

Quiz #2

Directions: Carefully read each question below and answer to the best of your ability in the space provided. Your answer to problem # 2 should be written in a clear and concise manner. You **MUST** show your work to receive full credit!

1. (5 points) Evaluate the following indefinite integral

$$\int (x^3(x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}}) dx$$

Solution: Let $u = x^4 + 1$, then $\frac{du}{dx} = 4x^3$ or $\frac{1}{4}du = x^3 dx$, then

$$\int (x^3(x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}}) dx = \int \frac{1}{4} u^{\frac{3}{4}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{\frac{7}{4}}}{\frac{7}{4}} + C = \frac{1}{7} u^{\frac{7}{4}} + C = \boxed{\frac{1}{7}(x^4 + 1)^{\frac{7}{4}} + C}$$

2. (5 points) Find $\int x^5 \ln(x) dx$ using integration by parts.

Solution: Set

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \ln(x) & dv &= x^5 dx \\ du &= \frac{1}{x} dx & v &= \frac{x^6}{6} \end{aligned} .$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5 \ln(x) dx &= uv - \int v du \\ &= \ln(x) \frac{x^6}{6} - \int \frac{x^6}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \\ &= \ln(x) \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \int x^5 dx \\ &= \ln(x) \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{x^6}{6} + C \\ &= \boxed{\ln(x) \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{x^6}{36} + C} \end{aligned}$$

Name: _____

Section (circle one): 001 002

Question:	1	2	Total
Points:	5	5	10
Score:			