Name:	Section and/or TA:

- 1. (4 points) Consider the points P(0, 2, 1), Q(1, 5, 3), R(3, 1, 1).
  - (a) (3 points) Find an equation for the plane passing through P, Q and R. Write the equation in the form
    - x + by + cz = d.

**Solution:** We have

$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle 1, 3, 2 \rangle, \quad \overrightarrow{PR} = \langle 3, -1, 0 \rangle$$

and

$$\overrightarrow{PQ} \times \overrightarrow{PR} = \langle 2, 6, -10 \rangle$$

Thus the equation for the plane passing through *P*, *Q* and *R* can be written as

x + 3y - 5z = d.

To find *d*, substitute the coordinates of *P* (or *Q*, or *R*). This gives d = 1 and the equation of the plane is

$$x + 3y - 5z = 1.$$

(b) (1 point) Find an equation for the plane parallel to plane in part (a) and passing through *S*(1, 1, 1).

**Solution:** Since the planes are parallel, we can keep the same left-hand side. For the right-hand side, substitute the coordinates of *S*. This gives the equarion

$$x + 3y - 5z = -1.$$