

Worksheet # 2: Functions, Logarithms, and Intro to Limits

- Let $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$. Find $(f \circ g)(x)$ and $(g \circ f)(x)$ and specify their domains.
- Consider the function $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{x^2 + 3}}$. Find functions $g(x)$ and $h(x)$ so that $f(x)$ can be written as $f(x) = (g \circ h)(x)$.
- Suppose the graph of $g(x)$ is given by the equation $g(x) = f(2x - 5) + 7$. In terms of standard transformations describe how to obtain the graph of $g(x)$ from the graph of $f(x)$.
- Find the domain and range of the following functions.
 - $f(x) = 15$
 - $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 1}$
- Compute each of the following logarithms exactly. Do not use a calculator.
 - $\log_3(1/27)$
 - $\log_2(6) - \log_2(15) + \log_2(20)$
 - $\log_{10}(\log_{10}(\log_{10}(10^{10^{100}})))$
- Solve the following equations for x :
 - $10^{2x+1} - 7 = 0$
 - $\log_2(x) + \log_2(x - 1) = 1$
- Sketch the graphs of the following functions using your knowledge of basic functions and transformations. Then sketch the tangent line to the curve at the specified point.
 - $f(x) = -|x| + 3$, $x = -1$
 - $f(x) = (x - 2)^3 - 1$, $x = 2$
- A particle is moving along a straight line so that its position at time t seconds is given by $s(t) = 4t^2 - t$.
 - Find the average velocity of the particle over the time interval $[1, 2]$.
 - Determine the average velocity of the particle over the time interval $[2, t]$ where $t > 2$. Simplify your answer. [Hint: Factor the numerator.]
 - Based on your answer in (b) can you guess a value for the instantaneous velocity of the particle at $t = 2$?
- Let $s(t)$ be the function which describes the position of a particle traveling along the y -axis. Suppose the point $(15, 6)$ is on the graph $y = s(t)$ (in the t - y plane) and the tangent line at this point is given by $y = 6$. At time $t = 15$, determine the particle's position and instantaneous velocity.
- The point $P(3, 1)$ lies on the curve $y = \sqrt{x - 2}$.
 - If Q is the point $(x, \sqrt{x - 2})$, find a formula for the slope of the secant line PQ .
 - Using your formula from part (a) and a calculator, find the slope of the secant line PQ for the following values of x (do not round until you get to the final answer):
2.9, 2.99, 2.999, 3.1, 3.01, and 3.001
TI-8x Calculator Tip: Enter the formula under "y=" and then use "Table".
 - Using the results of part (b), guess the value of the slope of the tangent line to the curve at $P(3, 1)$.
 - Using the slope from part (c), find the equation of the tangent line to the curve at $P(3, 1)$.
- True or False:

- (a) The graph of every function will pass the vertical line test.
- (b) $f \circ g(x) = g \circ f(x)$.
- (c) There is a function whose graph is an oval.
- (d) $\log_3(3^x) = x$ for all x .