

## MA 201

1. Convert the following fractions to decimals. Note that the prime power representations of each denominator contain only 2's and/or 5's.

(a)  $\frac{7}{40}$

(b)  $\frac{11}{8}$

(c)  $\frac{23}{25}$

2. Classify each decimal according to the following categories

- terminating decimal or nonterminating decimals
- repeating decimal or non-repeating decimal

(a) 123.123

(b) 45.4545

(c) 0.101001000100001...

(d) 0.10101010...

(e) 0.9999...

(f)  $5.\overline{67}$

(g) 67.1243636

3. Convert the following decimals to fractions, if possible.

(a) 123.123

(b) 45.4545

(c) 0.101001000100001...

(d) 0.10101010...

(e) 0.9999...

(f)  $5.\overline{67}$

(g)  $5.\overline{675}$

(h)  $5.\overline{67234}$

(i) 67.1243636

4. Objective number 48 should say:  
Know that every terminating decimal is a rational number, that is, every terminating decimal can be expressed as a fraction.  
You need to remove the word “repeating”
5. Know that every nonterminating, repeating decimal is a rational number, that is, every non-terminating, repeating decimal can be expressed as a fraction.
6. Know that every nonterminating, non-repeating decimal is a NOT rational number, that is, every nonterminating, non-repeating decimal CANNOT be expressed as a fraction.
7. Show that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.
8. Show that  $3\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.
9. Show that  $5 + \sqrt{2}$  is irrational.
10. Know that there are infinitely many irrational numbers.
11. Know that every position on the number line represents a real number and every real number is represented by a position on the number line.
12. Know that there are positions on the number line which do not represent rational numbers.