Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer all questions and show your work. Unsupported answers may receive *no credit*. You may not use a calculator on this quiz. Allow 15 minutes for the quiz.

1. Consider a semicircular lamina Q described by

$$Q = \{(x,y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \le 4, \ y \ge 0, \ -2 \le x \le 2\}$$

with density  $\rho = 3$  units of mass per unit of area.

(a) (2 points) Use geometry to find the total mass m of the lamina.

**Solution:** Since the area of Q is  $2\pi$ , the total mass is  $m = 6\pi$ .

(b) (2 points) Compute the moment  $M_x$  of the lamina about the x-axis.

Solution: We have

$$M_x = \frac{3}{2} \int_{-2}^{2} (\sqrt{4 - x^2})^2 dx = \frac{3}{2} \int_{-2}^{2} (4 - x^2) dx = \frac{3}{2} \left[ 4x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{x=-2}^{x=2} = 16.$$

(c) (2 points) Find the center of mass of the lamina.

**Solution:** Clearly  $M_y = 0$  by symmetry. Thus the center of mass is

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = \left(\frac{M_y}{m}, \frac{M_x}{m}\right) = \left(0, \frac{16}{6\pi}\right) = \left(0, \frac{8}{3\pi}\right).$$

2. (4 points) Consider the curve C with parametric equations

$$x = t^2$$
,  $y = t^3 - 3t + 4$ .

Is the point (4,2) on the curve C? If the answer is no, explain why. If the answer is yes, find t.

**Solution:** Equating the x-coordinates, we have  $t^2 = 4$ , i.e.  $t = \pm 2$ . For t = 2,  $t^3 - 3t + 4 = 6 \neq 2$ . For t = -2, we have  $t^3 - 3t + 4 = 2$ . Thus the point (4, 2) is on the curve C and it corresponds to t = -2.