

MA111: Contemporary mathematics

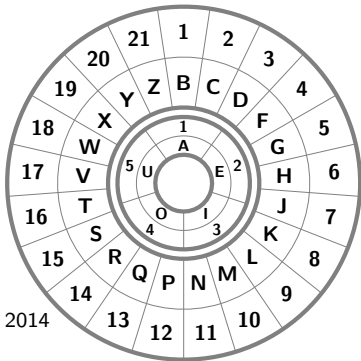
Entrance Slip (due 5 min past the hour):

Use a shift of 6 (so that **d**=3 becomes **L**=9) to encrypt the message:

"this quiz is too easy"

Schedule:

- HW 1 is due 7am Wednesday, Oct 8th, 2014
- Mini-Exam 2 is in-class on Thursday, Oct 9th, 2014
- HW 2 is due 7am Wednesday, Oct 15th, 2014
- HW 3 is due 7am Wednesday, Oct 22nd, 2014
- Exam 2 is in-class on Thursday, Oct 23rd, 2014



Today we use numbers to make using the codes easier.

While we are passing out the worksheet...

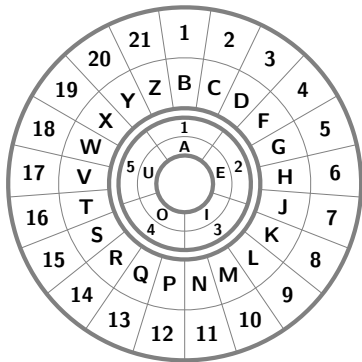
- Please turn in your entrance slips. We will do this every non-exam day.

Please bring your own 3x5 index cards.

Use a shift of 6 (so that **d**=3 becomes **L**=9) to encrypt the message:

"this quiz is too easy"

- What is $16 + 6$?
- Where does **t**=16 go? **A**=1?
- Is there a simpler way of describing the vowel shift?
- What about a shift of 11?



Old words

- General words

plaintext (plain message, “**can you keep a secret**”)

ciphertext (hidden version, “**DEP ZUA LIIQ E TIDSIV**”)

encryption (how to convert plaintext to ciphertext)

decryption (the reverse, cipher to plain)

cipher (both encryption and decryption methods)

key (a small secret that lets you change the cipher)

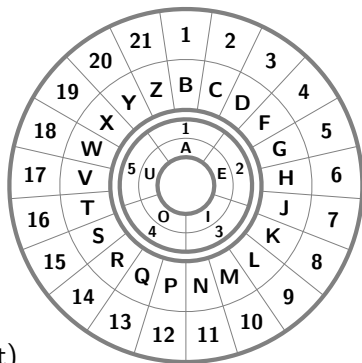
- Shift cipher

Encrypt: shift vowels and consonants right by an amount according to the key

Decrypt: shift vowels and consonants left by an amount according to the key

New words: shift cipher with numbers

- To encrypt with shift cipher, add the key to the number, using wrap-around if too big (subtract 5 if a vowel, or subtract 21 if a consonant)
- To decrypt with shift cipher, subtract the key from the number, using wrap-around if too small, (add 5 if a vowel, or add 21 if a consonant)
- For example if the shift key is 7, then
 $\mathbf{g} = 5 \rightarrow \mathbf{P} = 12$, since $5 + 7 = 12$ and
 $\mathbf{w} = 18 \rightarrow \mathbf{F} = 4$, since $18 + 7 = 25$ and $25 - 21 = 4$.
- And to decrypt,
 $\mathbf{P} = 12 \rightarrow \mathbf{G} = 5$, since $12 - 7 = 5$ and
 $\mathbf{F} = 4 \rightarrow \mathbf{W} = 18$, since $4 - 7 = -3$ and $-3 + 21 = 18$.



New words: double-it cipher

- The double-it cipher has no key (we'll fix that next week).
- To encrypt, double the number using wrap-around.
- To decrypt, . . . fill in the decoder wheel? (we'll find a faster way next week)

Exit quiz

- Decode this message knowing that it is encoded using a shift cipher that takes **b** to **P**
- “KVIFI ROR HVI EBOZEYG TU?”

