

## MA 162 Quiz 1 Thursday 4<sup>th</sup> September 2014

The quantity demanded of a certain brand of tablet computer is 3000 per week when the unit price is \$485. For each decrease in unit price of \$20 below \$485, the quantity demanded increases by 250 units. The suppliers will not market any tablet device if the unit price is \$300 or below. But at a unit price of \$525, they are willing to make available 2500 units in the market. The supply equation is also known to be linear.

For the following let  $x$  denote the quantity of tablet devices and let  $p$  denote the unit price of the tablet device.

a) Find the demand equation

The demand curve is linear i.e. the equation for the demand is a straight line. To determine the equation of a line you need either two points or a point and a slope. First we'll identify two points on the demand curve. The first is (3000, 485). Since "each decrease in unit price of \$20 below \$485, the quantity demanded increases by 250 units" our next point is (3250, 465). The slope is given by

$$m = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta x} = \frac{485 - 465}{3000 - 3250} = -\frac{20}{250} = -.08$$

Using the point slope form for the equation of a line

$$p - p_0 = m(x - x_0)$$
$$\boxed{p - 485 = -.08(x - 3000)} \quad \implies \quad \boxed{p = -.08x + 725}$$

b) Find the supply equation

We'll follow the same procedure as a). We're explicitly told that "at a unit price of \$525, they are willing to make available 2500 units in the market." This corresponds to the point (2500, 525). The suppliers will not market any tablet device if the unit price is \$300 or below" means that a single product wont be made until the unit price is at least \$300. Graphically this corresponds to the point(0,300). The slope is given by

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{525 - 300}{2500 - 0} = \frac{9}{100} = .09$$

Using the point slope form for the equation of a line

$$p - p_0 = m(x - x_0)$$
$$\boxed{p - 300 = \frac{9}{100}(x - 0)} \quad \implies \quad \boxed{p = \frac{9}{100}x + 300}$$

c) Find the equilibrium quantity and price

To find the equilibrium quantity, simply set the demand curve equal to the supply curve and solve for  $x$ .

$$-.08x + 725 = .09x + 300$$

$$425 = .17x$$

$$\boxed{x_{eq} = 2500}$$

To obtain the equilibrium price, simply evaluate the function at the equilibrium supply

$$\boxed{p_{eq} = p(x_{eq}) = 525}$$