

MA 213 Worksheet #13

Section 14.6

10/9/18

- 1 Find the directional derivative of f at the given point in the direction indicated by the angle θ .

14.6.5 $f(x, y) = \sqrt{2x + 3y}$, $(3, 1)$, $\theta = -\pi/6$

- 2 (a) Find the gradient of f . (b) Evaluate the gradient at the point P . (c) Find the rate of change of f at P in the direction of the vector \mathbf{u} .

14.6.10 $f(x, y, z) = y^2 e^{xyz}$, $P(0, 1, -1)$, $\mathbf{u} = \langle \frac{3}{13}, \frac{4}{13}, \frac{12}{13} \rangle$

- 3 Find the directional derivative of the function at the given point in the direction of vector \mathbf{v} .

14.6.13 $g(s, t) = s\sqrt{t}$, $(2, 4)$, $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$

14.6.15 $f(x, y, z) = xy^2 \tan^{-1} z$, $(2, 1, 1)$, $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$

- 4 Find the maximum rate of change of f at the given point and the direction in which it occurs.

14.6.22 $f(x, y) = \sin(xy)$, $(1, 0)$

14.6.23 $f(x, y, z) = x \ln(yz)$, $(1, 2, \frac{1}{2})$

- 5 14.6.33 Suppose that over a certain region of space the electrical potential V is given by $V(x, y, z) = 5x^2 - 3xy + xyz$.

(a) Find the rate of change of the potential at $P(3, 4, 5)$ in the direction of the vector $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$.

(b) In which direction does V change most rapidly at P ?

(c) What is the maximum rate of change at P ?

- 6 Find equations of (a) the tangent plane and (b) the normal line to the given surface at the specific point.

14.6.42 $x = y^2 + z^2 + 1$, $(3, 1, -1)$

14.6.44 $xy + yz + zx = 5$, $(1, 2, 1)$

- 7 14.6.40 The **second directional derivative** of $f(x, y)$ is

$$D_{\mathbf{u}}^2 f(x, y) = D_{\mathbf{u}}[D_{\mathbf{u}} f(x, y)].$$

(a) If $\mathbf{u} = \langle a, b \rangle$ is a unit vector and f has continuous second derivatives, show that

$$D_{\mathbf{u}}^2 f = f_{xx}a^2 + 2f_{xy}ab + f_{yy}b^2$$

(b) Find the second directional derivative of $f(x, y) = xe^{2y}$ in the direction of $\mathbf{v} = \langle 4, 6 \rangle$.