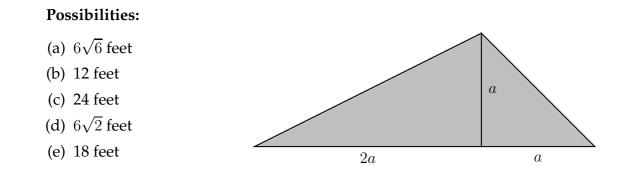
MA 109 — College Algebra	Spring 2011	Name:	Sec.:
EXAM 1 - REVIEW	1 0		

- 1. Which expression is equal to  $x^2 + 12x + 31$ ? **HINT:** Complete the square. **Possibilities:** 
  - (a)  $(x+6)^2 5$ (b)  $(x+6)^2$ (c)  $(x+12)^2$ (d)  $(x+12)^2 + 31$
  - (e)  $(x+6)^2+5$
- 2. The area of the shaded region is 216 square feet. Find *a*.



- 3. Which of the following ALWAYS produces an equivalent equation? **Possibilities:** 
  - (a) Multiplying both sides of an equation by 9.
  - (b) Dividing both sides of the equation by x.
  - (c) Squaring both sides of an equation.
  - (d) Multiplying both sides of an equation by x + 9.
  - (e) Taking the absolute value of both sides of an equation.

4. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$\sqrt{x+2} = x+5.$$

5. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$(x+2)^4 + 10 = -6$$

6. Solve the equation for a.

$$-7x - 49 = 2 + a.$$

- 7. Find the slope of the line through the points (-1, 4) and (11, -6).
- 8. The endpoints of a diameter of a circle are A(8, -9) and B(-5, 7). Find the center of the circle. **Possibilities:** 
  - (a)  $(0, 5\sqrt{17})$
  - **(b)** (13/2, −8)
  - (c) (-13/2, 8)
  - (d)  $(5\sqrt{17}, 0)$
  - (e) (3/2, -1)
- 9. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$x^3 + 5 = 13$$

10. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$\frac{x-6}{4} = -9.$$

11. Find all real solutions.

$$x^3 + 12x^2 + 25x + 200 = 4x^2$$

# **Possibilities:**

(a) 
$$x = -8$$
  
(b)  $x = 5$  and  $x = 8$   
(c)  $x = 5$  and  $x = -5$   
(d)  $x = 8$   
(e)  $x = 5, x = -5$ , and  $-x = 8$ 

12. How many solutions are there for each equation?

**(I)** 
$$(x-2)^3 = 3$$
 **(II)**  $(x+5)^2 = 1$ 

#### **Possibilities:**

- (a) Equation (I) has 3 solutions, and equation (II) has 2 solutions.
- (b) Equation (I) has no solutions, and equation (II) has no solutions.
- (c) Equation (I) has 3 solutions, and equation (II) has 1 solution.
- (d) Equation (I) has 1 solution, and equation (II) has 2 solutions.
- (e) Equation (I) has 1 solution, and equation (II) has no solutions.
- 13. Find the perimeter of the parallelogram ABCD with vertices A(1, 4), B(18, 4), C(21, 8), and D(4, 8). **Possibilities:** 
  - (a) 44 units
  - (b) 34 units
  - (c) 68 units
  - (d) 42 units
  - (e) 378 units
- 14. A circle has a diameter with endpoints (16,2) and (4,-8). Find an equation for the circle.Possibilities:
  - (a)  $(x-10)^2 + (y+3)^2 = \sqrt{61}$ (b)  $(x-6)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 61$ (c)  $(x+10)^2 - (y-3)^2 = 61$ (d)  $(x-6)^2 + (y-5)^2 = \sqrt{61}$ (e)  $(x-10)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 61$

15. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$-4x + 16 = -5x + 3.$$

16. Find the *y*-intercept of the graph of  $y = 2x^7 - 493x^5 + 969$ .

17. Solve the equation for a.

P = 4a + 5b.

18. Find all the solutions of the equation.

|x+4| = 8

### **Possibilities:**

- (a) The only solution is x = 4.
- (b) There are exactly two solutions: x = 4 and x = -4.
- (c) The only solution is x = -12.
- (d) There are exactly two solutions: x = 4 and x = -12.
- (e) The equation does not have any solutions.
- 19. Find the area of the triangle with vertices A(-2,3), B(15,3), and C(3,6).

# **Possibilities:**

- (a) 51 square units
- (b) 54 square units
- (c) 51/2 square units
- (d)  $17 + 3\sqrt{17} + \sqrt{34}$  square units
- (e) 90 square units

20. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$x^2 + 18x + 63 = 2x.$$

21. **TRUE or FALSE:** The line through the points (1, 1) and (4, -5) is perpendicular to the line through the points (-9, -1) and (-15, -4).

- 22. Find an equation for the line through the points (-2, 2) and (7, 11). Possibilities:
  - (a)  $y-2 = -\frac{9}{9}(x-2)$ (b)  $y-2 = \frac{9}{9}(x+2)$ (c)  $y+2 = \frac{9}{9}(x-2)$ (d)  $y-11 = -\frac{9}{9}(x-7)$ (e)  $y-7 = \frac{9}{9}(x-11)$
- 23. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$x^4 - 10x^2 + 9 = 0.$$

24. Simplify.

(5x+6)(2x-5) - 16x - 56

# **Possibilities:**

- (a)  $10x^2 13x 22$ (b) 17x + 3(c)  $10x^2 - 29x - 86$ (d) 10x - 38(e)  $10x^2 - 29x + 26$
- 25. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$x^2 + 3x - 20 = 8.$$

26. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$\frac{2}{x+8} + \frac{5}{x-9} = \frac{3}{x^2 - x - 72}.$$

27. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$x^3 + x + 1 = x + 28.$$

28. Solve.

$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{7}{x-8} = 0$$

## **Possibilities:**

- (a) -8/5
- (b) -16/5
- (c) 8/9
- (d) 56/9
- (e) 16/9
- 29. Which of the following equations are linear equations?

(I) 
$$y = \frac{7}{x+2}$$
 (II)  $y - 3 = 9(x-2)$  (III)  $y = \pi x - 2$ 

### **Possibilities:**

- (a) Only equation (II) is linear.
- (b) None of the equations are linear.
- (c) Only equations (I) and (II) are linear
- (d) All of the equations are linear.
- (e) Only equations (II) and (III) are linear

30. The distance from *x* to 6 is 4. Which of the following equations represents this fact? **Possibilities:** 

- (a) |x-6| = 4
- (b) |x+6| = 4
- (c) |x+4| = 6
- (d) |x-4| = 6
- (e) |x| = 10
- 31. Find all real solutions or state that there are NONE.

$$(x-1)^2 - 6x = (x-7)^2 + 3$$

32. Find all real solutions.

$$x^3 + 6x^2 + x - 6 = 2x$$

#### **Possibilities:**

(a) x = 1 and x = 6
(b) x = 1 and x = -6
(c) x = -6
(d) x = 1, x = -1, and x = -6
(e) x = 1, x = -1, and x = 6

33. Find an equation for the line that is perpendicular to  $y = \frac{5}{6}x + 6$  and contains the point (0,12).

34. How many solutions does the equation have?

$$-3x^2 + 12x = -3$$

35. Find all real solutions.

 $x = 2x^2$ 

#### **Possibilities:**

(a) 
$$x = 0$$
 and  $x = \frac{1}{2}$   
(b)  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$   
(c)  $x = 0$   
(d)  $x = \frac{1}{2}$   
(e)  $x = 2$ 

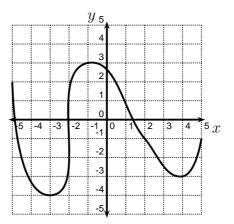
36. Find all the solutions of the equation.

$$|2x + 18| + 1 = 11$$

#### **Possibilities:**

- (a) There are exactly two solutions: x = -4 and x = 4.
- (b) The only solution is x = -4.
- (c) The only solution is x = -14.
- (d) There are exactly two solutions: x = -4 and x = -14.
- (e) The equation does not have any solutions.

37. In the picture below, the graph of an equation involving *x* and *y* is shown. Find the true statement.



### **Possibilities:**

- (a) (-3, -4) is a solution to the equation.
- (b) (4,5) is a solution to the equation.
- (c) (2, -1) is a NOT solution to the equation.
- (d) (-3, -4) is a NOT solution to the equation.
- (e) (-4, -3) is a solution to the equation.