MA162: Finite mathematics

Jack Schmidt

University of Kentucky

February 22, 2012

SCHEDULE:

- HW 3.2, 3.3 due Friday Feb 24, 2012
- HW 4.1 due Friday Mar 2, 2012
- Exam 2 is Monday, Mar 5, 2012 from 5pm to 7pm in CB106 and CB118

Today we will cover 3.3: Graphical method of solving (and finish 3.2)

Exam 2: Overview

- 22% Ch. 2, Matrix arithmetic
- 33% Ch. 3, Linear optimization with 2 variables
 - Graphing linear inequalities
 - Setting up linear programming problems
 - Method of corners to find optimum values of linear objectives
- 45% Ch. 4, Linear optimization with millions of variables
 - 1 Slack variables give us flexibility in RREF
 - 2 Some RREFs are better (business decisions) than others
 - Simplex algorithm to find the best one using row ops
 - 4 Accountants and entrepreneurs are two sides of the same coin

3.3: Linear programming problems

- An LPP has three parts:
 - The variables (the business decision to be made)
 - The inequalities (the laws, constraints, rules, and regulations)
 - The objective (maximize profit, minimize cost)
- If there are only two variables, they are easy to solve!
- Both the maximum and minimum will occur on a corner.

3.3: Example 1 from Monday

Variables:

 $\mathsf{X} = \mathsf{the}\ \mathsf{number}\ \mathsf{of}\ \mathsf{water}\ \mathsf{bottles}\ \mathsf{to}\ \mathsf{make}\ \mathsf{each}\ \mathsf{day}$ $\mathsf{Y} = \mathsf{the}\ \mathsf{number}\ \mathsf{of}\ \mathsf{OSARPs}\ \mathsf{to}\ \mathsf{make}\ \mathsf{each}\ \mathsf{day}$

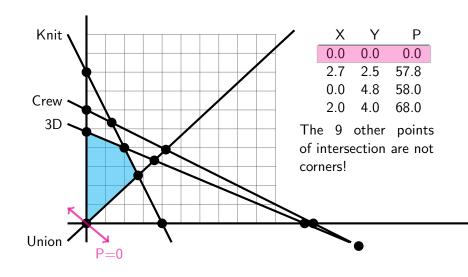
Constraints:

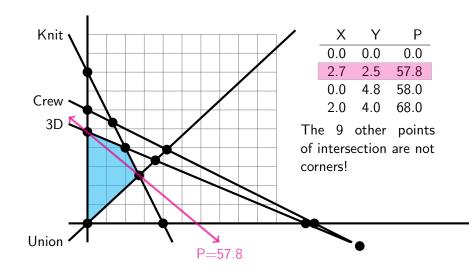
$$26X + 62Y \le 300$$
 (3D printer time)
 $60X + 30Y \le 240$ (KnitBot time)
 $20X + 40Y \le 240$ (Human time)
 $26X - 28Y \le 0$ (Union req.)

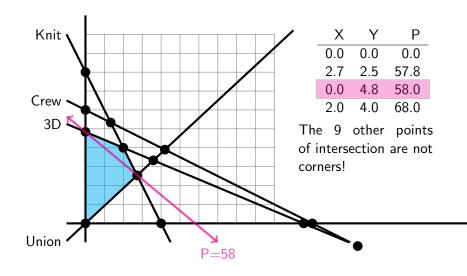
and $X \ge 0$, $Y \ge 0$

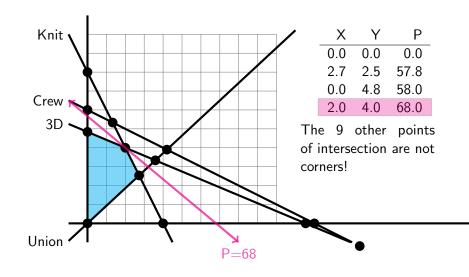
Objective:

Maximize the profit P = 10X + 12Y









3.2: Example 2 from Monday

Variables:

X = number of pills of brand A Y = number of pills of brand B

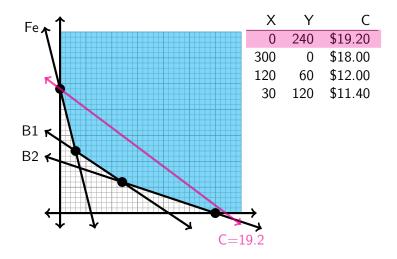
Constraints:

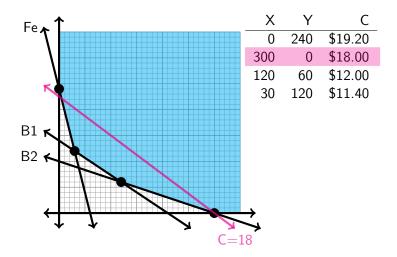
$$40X + 10Y \ge 2400$$
 (Iron)
 $10X + 15Y \ge 2100$ (B1)
 $5X + 15Y \ge 1500$ (B2)

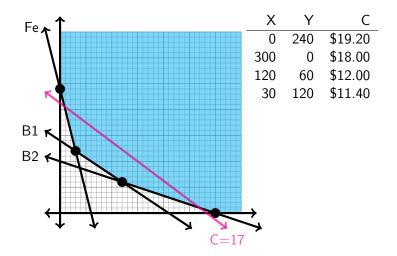
and $X \ge 0$, $Y \ge 0$

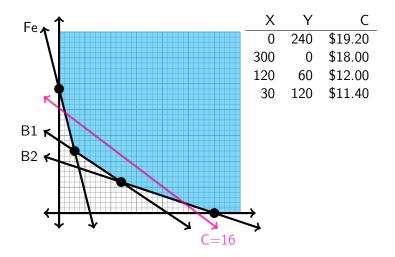
Objective:

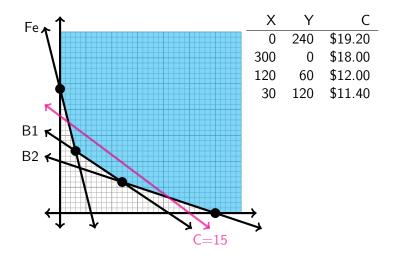
Minimize cost C = 0.06X + 0.08Y

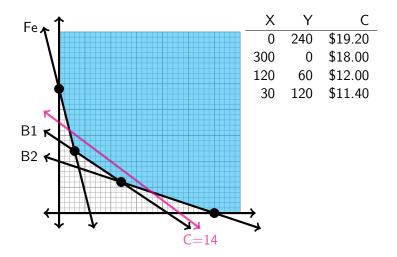


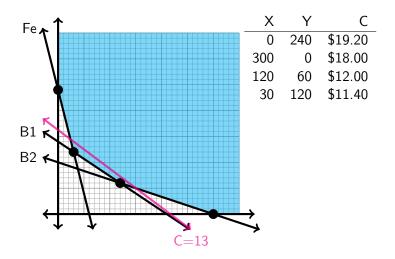


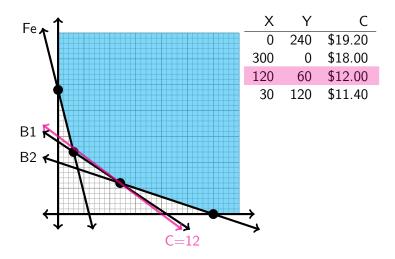


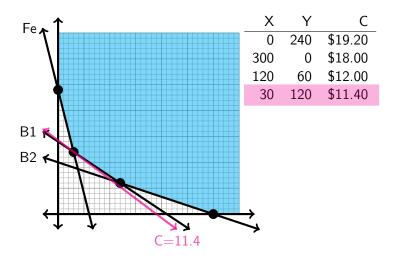












Example 3 from Monday

Variables:

X = Number of engines from P1 to A1

Y = Number of engines from P1 to A2

80 - X = Number of engines from P2 to A1 (the rest of A1's demand)

70 - Y = Number of engines from P2 to A2 (the rest of A2's demand)

Constraints:

$$X + Y \le 100$$
 (P1 max production)
 $X + Y \ge 40$ (P2 max production)
 $X \le 80$ (sanity, A1 max demand)
 $Y \le 70$ (sanity, A2 max demand)

and
$$X \ge 0$$
, $Y \ge 0$

Objective:

minimize shipping cost C = 14500 - 20X - 10Y

