MA162: Finite mathematics

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University of Kentucky

February 23, 2011

Schedule:

- HW B2 is due Monday, Feb 28th, 2011.
- HW B3 is due Sunday, Mar 6th, 2011.
- Exam 2 is Monday, Mar 7th, 5:00pm-7:00pm.
- Alternate request form on MathClass.org due today

Today we will cover 3.3: Graphical method of solving LPP

Exam 2: Overview

- 35% Ch 2, Matrix arithmetic (HWB1):
  - Sizes, Addition, subtraction, multiplication by a number, matrix-matrix multiplication, matrix to a power
  - Matrix inverse (2×2 and 3×3); Solving system given inverse
- 30% Ch 3, Two-variable linear programs (HWB2):
  - Setting up a linear programming problem
  - **Solving using the graphical method**
- 35% Ch 4, Simplex algorithm (HWB3)

3.3: Linear programming problems

- An LPP has three parts:
  - The variables (the business decision to be made)
  - The inequalities (the laws, constraints, rules, and regulations)
  - The objective (maximize profit, minimize cost)
- If there are only two variables, they are easy to solve!
- Both the maximum and minimum will occur on a corner.

3.3: Example 1 from Monday

- **Variables**:
  X = the number of water bottles to make each day
  Y = the number of OSARPs to make each day

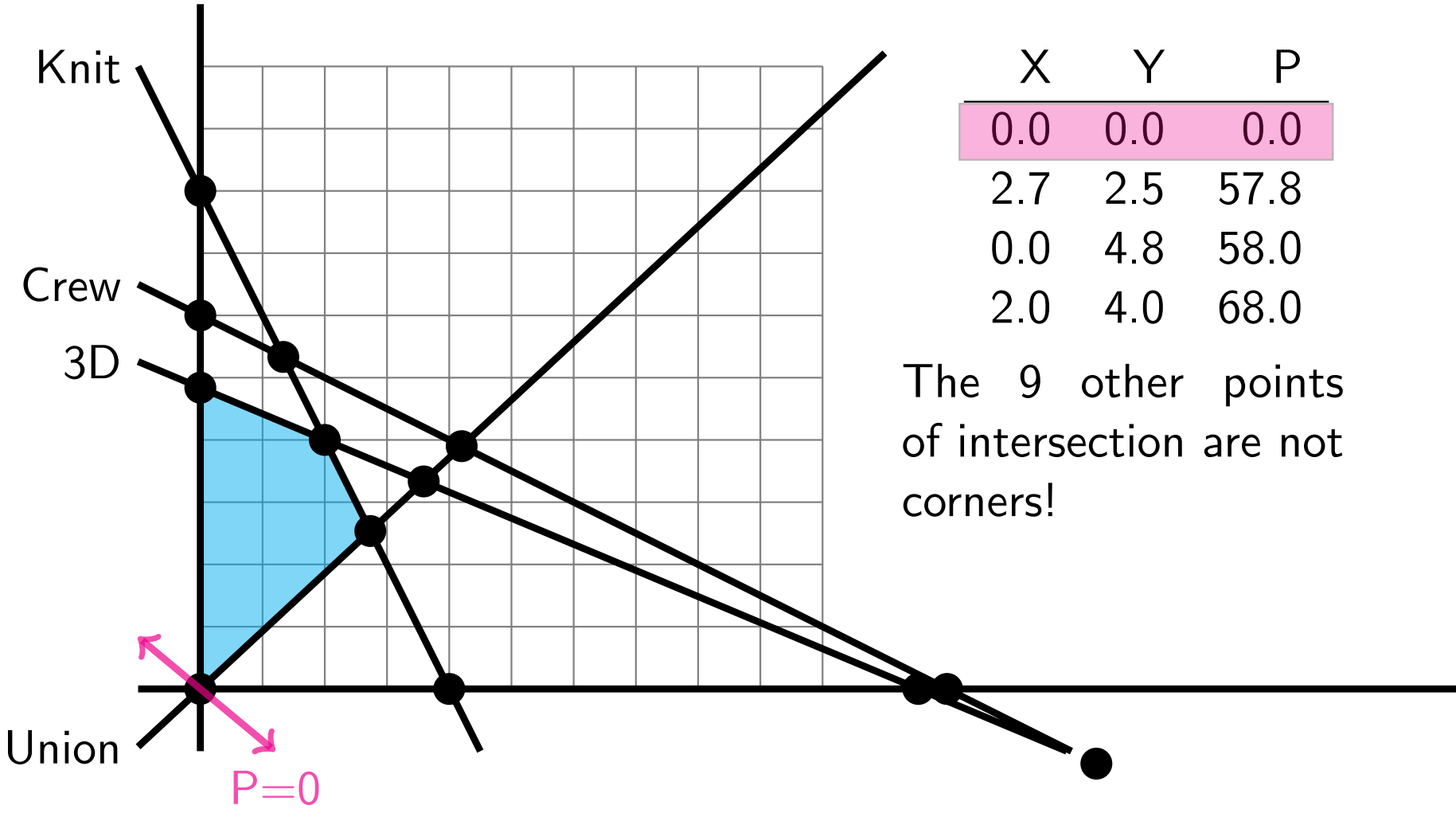
- **Constraints**:

$$\begin{aligned} 26X + 62Y &\leq 300 && \text{(3D printer time)} \\ 60X + 30Y &\leq 240 && \text{(KnitBot time)} \\ 20X + 40Y &\leq 240 && \text{(Human time)} \\ 26X - 28Y &\leq \quad 0 && \text{(Union req.)} \end{aligned}$$

  and $X \geq 0$, $Y \geq 0$

- **Objective**:
  Maximize the profit $P = 10X + 12Y$

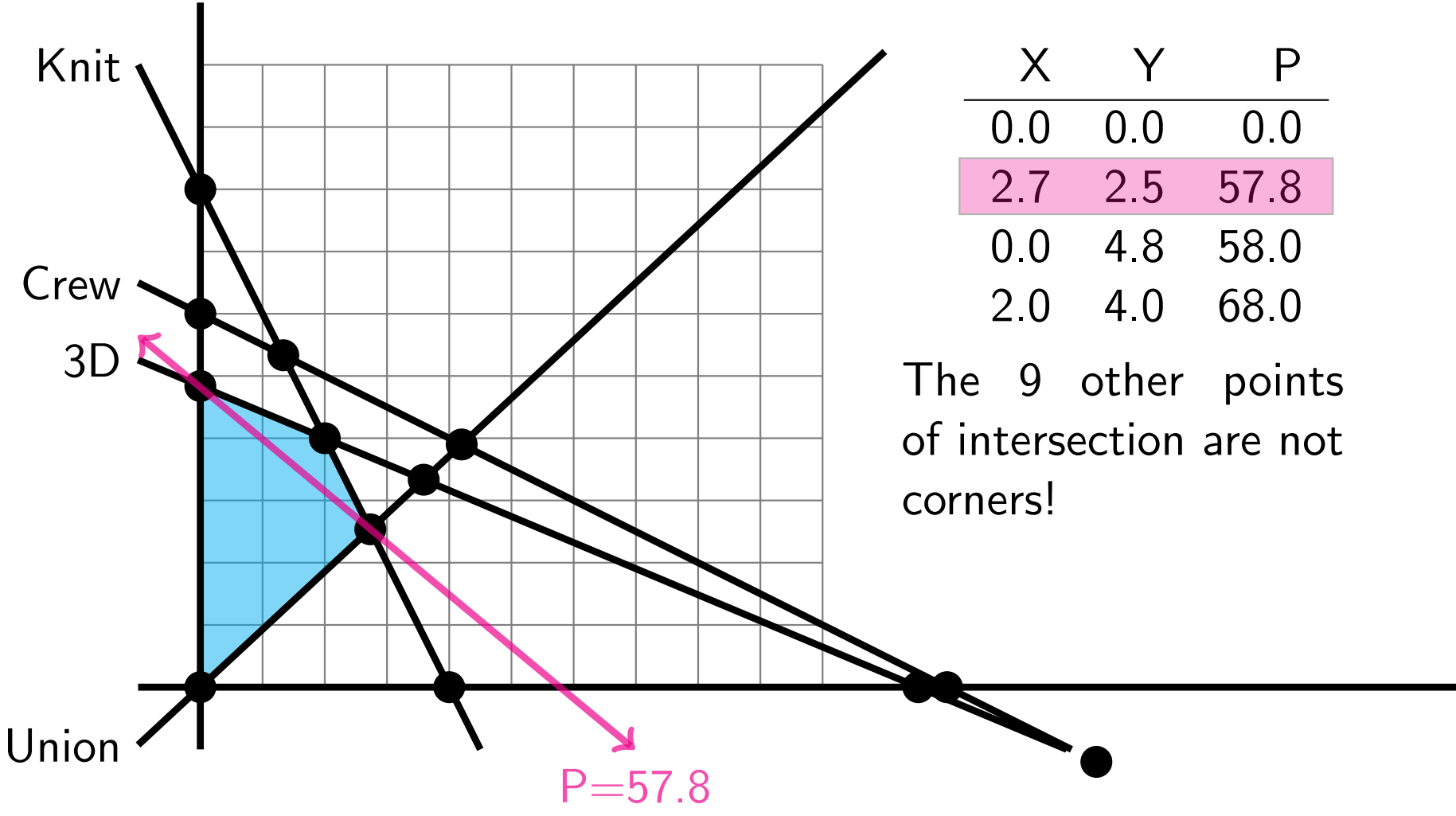
3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



X	Y	P
0.0	0.0	0.0
2.7	2.5	57.8
0.0	4.8	58.0
2.0	4.0	68.0

The 9 other points of intersection are not corners!

3.3: Graph the region like in 3.1



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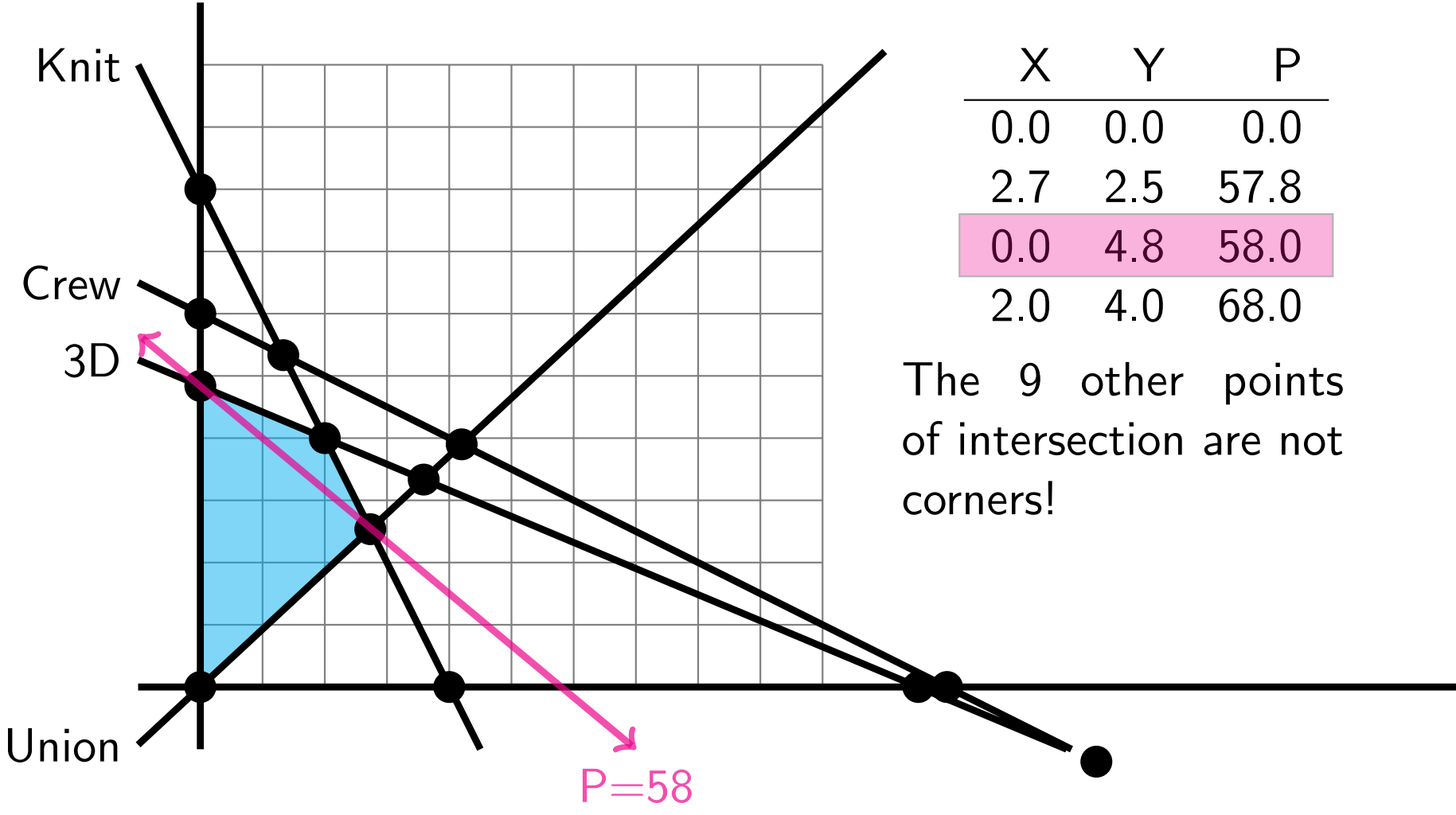

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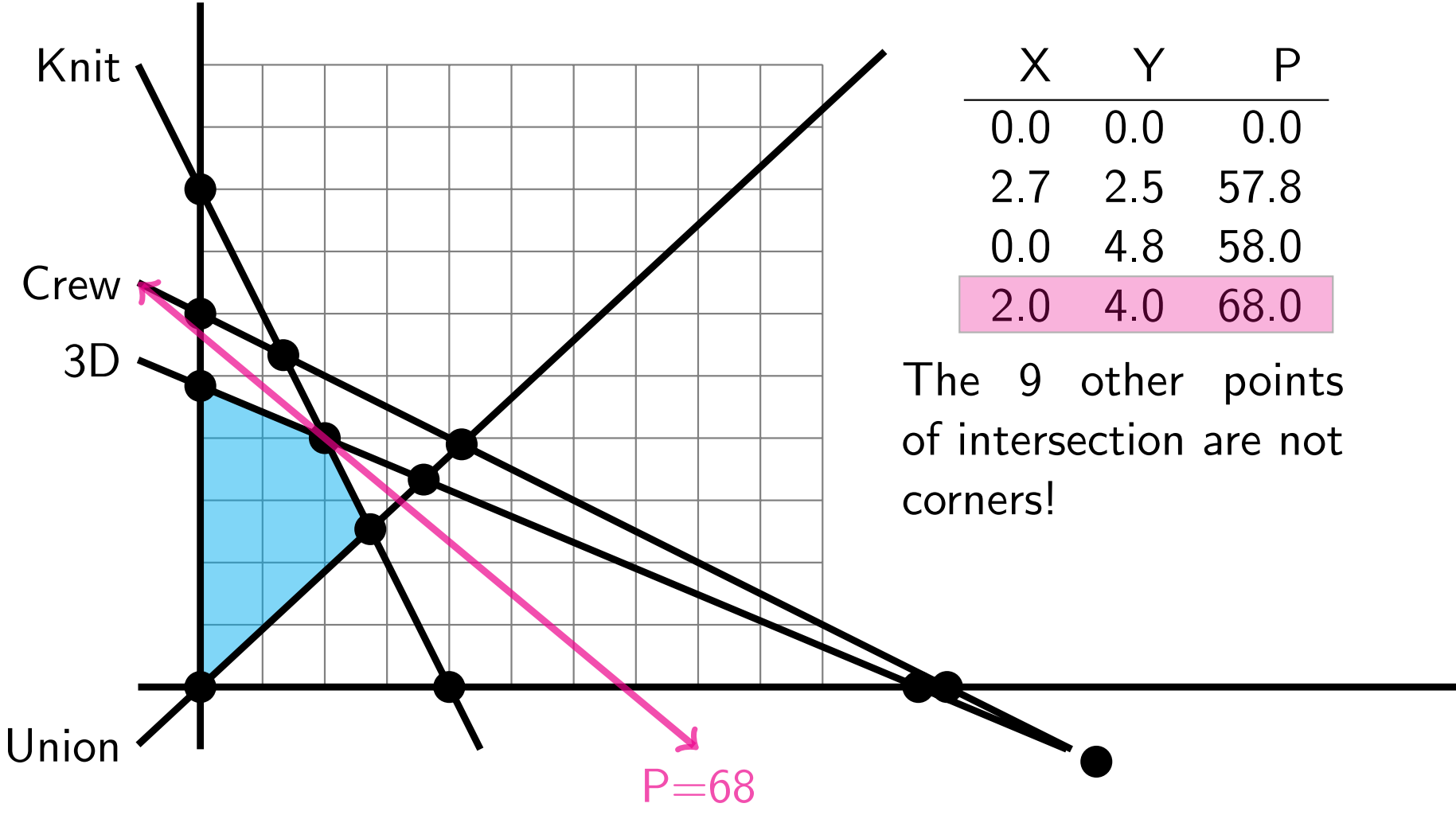

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3.2: Example 2 from Monday

- **Variables**:
  X = number of pills of brand A
  Y = number of pills of brand B

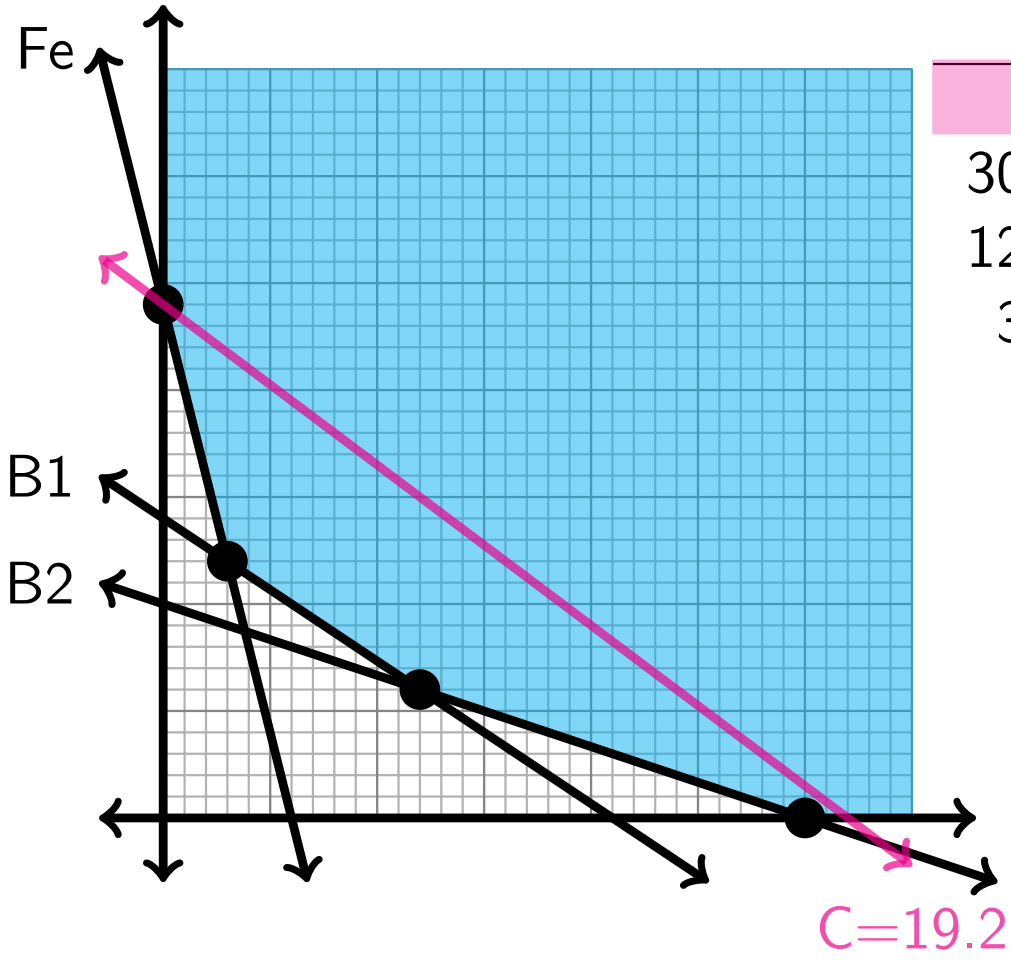
- **Constraints**:

$$\begin{aligned} 40X + 10Y &\geq 2400 \qquad \text{(Iron)} \\ 10X + 15Y &\geq 2100 \qquad \text{(B1)} \\ 5X + 15Y &\geq 1500 \qquad \text{(B2)} \end{aligned}$$

  and $X \geq 0,\ Y \geq 0$

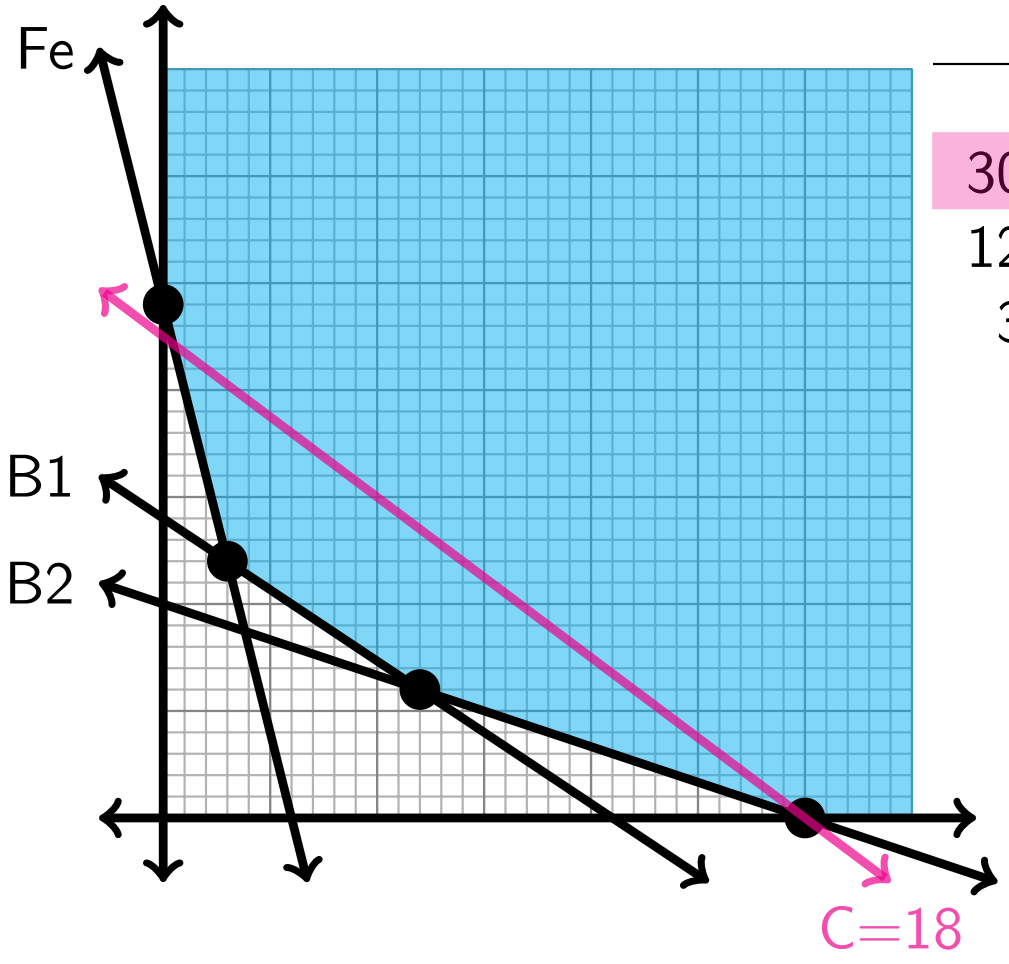
- **Objective**:
  Minimize cost $C = 0.06X + 0.08Y$

3.3: Example 2 graphed



X	Y	C
0	240	$19.20
300	0	$18.00
120	60	$12.00
30	120	$11.40

3.3: Example 2 graphed



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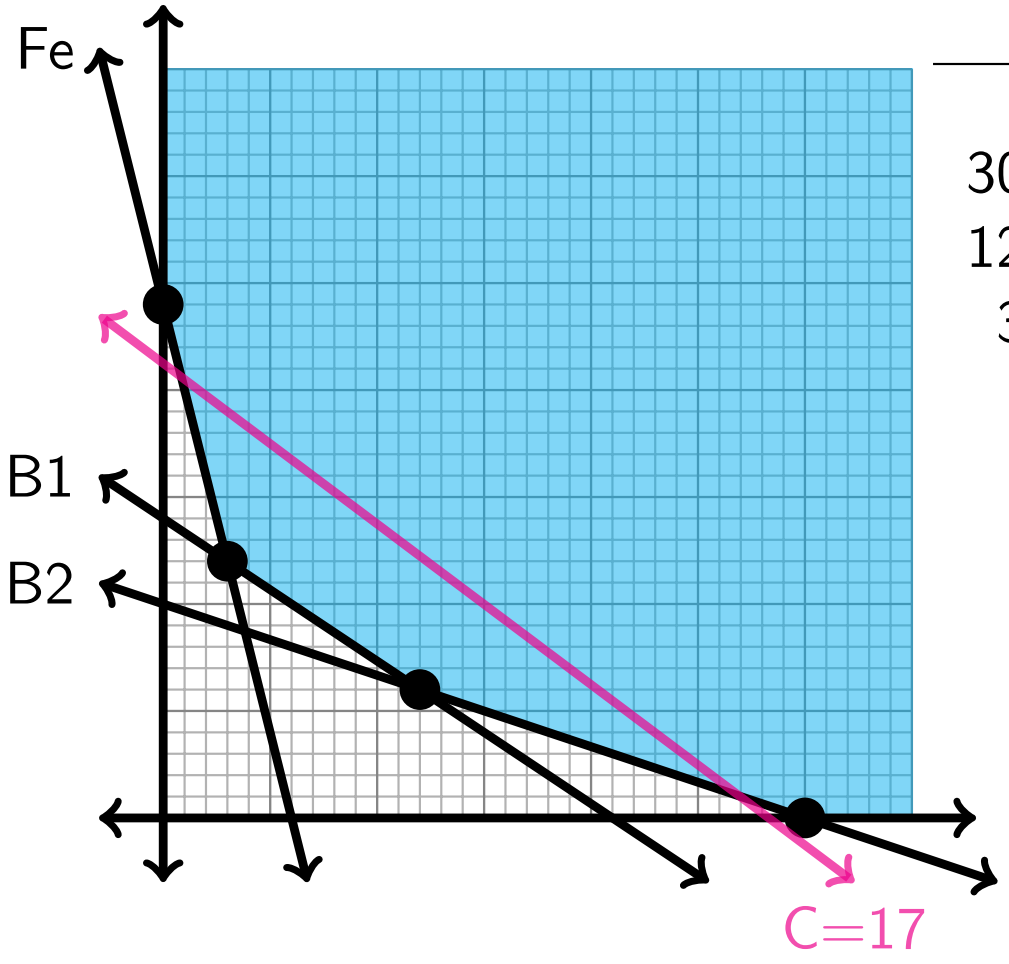

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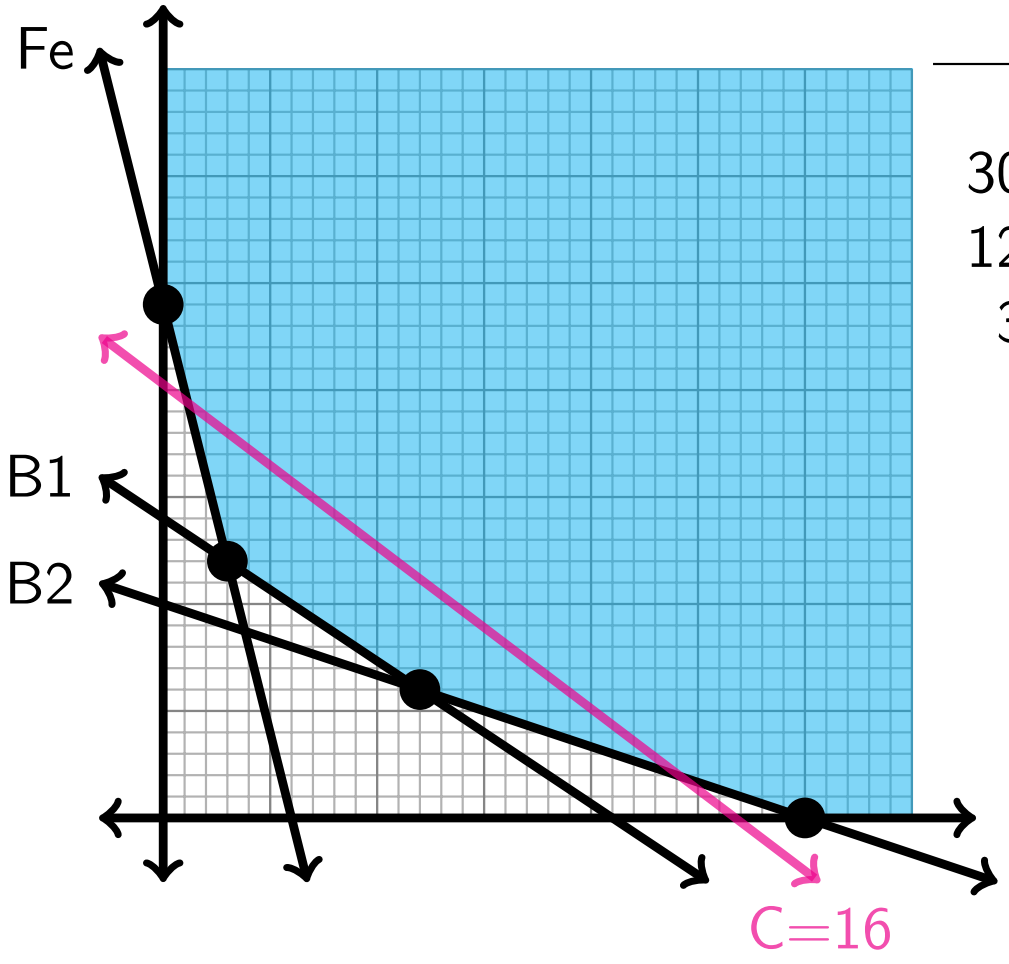

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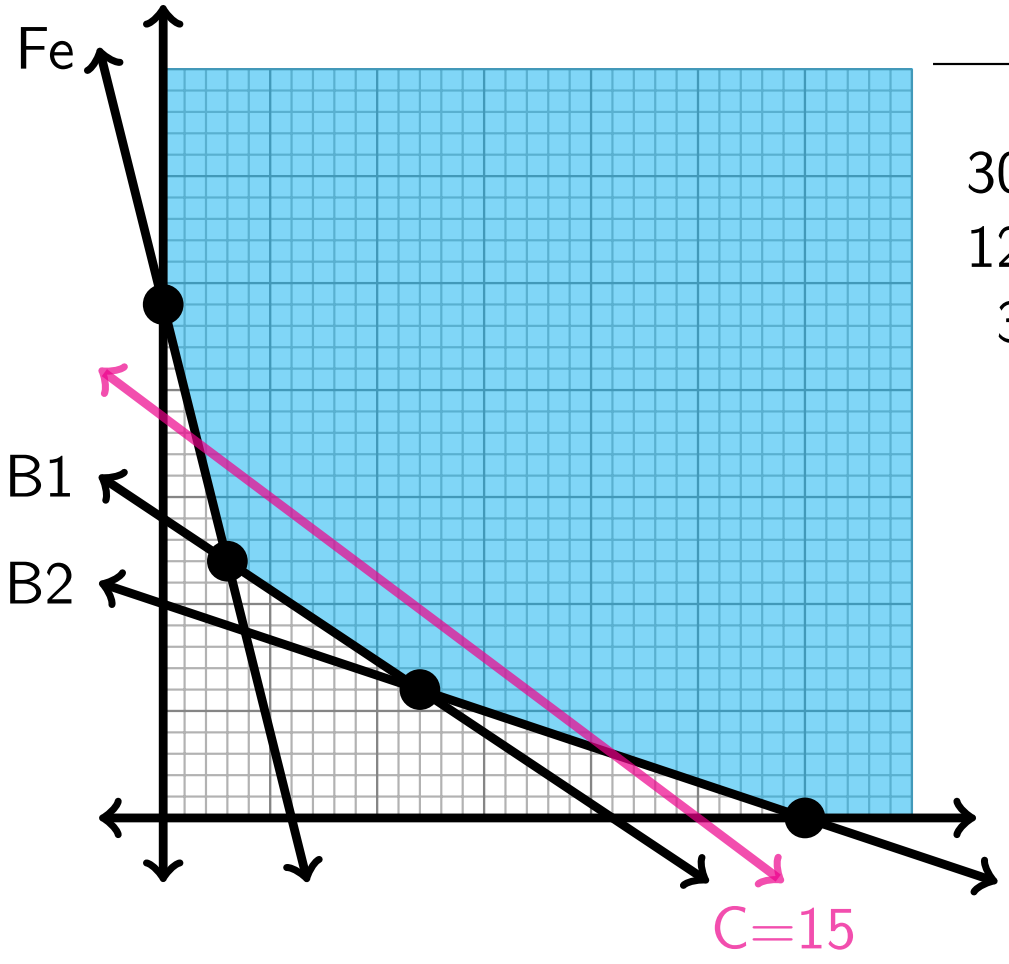

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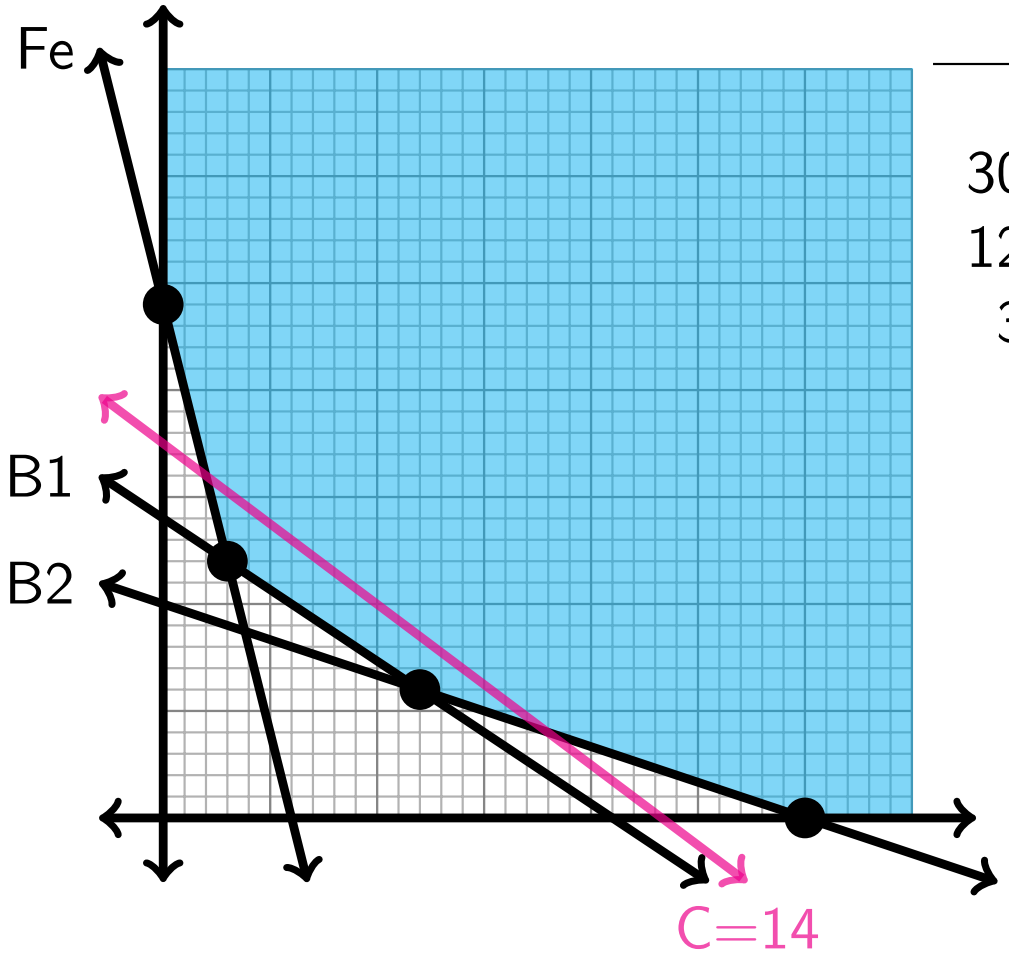

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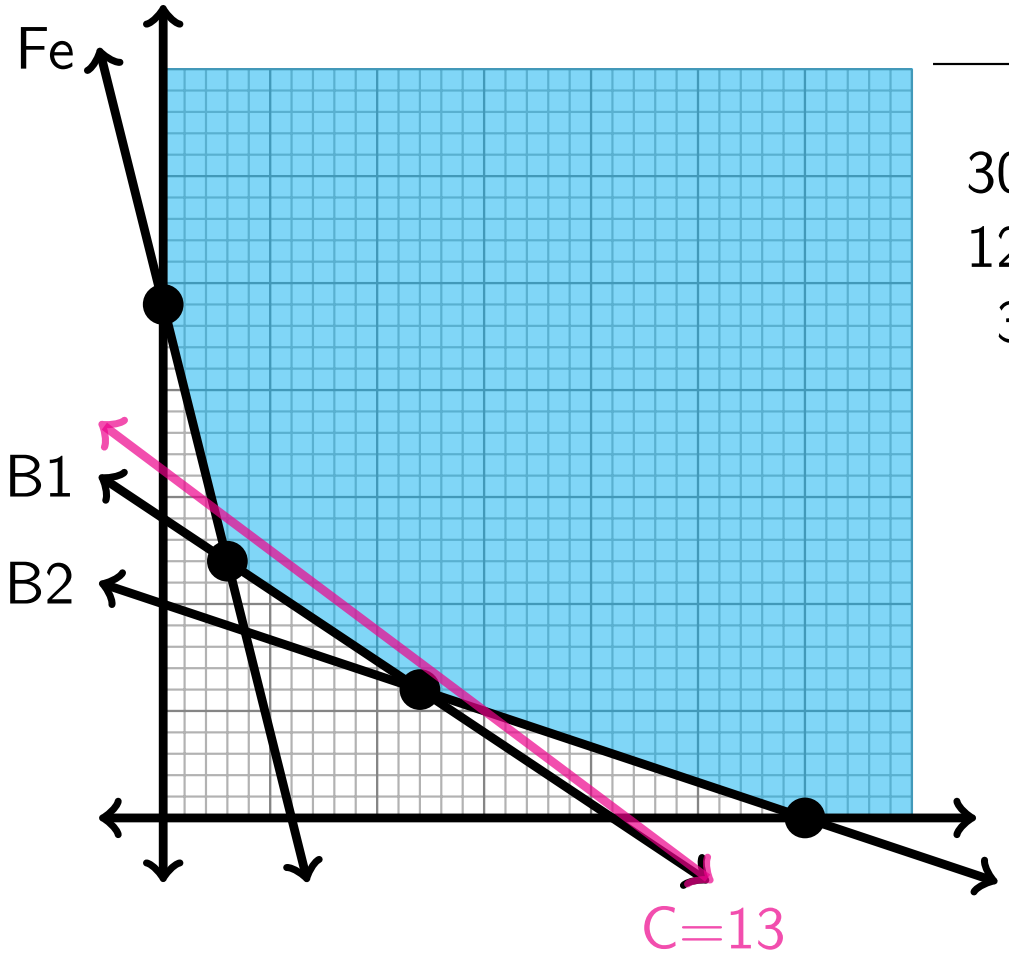

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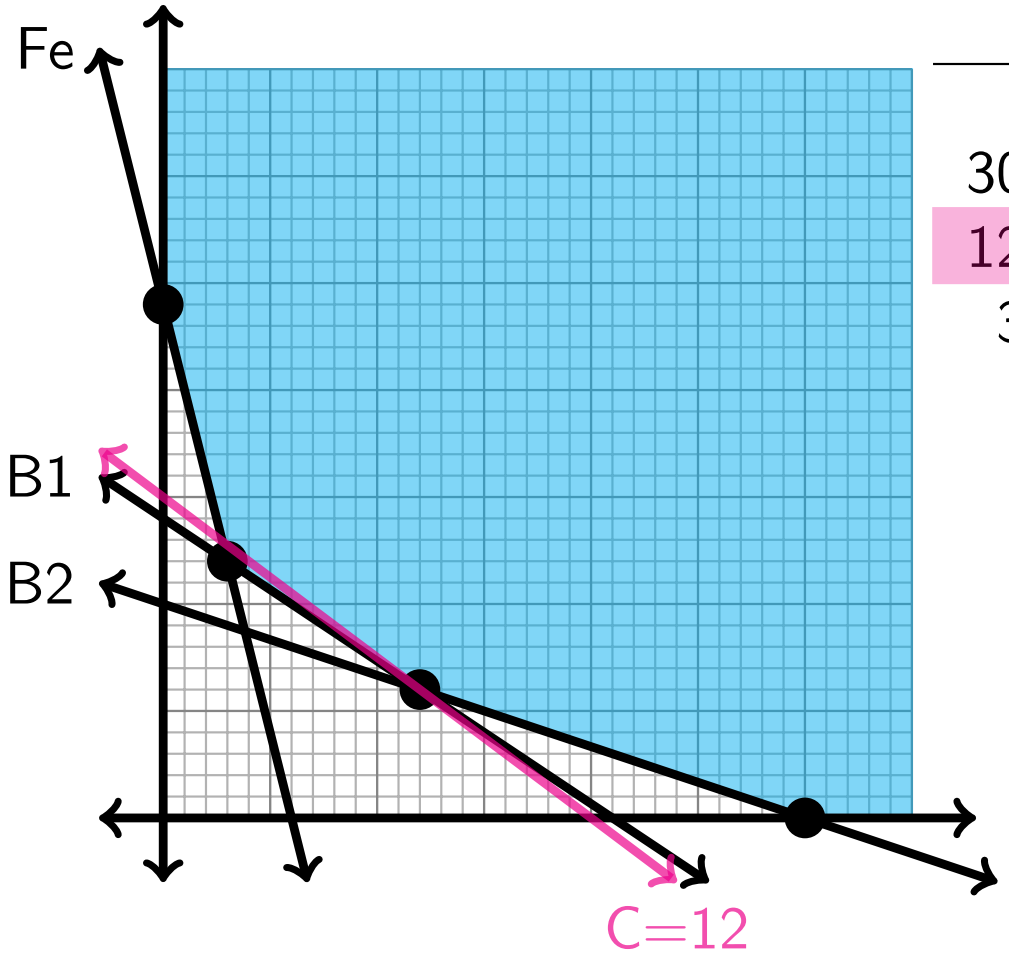

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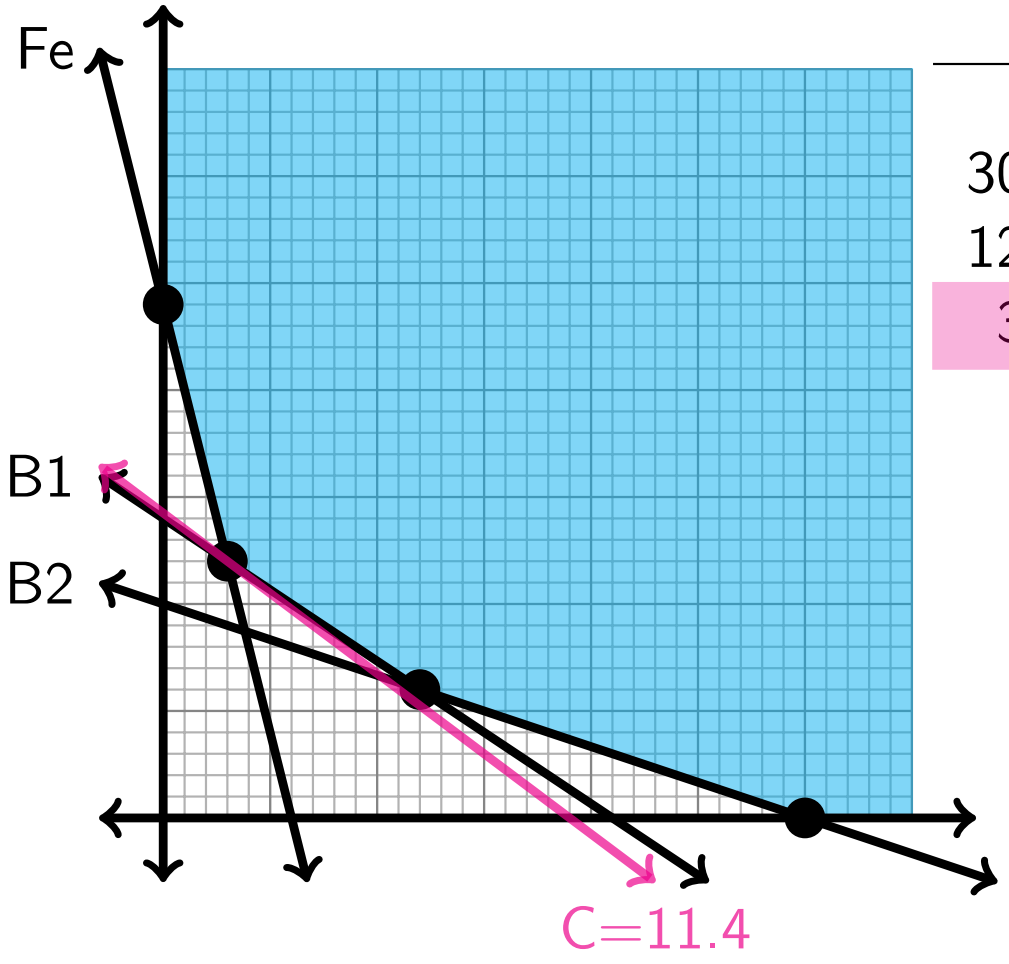


X	Y	C
0	240	$19.20
300	0	$18.00
120	60	$12.00
30	120	$11.40

Example 3 from Monday

- **Variables**:
  X = Number of engines from P1 to A1
  Y = Number of engines from P1 to A2
  $80 - X$ = Number of engines from P2 to A1 (the rest of A1's demand)
  $70 - Y$ = Number of engines from P2 to A2 (the rest of A2's demand)

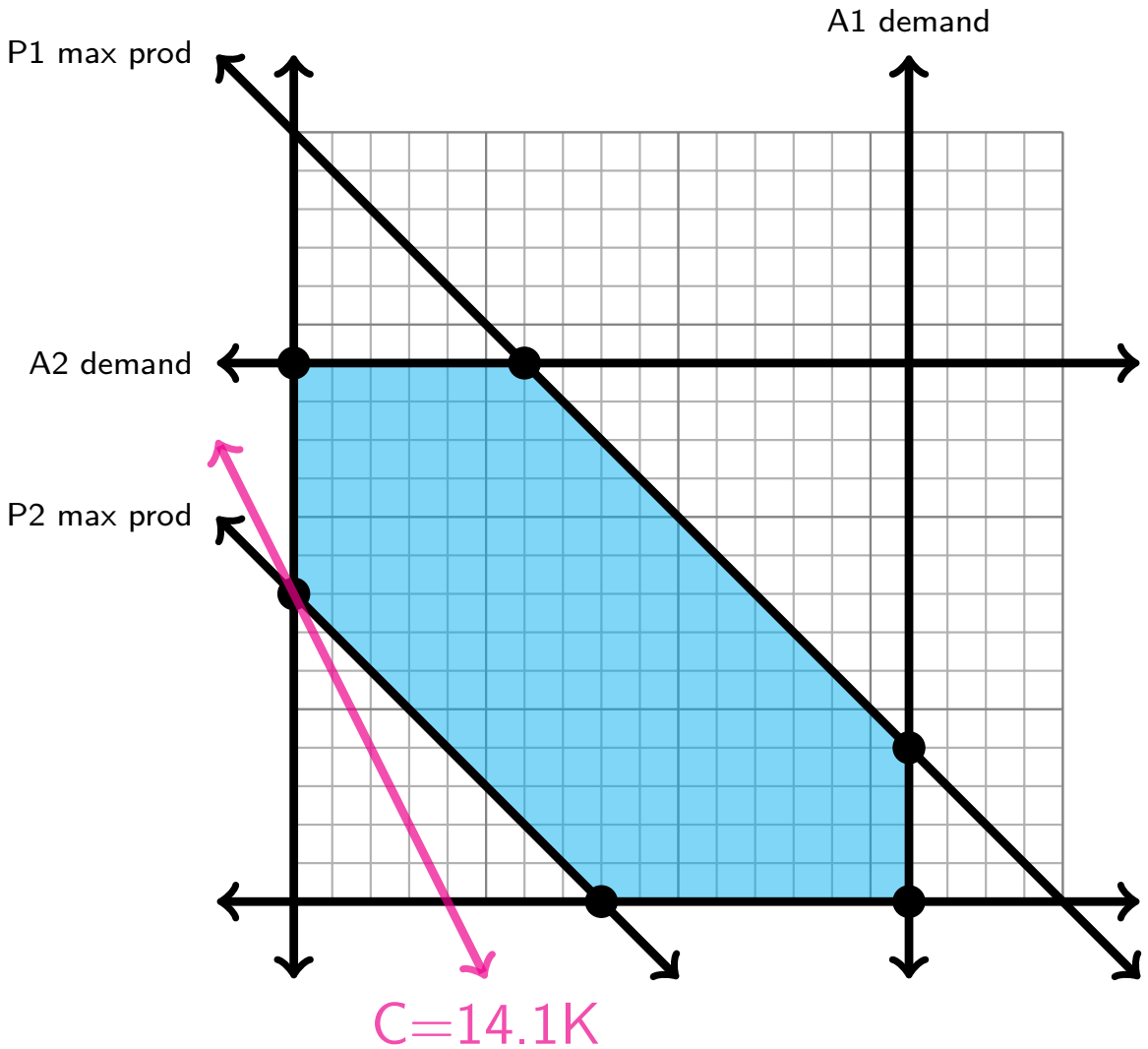
- **Constraints**:

$$\begin{aligned} X + Y &\leq 100 && \text{(P1 max production)} \\ X + Y &\geq 40 && \text{(P2 max production)} \\ X &\leq 80 && \text{(sanity, A1 max demand)} \\ Y &\leq 70 && \text{(sanity, A2 max demand)} \end{aligned}$$

  and $X \geq 0,\ Y \geq 0$

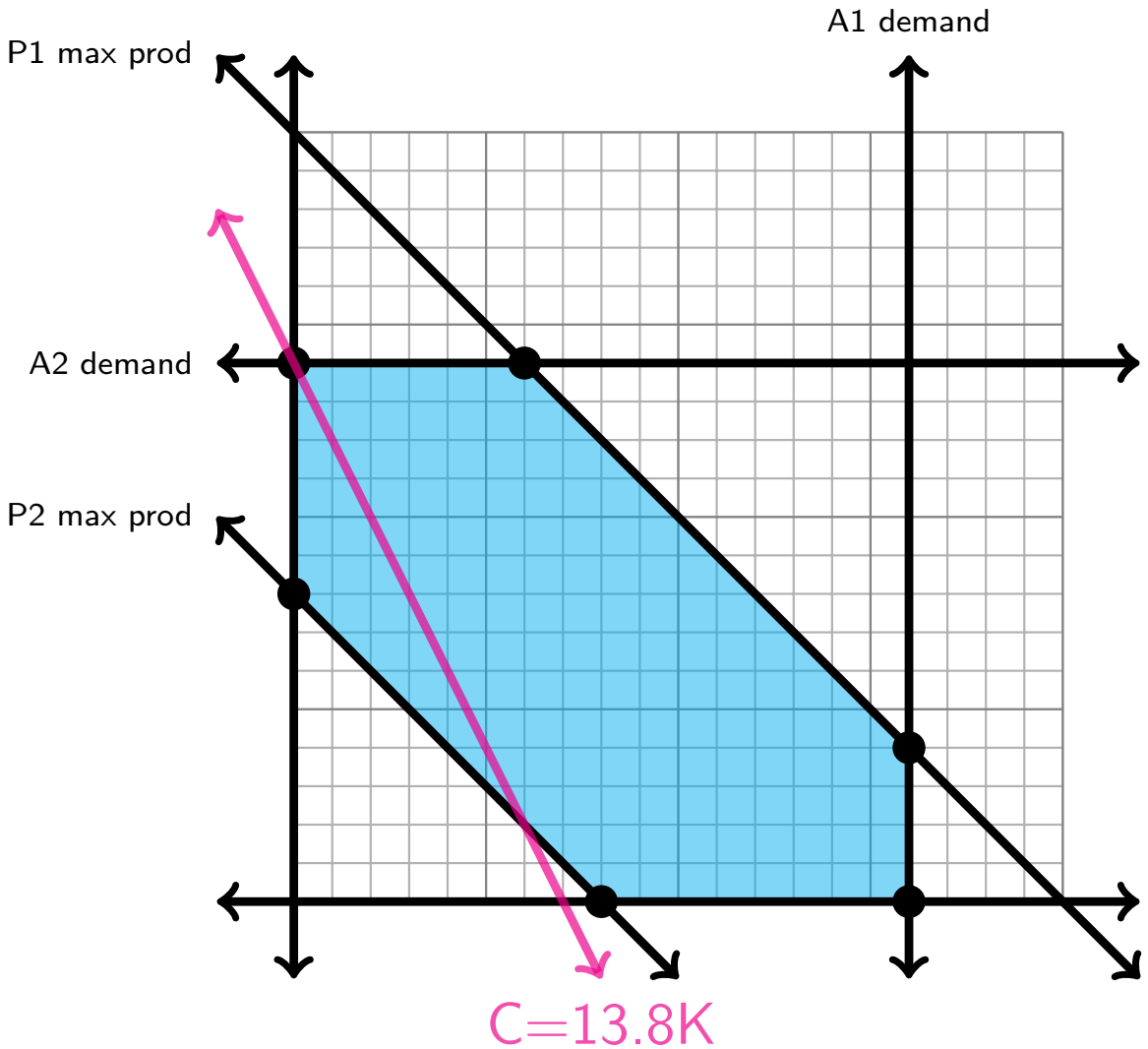
- **Objective**:
  minimize shipping cost $C = 14500 - 20X - 10Y$

Example 3 graphed



X	Y	C
0	40	$14.1K
0	70	$13.8K
40	0	$13.7K
30	70	$13.2K
80	0	$12.9K
80	20	$12.7K

Example 3 graphed



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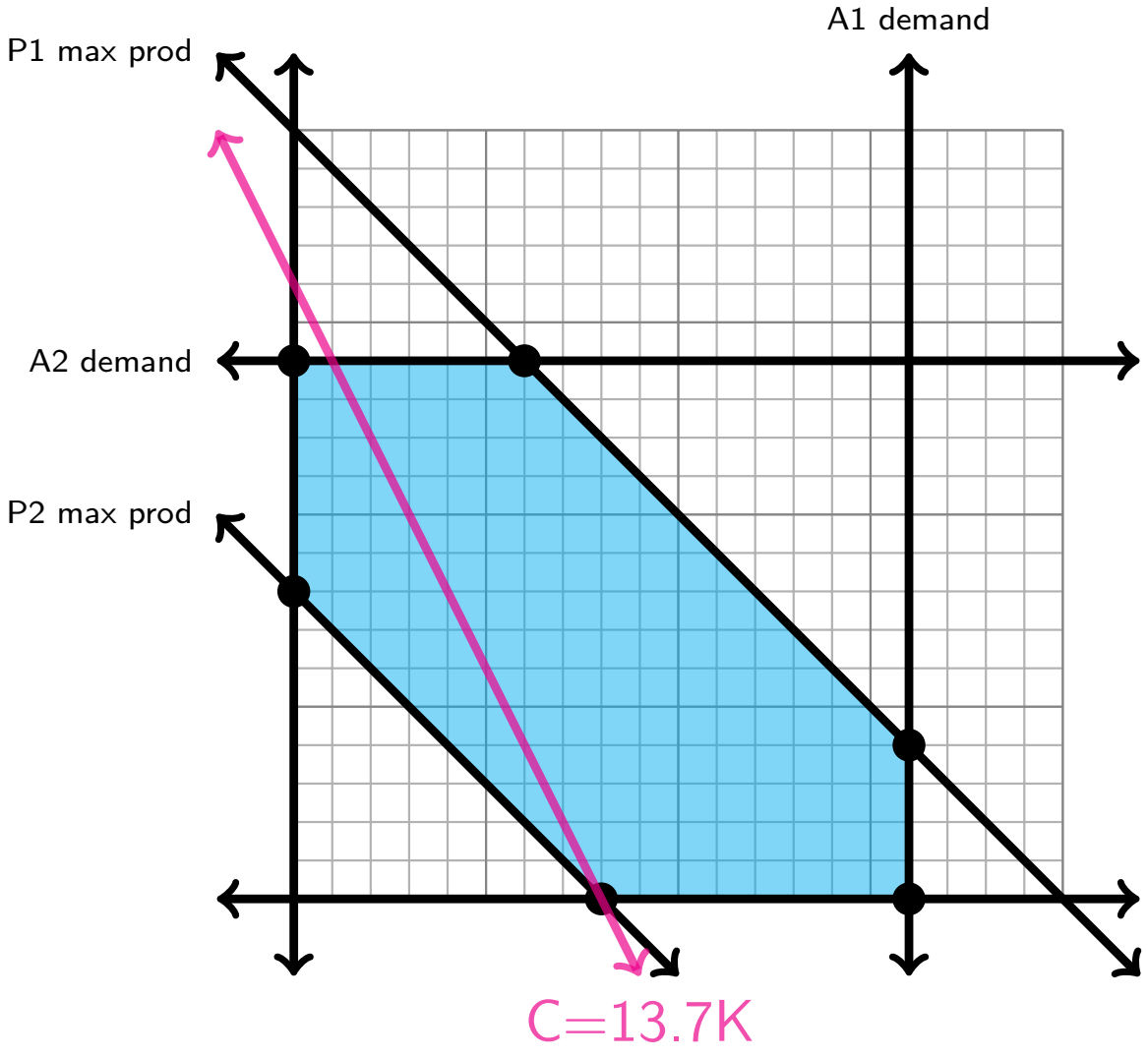

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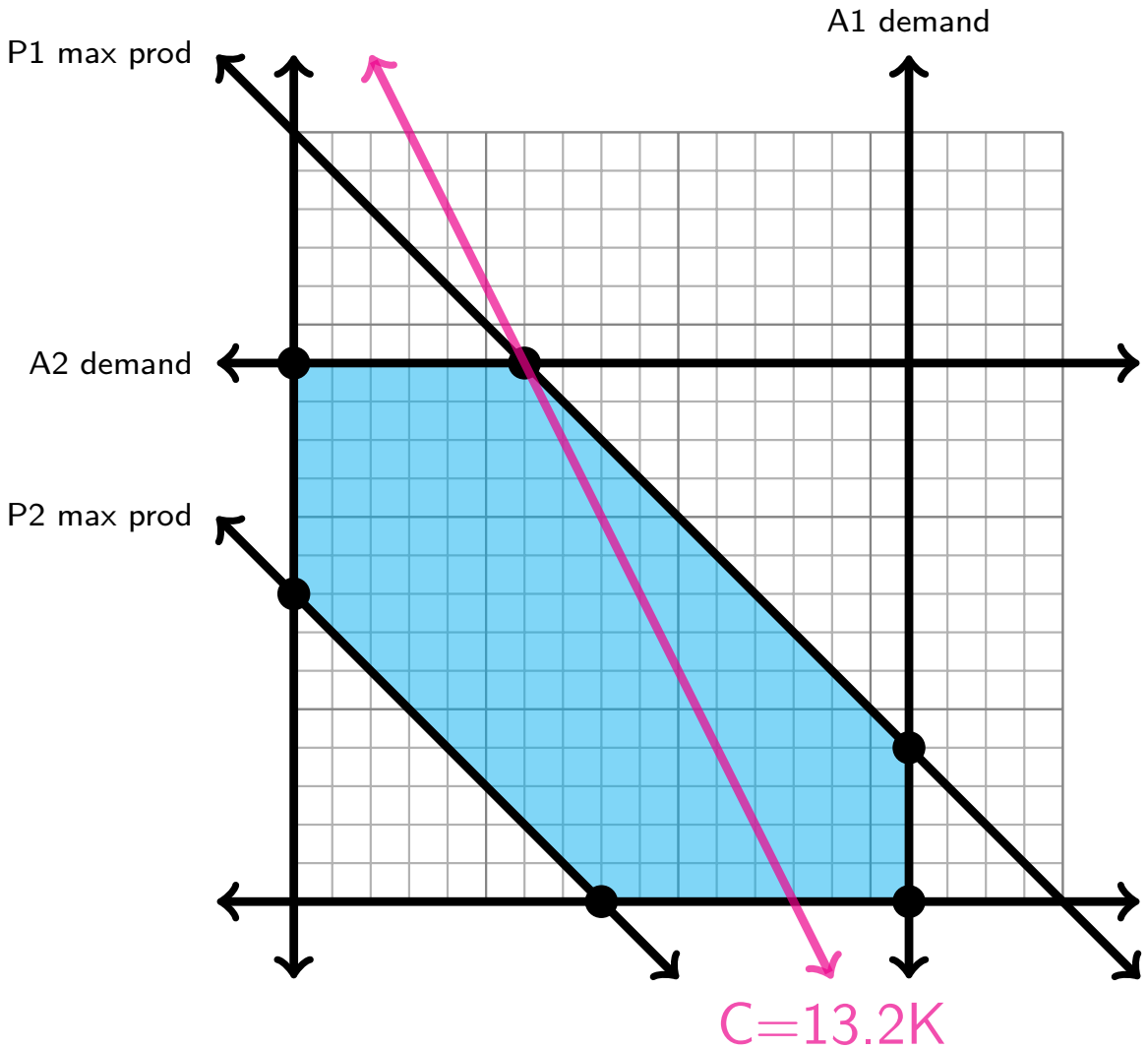

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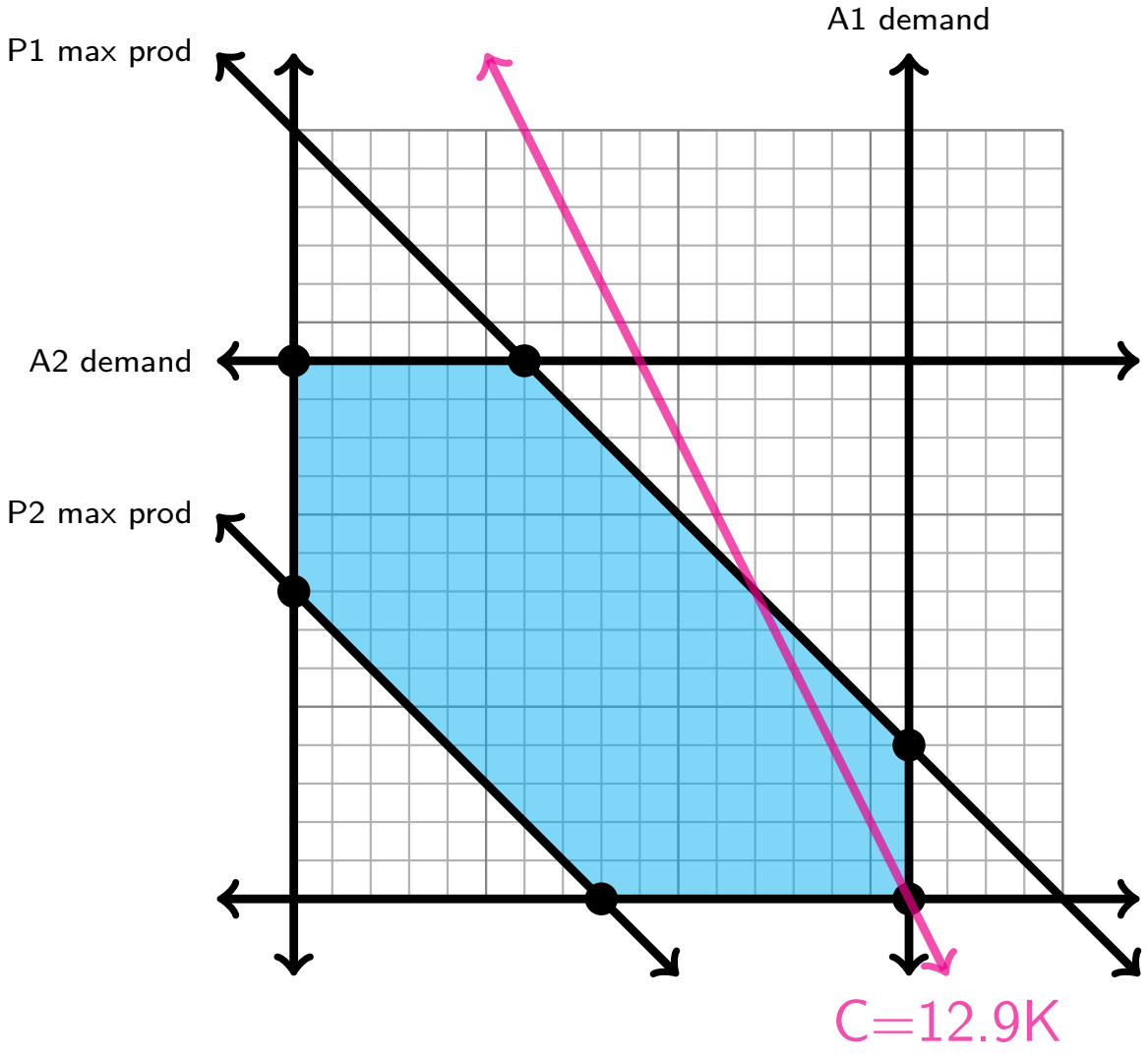

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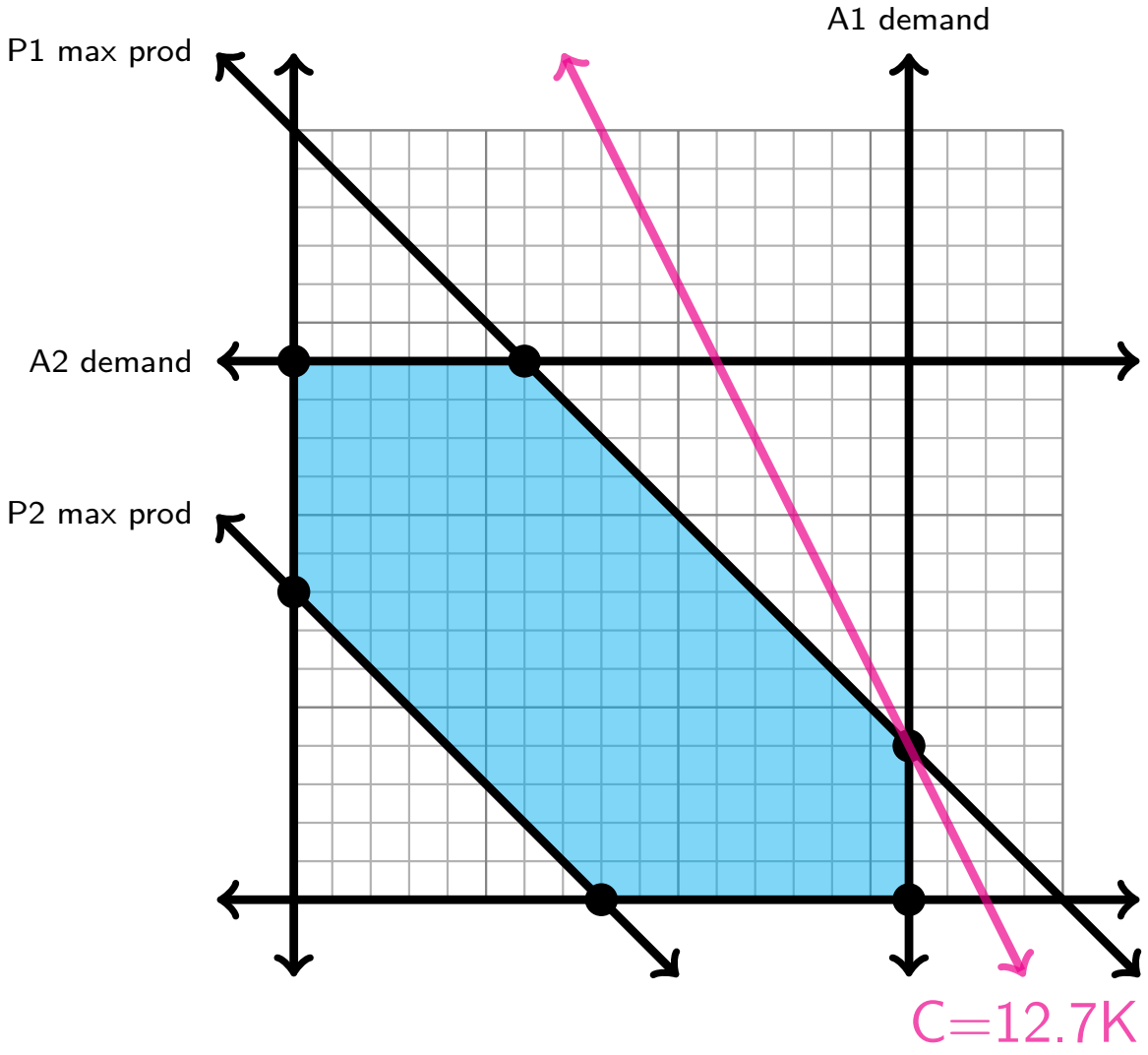

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