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1.2 Exponents and radicals

$m \in \mathbb{N}$ and $a \in \mathbb{R}$ then

Exponents

$$a^m = \underbrace{a \cdot a \cdot \dots \cdot a}_{m \text{ times}}$$

Laws :

- * $a^m \cdot a^n = \underbrace{a \cdot \dots \cdot a}_m \cdot \underbrace{a \cdot \dots \cdot a}_n = a^{m+n}$
- * $(a^m)^n = \underbrace{a^m \cdot \dots \cdot a^m}_n = a^{mn}$
- * $(ab)^n = \underbrace{(ab) \cdot (ab) \cdot \dots \cdot (ab)}_n = a^n b^n$
- * $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$
- * $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$ $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = \frac{1}{a^{n-m}}$
- * $\frac{a^{-m}}{b^{-n}} = \frac{b^n}{a^m}$ $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{-n} = \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^n$

n-th root

$n \in \mathbb{N} \quad n > 1 \quad a \in \mathbb{R}$

- * $a = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{a} = 0$
- * $a > 0 \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{a} = b > 0 \Leftrightarrow b^n = a$
- * $\begin{cases} a < 0 \text{ and } n \text{ odd} & \sqrt[n]{a} = b < 0 \Leftrightarrow b^n = a \\ a < 0 \text{ and } n \text{ even} & \sqrt[n]{a} \text{ does not belong to } \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$

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$\sqrt[n]{a}$ is called radical, $a = \text{radicand}$

$n = \text{index of the radical}$

Laws : $\left(\sqrt[n]{a}\right)^n = a$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^n} = a \quad \text{if } a \geq 0$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^n} = a \quad \text{if } a < 0 \text{ and } n \text{ odd}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^n} = |a| \quad \text{if } a < 0 \text{ and } n \text{ even}$$

$$* \sqrt[n]{ab} = \sqrt[n]{a} \sqrt[n]{b}$$

$$* \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}}$$

$$* \sqrt[m]{\sqrt[n]{a}} = \sqrt[mn]{a}$$

Finally :

$$\frac{m}{n} \in \mathbb{Q} \quad n > 1 \quad a \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{then}$$

$$* a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$$

$$* a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \left(\sqrt[n]{a}\right)^m = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$$

$$* a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \left(a^{\frac{1}{n}}\right)^m = \left(a^m\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

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Examples:

$$* \frac{2^0 + 0^2}{2+0} = \frac{1+0}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$* \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 - 2^{-4} = \frac{3^4}{2^4} - \frac{1}{2^4} = \frac{3^4 - 1}{2^4} = \frac{81-1}{16} \\ = \frac{80}{16} = 5$$

$$* \frac{(2x^2)^3}{4x^4} = \frac{2^3 \cdot (x^2)^3}{4x^4} = \frac{8 \cdot x^6}{4x^4} = 2x^2$$

$$* \left(\frac{4a^2b}{a^3b^2}\right) \left(\frac{5a^2b}{2b^4}\right) = \left(\frac{4}{ab}\right) \left(\frac{5a^2}{2b^3}\right) = \frac{10a}{b^4}$$

$$\text{or} = \frac{20a^4b^2}{2a^3b^6} = 10 \frac{a}{b^4}$$

$$* \left(\frac{c^{-4}}{16d^8}\right)^{3/4} = \left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{16c^4d^8}}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{1}{2cd^2}\right)^3 = \\ = \frac{1}{8c^3d^6} \quad \text{it's longer to do it} \quad \sqrt[4]{\left(\frac{1}{2cd^2}\right)^3}$$

$$* \sqrt{x^2+y^2} = (x^2+y^2)^{1/2}$$

$$* (4x)^{3/2} = \text{in radicals} = \left((2^2x)^3\right)^{1/2} = \\ = \sqrt{2^6 \cdot x^3} = 8 \cdot \sqrt{x^3} = 8\sqrt{x^2 \cdot x} = 8x\sqrt{x}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} &= \text{rationalize} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{2 \cdot 2^2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \sqrt{\frac{1}{3x^3y}} &= \text{rationalize} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^3y}} = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{3xy}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3xy}}{\sqrt{3xy}} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{3xy}}{x(3xy)} = \frac{\sqrt{3xy}}{3x^2y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^7y^{12}}{125x}} &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^6y^{12}}{125}} = x^{\bullet}y^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^2}{5^3}} \\
 &= xy^3 \frac{\sqrt[4]{x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{5^3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{5}}{\sqrt[4]{5}} = \frac{xy^3}{5} \sqrt[4]{5x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

assume
 x, y
 might
 be negative

$$* \quad \sqrt{x^4y^{10}} = x^2|y^5|$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt{a} &= \text{combine into one radical} \\
 &= a^{1/3} a^{1/2} = a^{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}} = a^{5/6} = \sqrt[6]{a^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

or

$$\sqrt[6]{a^2} \sqrt[6]{a^3} = \sqrt[6]{a^2a^3} = \sqrt[6]{a^5}$$