

# MA 162: Finite Mathematics - Section 4.2

Fall 2014

Ray Kremer

University of Kentucky

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Announcements:

- Homework 4.1b due Tuesday at 6pm.
- Final Simplex Homework due Friday at 6pm.

# The Simplex Algorithm

- 1 Setup the initial simplex tableau.
- 2 Determine whether the optimal solution has been reached by examining all entries in the last row to the left of the vertical line.
  - If all entries are non-negative, the optimal solution has been reached. Proceed to Step 4.
  - If there are one or more negative entries, the optimal solution has not been reached. Proceed to Step 3.
- 3 Perform the pivot operation. Locate the pivot element and convert that column to a unit column. Return to Step 2.
- 4 Determine the optimal solution(s). Non-basic variables get set to zero and the other variables can be read off the final table.

## 4.1 - Standard Maximization Problems

A **standard maximization problem** is one in which

- The objective function is to be maximized.
- All of the variables involved in the problem are non-negative.
- All other linear constraints may be written so that the expression involving the variables is less than or equal to a non-negative constant.

## Tan, Section 4.1, #37

Justin has decided to invest up to \$60000 in medium-risk and high-risk stocks. The medium-risk stocks should make up at least 40% of the total investment, while the high-risk stocks should make up at least 20% of the total investment. He expects the medium-risk stocks will appreciate by 12% and the high-risk stocks will appreciate by 20% within a year. How much money should Justin invest in each type of stock to maximize the value of his investment?

## 4.2 - Minimization Problems with $\leq$ Constraints

A **minimization problem with  $\leq$  constraints** is one in which

- The objective function,  $C$ , is to be minimized.
- All of the variables involved in the problem are non-negative.
- All other linear constraints may be written so that the expression involving the variables is less than or equal to a non-negative constant.

To minimize  $C$ , the objective function, we will maximize  $-C$ .

# Tan, Section 4.2, #5

Minimize  $C = 2x - 3y - 4z$  subject to

$$-x + 2y - z \leq 8$$

$$x - 2y + 2z \leq 10$$

$$2x + 4y - 3z \leq 12$$

and  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0$ .

# Another Minimization Problem

Minimize  $C = 2x + 3y + z$  subject to

$$x + 3y - z \leq 18$$

$$x - 2y + z \leq 11$$

$$4x + 2y - 3z \leq 25$$

and  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0$ .