## Quiz 1

Name: $\qquad$ Section and/or TA: $\qquad$
Answer all questions in a clear and concise manner. Unsupported answers will receive no credit.

1. (2 points) Let $\mathbf{u}=\langle 1,4,-2\rangle$ and $\mathbf{v}=\langle 2,3,7\rangle$. Find $\mathbf{u}+\mathbf{v}$.

Solution: $\mathbf{u}+\mathbf{v}=\langle 1+2,4+3,-2+7\rangle=\langle 3,7,5\rangle$
2. (3 points) Let $\mathbf{u}=\langle 1,4,-2\rangle$ and $\mathbf{v}=\langle 2,3,7\rangle$. Determine if $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$ are orthogonal.

Solution: $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}=(1)(2)+(4)(3)+(-2)(7)=2+12-14=0$. Hence $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$ are orthogonal.

