

# **SERIES**

October 02, 2006

1. Determine if each of the following sequences converges or diverges. Find the limit if requested.

(a)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$

(b) Verify that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a^n + b^n} = \max(a, b)$

(c)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n - \sqrt{n+a}\sqrt{n+b}$

(d)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sqrt{n} \sin(n^n)}{n+1}$

(e)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^n - b^n}{a^n + b^n}$

(f)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} nc^n, |c| < 1$

(g)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n^2}}{n!}$

(h)  $a_1 = \sqrt{2}$  and  $a_{n+1} = \sqrt{2a_n}$ . Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$

2. Decide whether each of the following infinite series is convergent or divergent. What test did you use?

(a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n\theta}{n^2}$

(c)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2 - 1}}$

(e)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\log n}{n}$

(g)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\log n)^k}, k < n$

(i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{(\log n)^n}$

(k)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{1}{n}$

(m)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\log n)^2}$

(o)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1+1/n}}$

(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\log n}{n}$

(d)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n!}$

(f)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\log n}$

(h)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\log n)^n}$

(j)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n^3 + 1}$

(l)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \log n}$

(n)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2(\log n)}$