Directions: Carefully read each question below and answer to the best of your ability in the space provided. Your answer to problems should be written in a clear and concise manner. You **MUST** show your work to receive full credit!

1. (3 points) Use the properties of limits to calculate the following limits:

Solution:

(a)
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,-2)} 3xy + y^2 = 3(1)(-2) + (-2)^2 = -6 + 4 = \boxed{-2}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(-1,1)} (4y^2 + 2x) (3xy - 5) = (4(1)^2 + 2(-1)) (3(-1)(1) - 5) = (2)(-8) = \boxed{-16}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,1)} \frac{2x^2+y}{2xy+3} = \frac{2(1)^2+1}{2(1)(1)+3} = \boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$$

2. (7 points) Compute the following limit, if it exists:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{3x^2y^2}{x^3+y^6}$$

Solution:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{3x^2y^2}{x^3+y^6} = \lim_{\substack{x\to0\\y=x}} \frac{3x^2x^2}{x^3+x^6} = \lim_{x\to0} \frac{3x^3x}{x^3(1+x^3)} = \lim_{x\to0} \frac{3x}{1+x^3} = 0$$

but

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{3x^2y^2}{x^3+y^6} = \lim_{\substack{x\to 0\\y=\sqrt{x}}} \frac{3x^2(\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3+(\sqrt{x})^6} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{3x^3}{2x^3} = \frac{3}{2}$$

Thus the limit doesn't exist.

Name:								
Section ((circle one)	:	001	002				

Question:	1	2	Total
Points:	3	7	10
Score:			

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