

The matrix A has the following columns.

```
octave> A
```

```
A =
```

```

-3.03    5.43    1.74   -5.25    3.21
-1.45    5.45    2.1    -2.75    4.15
10.93   -5.33    0.06   17.75    1.49
 3.29    5.51    3.18    4.75    6.97
 0.26   10.94    4.92   -0.5    10.18
```

```
octave> [u,s,v] = svds(A,rank(A))
```

```
u =
```

```
s =
```

```
v =
```

```

0.35    -0.15    24    0    -0.45    -0.25
0.25    -0.25    0    20    0.45    -0.55
-0.85    -0.35    0    0    0.1    -0.3
-0.05    -0.55    0    0    -0.75    -0.35
 0.3     -0.7    0    0    0.15    -0.65
```

1. What value of $\vec{x}$ makes $A\vec{x}$ equal to the first column of A ?
2. Write the first column of A in the form $x\vec{u}_1 + y\vec{u}_2$. What are x and y equal to?

3. Write $\vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -3.84 \\ -1.6 \\ 15.04 \\ 5.12 \\ 1.28 \end{bmatrix}$ in the form $x\vec{u}_1 + y\vec{u}_2 + err$. What are x and y now?

4. Which column of A is $\vec{b}$ closest to?