Practice Exam

Name: MA111-009 2011-10-21

Part I: Vocabulary

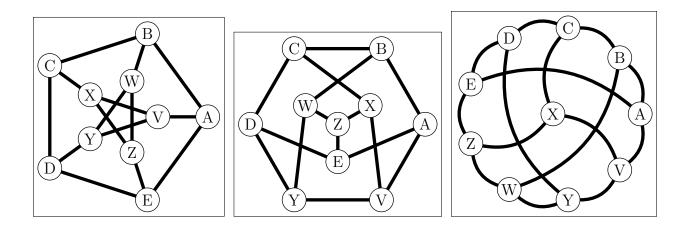
Match the word with its definition:

Graph	Euler Path
Vertex Set	Euler Circuit
Edge Set	Exhaustive Route
Degree	Eulerization
Path	Optimal Exhaustive Route
Circuit	Optimal Eulerization
Connected	Handshaking Lemma

- (A) A collection of relationships with two parts: a vertex set and an edge set
- (B) The list of vertices of a graph, or at least a way to tell exactly what the vertices of a graph are
- (C) The list of edges of a graph, or at least a way to tell how many relationships are between any two vertices
- (D) The number of times a vertex appears in the edge set; the number of edges adjacent to a vertex (where loops count twice)
- (E) A sequence of edges, each adjacent to the next, that start and stop at different vertices
- (F) A sequence of edges, each adjacent to the next, that start and stop at the same vertex
- (G) A graph such that between any two distinct vertices there is a path
- (H) A path using all the edges in a graph
- (I) A circuit using all the edges in a graph exactly once
- (J) A circuit using all the edges in a graph at least once
- (K) A list of the edges to be used more than once in an exhaustive route
- (L) An exhaustive route of shortest possible length
- (M) An Eulerization of an optimal exhaustive route
- (N) The total degree is twice the number of edges

Part II: Definitions and Euler's theorem

Here are three graphs. Circle one and answer the following questions:



- (a) List the vertices (alphabetically):
- (b) List the edges (alphabetically):
- (c) What are the degrees of the vertices?
- (d) Does this graph have an Euler circuit, an Euler path, both, or neither? Why?

Part III: Handshaking lemma and graph reconstruction

1. Construct a graph with vertices of degree 3, 3, 3, 3 or explain why no such graph exists.

2. Construct a graph with vertices of degree 2, 2, 2, 2 or explain why no such graph exists.

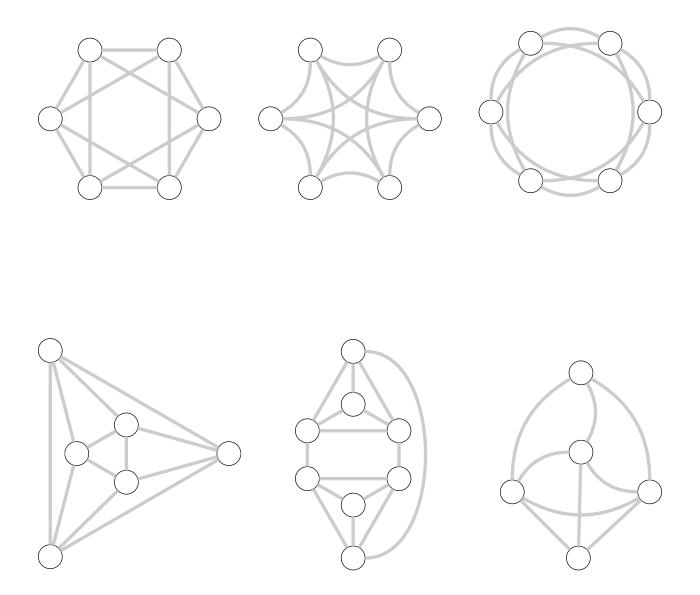
3. Construct a graph with vertices of degree 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 or explain why no such graph exists.

4. Construct a graph with vertices of degree 4, 4, 4, 4, 4 or explain why no such graph exists.

5. Construct a graph with vertices of degree 1, 2, 3, 2 or explain why no such graph exists.

Part IV: Finding the Euler circuits

1. For each graph label the edges $1, 2, 3, \ldots$ in order of an Euler circuit or Euler path.



Part V: No, really, find them!

Label the degrees of each vertex, and then find optimal Eulerizations. Each of the graphs is connected.

