

1.4.1 (HW1.4#25) Find scalars c_1 , c_2 , and c_3 such that

See Book! $\begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + c_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 & 5 \\ -6 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ so } \begin{matrix} c_1 = -3 \\ c_2 = -1 \text{ works} \\ c_3 = 2 \end{matrix}$$

1.4.2 (HW1.4#13) Is $\vec{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ in the plane spanned by the columns of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 \\ -2 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$?

Why or why not?

Yes $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_2+2R_3]{R_1-3R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -8 & -12 \\ 0 & 8 & 12 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_2+R_1]{R_1/-8} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3-R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1.5 \\ 1 & 0 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ so } 2.5 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 1.5 \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

1.5.1 Write the solutions to $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ in parametric form, $\vec{x} = \vec{x}_p + s\vec{x}_1 + t\vec{x}_2 + \dots$. Here

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

1.5.2 Write a vector equation of the plane that passes through $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vec{v}_1}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vec{v}_2}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vec{v}_3}$
 $\vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_1$ $\vec{v}_3 - \vec{v}_1$

Remember Thursday Jan 29 is the first exam!