

**Math 751 - Vector Bundles**  
**Worksheet 5**  
**Fall 2018**

1. Recall the group completion construction: if  $M$  is an abelian semigroup, we define

$$\tilde{M} = \mathbb{Z}\{M\} / \sim, \quad [m_1] + [m_2] \sim [m_1 + m_2].$$

Show that this satisfies the following universal property: any homomorphism from  $M$  to an abelian group  $A$  factors uniquely through  $\tilde{M}$ . In other words, show that

$$\widetilde{(-)} : \mathbf{AbSemGp} \longrightarrow \mathbf{AbGp}$$

is *left adjoint* to the inclusion  $\mathbf{AbGp} \hookrightarrow \mathbf{AbSemGp}$ .

2. Let  $M$  be an abelian semigroup. Let  $\widehat{M} := (M \times M) / \sim$ , where

$$(m_1, m_2) \sim (n_1, n_2) \quad \text{if} \quad m_1 + n_2 + k = n_1 + m_2 + k,$$

for some  $k \in M$ . The ordered pair  $(m_1, m_2)$  plays the role of  $m_1 - m_2$ . Show that  $\widehat{M} \cong \tilde{M}$ .

3. Show that if  $A$  is a semiring then  $\tilde{A}$  is a ring.

4. Compute  $KO(*)$  and  $KU(*)$ .

5. Consider the set  $\mathbf{Set}_{C_2}$  of (isomorphism classes) of finite  $C_2$ -sets. This is a semiring under disjoint union and cartesian product. Write  $A(C_2)$  for the group completion, which is known as the **Burnside ring** of  $C_2$ . Describe this ring explicitly (as a quotient of a polynomial ring, for example).