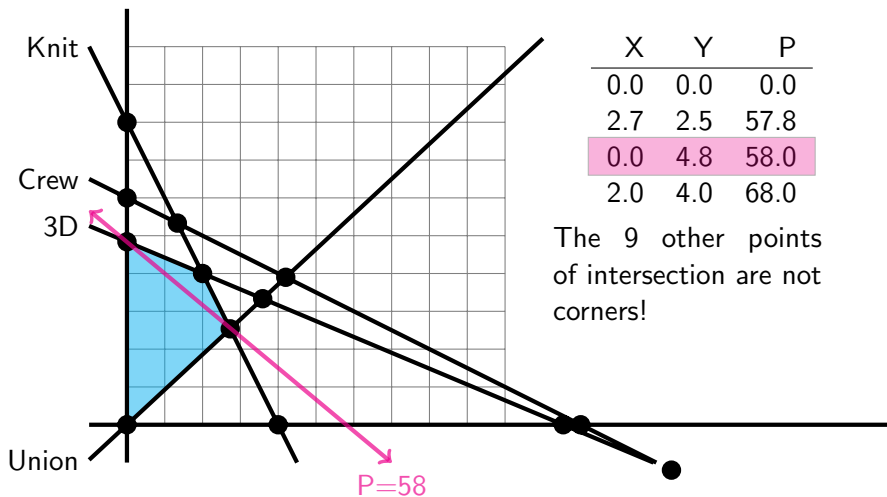
3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



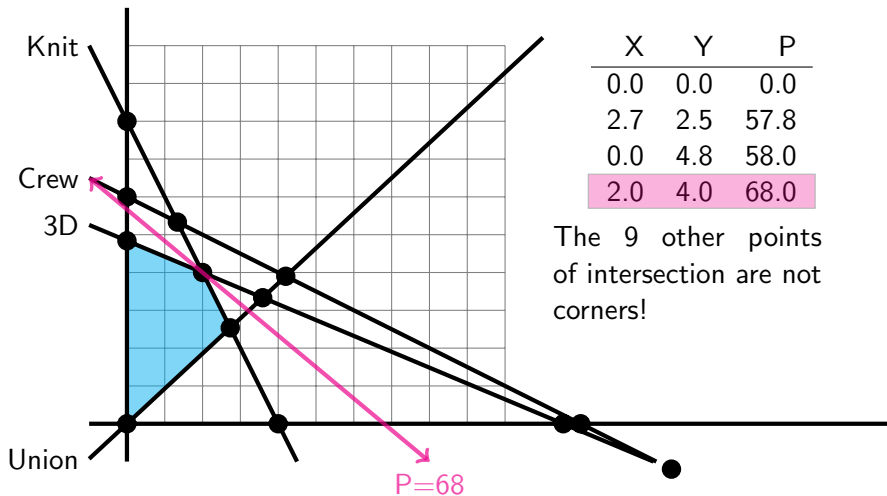
3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



3.2: Example 2 from Monday

- **Variables:**

X = number of pills of brand A

Y = number of pills of brand B

- **Constraints:**

$$40X + 10Y \geq 2400 \quad (\text{Iron})$$

$$10X + 15Y \geq 2100 \quad (\text{B1})$$

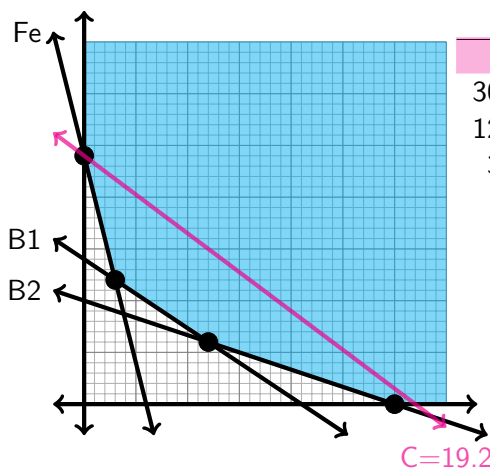
$$5X + 15Y \geq 1500 \quad (\text{B2})$$

and $X \geq 0, Y \geq 0$

- **Objective:**

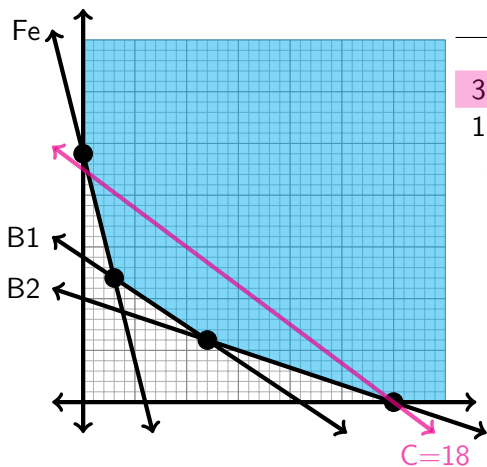
Minimize cost $C = 0.06X + 0.08Y$

3.3: Example 2 graphed



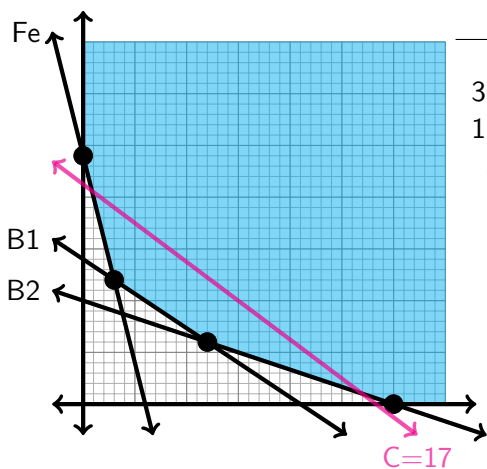
X	Y	C
0	240	\$19.20
300	0	\$18.00
120	60	\$12.00
30	120	\$11.40

3.3: Example 2 graphed



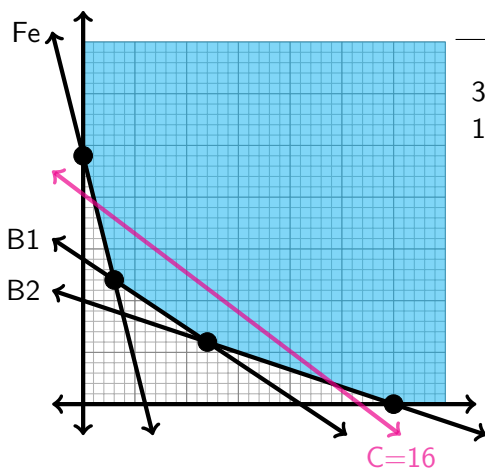
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3.3: Example 2 graphed



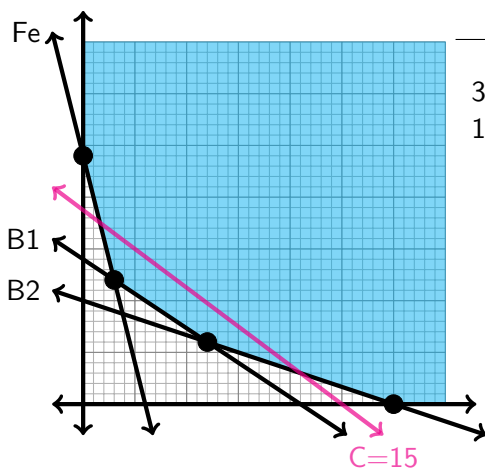
X	Y	C
0	240	\$19.20
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3.3: Example 2 graphed



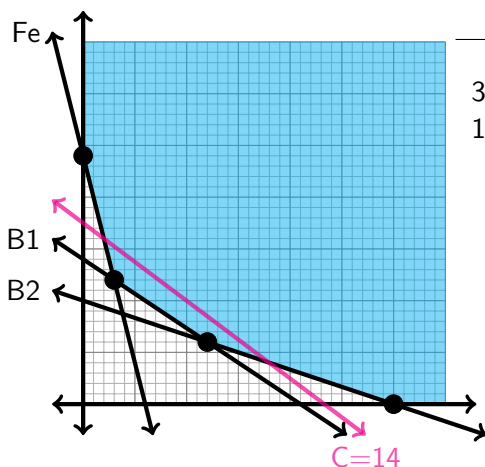
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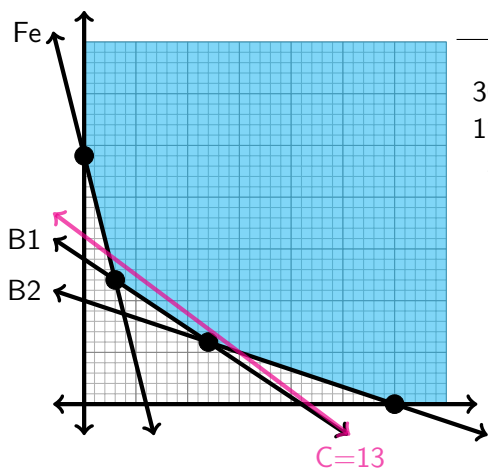
X	Y	C
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3.3: Example 2 graphed



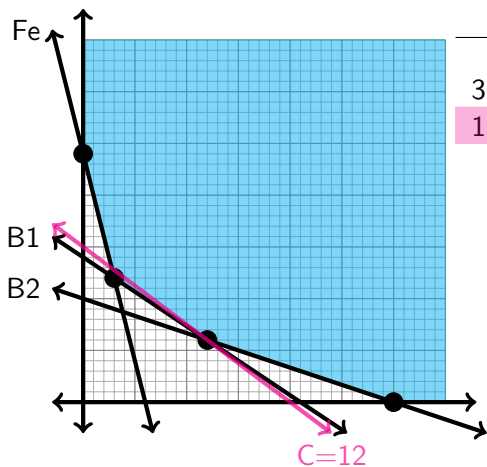
X	Y	C
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3.3: Example 2 graphed



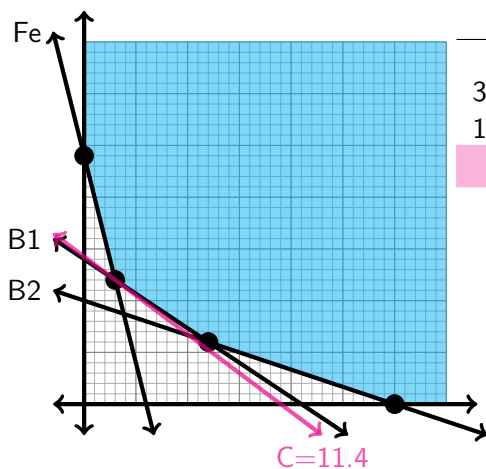
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3.3: Example 2 graphed



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3.3: Example 2 graphed



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Example 3 from Monday

- **Variables:**

X = Number of engines from P1 to A1

Y = Number of engines from P1 to A2

$80 - X$ = Number of engines from P2 to A1 (the rest of A1's demand)

$70 - Y$ = Number of engines from P2 to A2 (the rest of A2's demand)

- **Constraints:**

$$X + Y \leq 100 \quad (\text{P1 max production})$$

$$X + Y \geq 40 \quad (\text{P2 max production})$$

$$X \leq 80 \quad (\text{sanity, A1 max demand})$$

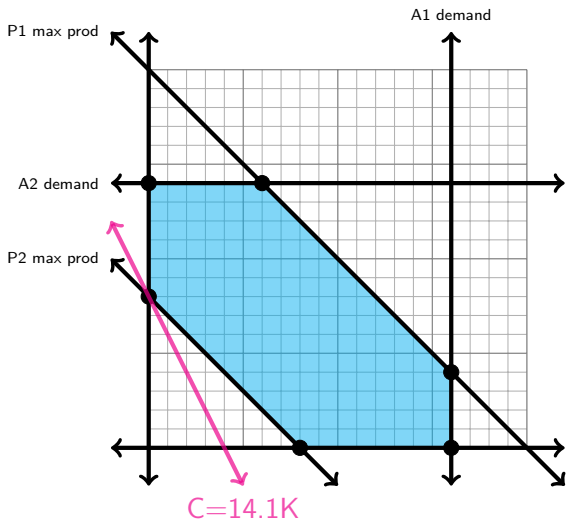
$$Y \leq 70 \quad (\text{sanity, A2 max demand})$$

and $X \geq 0, Y \geq 0$

- **Objective:**

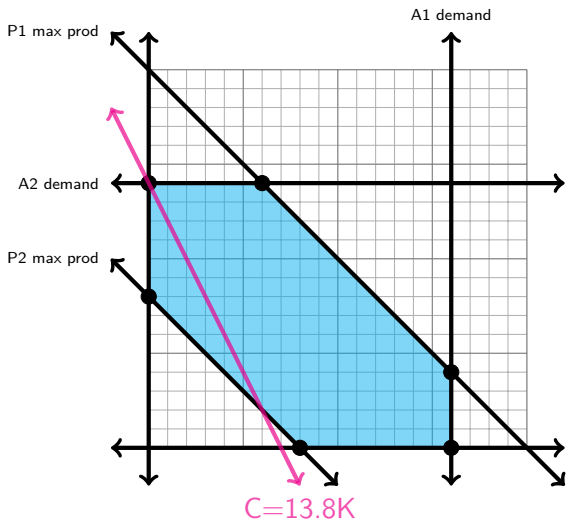
minimize shipping cost $C = 14500 - 20X - 10Y$

Example 3 graphed



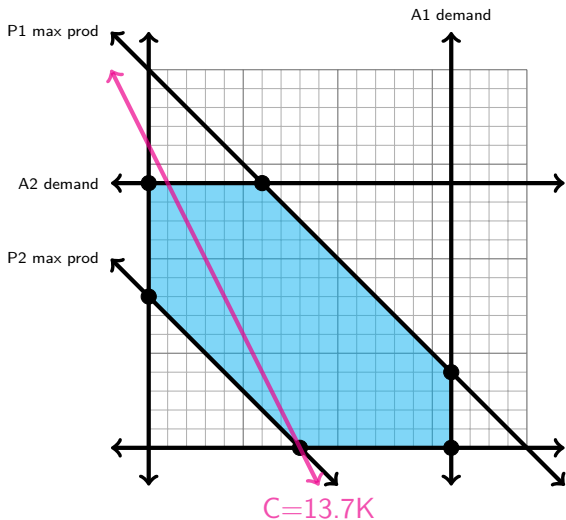
X	Y	C
0	40	\$14.1K
0	70	\$13.8K
40	0	\$13.7K
30	70	\$13.2K
80	0	\$12.9K
80	20	\$12.7K

Example 3 graphed



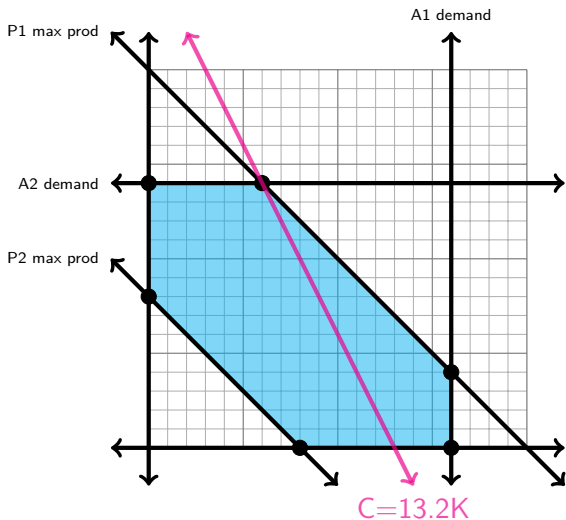
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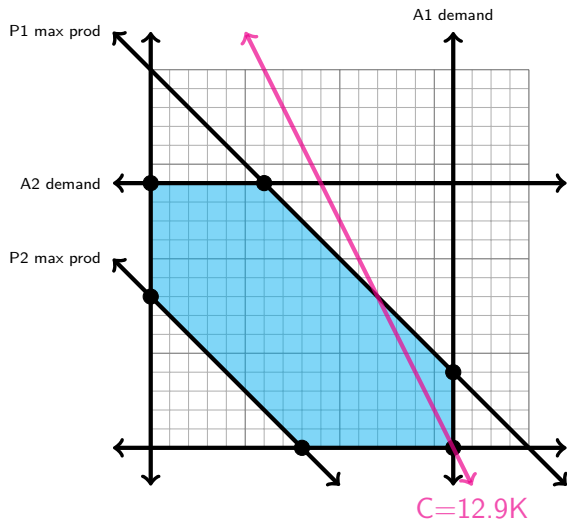
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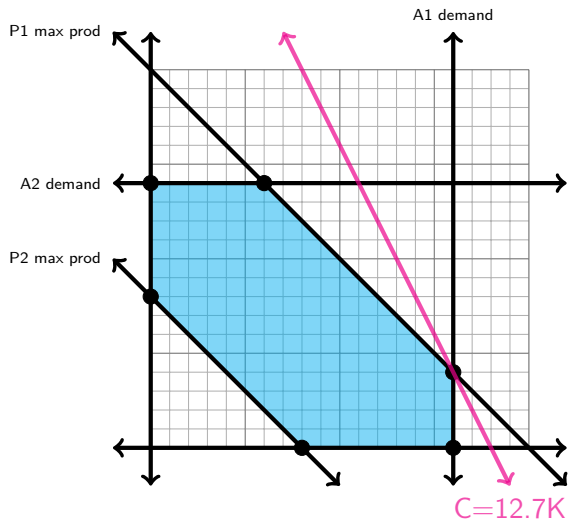
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Example 3 graphed



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Example 3 graphed



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