

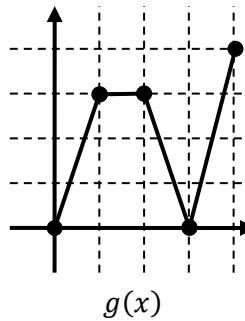
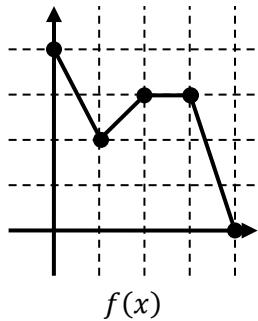
Worksheet 4 – Operations on Functions (§3.5)

1. Given the function $f = \{(-3,4), (-2,2), (-1,0), (0,1), (1,3), (2,4), (3,-1)\}$ and the function $g = \{(-3,-2), (-2,0), (-1,-4), (0,0), (1,-3), (2,1), (3,2)\}$, compute the following values.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| (a) $(f + g)(-3)$ | (d) $(g - f)(3)$ |
| (b) $(f - g)(2)$ | (e) $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(-2)$ |
| (c) $(fg)(-1)$ | (f) $\left(\frac{g}{f}\right)(3)$ |

2. Use the graphs below to compute the following values.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) $(f + g)(1)$ | (d) $(fg)(4)$ |
| (b) $(f - g)(2)$ | (e) $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1)$ |
| (c) $(g - f)(3)$ | (f) $\left(\frac{g}{f}\right)(4)$ |



3. Compute $(f + g)(2)$, $(f - g)(-1)$, $(fg)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, and $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(0)$.

- | |
|-------------------------------------------|
| (a) $f(x) = x^2 - x$, $g(x) = 12 - x^2$ |
| (b) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$, $g(x) = 2x - 1$ |
| (c) $f(x) = 2x$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{2x+1}$ |
| (d) $f(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ |

4. Compute and simplify $(f + g)(x)$, $(f - g)(x)$, $(fg)(x)$, and $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$.

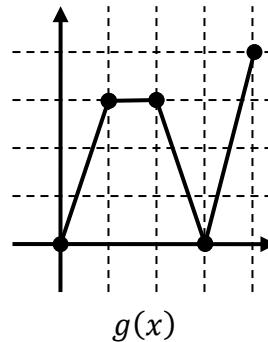
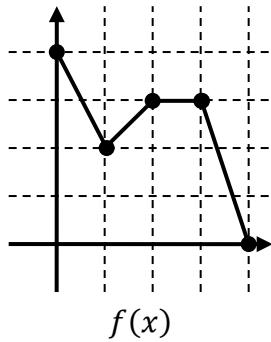
- | |
|-------------------------------------------------|
| (a) $f(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = 3x - 1$ |
| (b) $f(x) = x^2 - 4$, $g(x) = 3x + 6$ |
| (c) $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$, $g(x) = \frac{2}{x}$ |
| (d) $f(x) = x$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ |

5. Given the function $f = \{(-3,4), (-2,2), (-1,0), (0,1), (1,3), (2,4), (3,-1)\}$ and the function $g = \{(-3,-2), (-2,0), (-1,-4), (0,0), (1,-3), (2,1), (3,2)\}$, compute the following values.

(a) $(f \circ g)(3)$	(c) $(g \circ f)(3)$	(e) $(g \circ f \circ g)(0)$
(b) $(f \circ f)(0)$	(d) $(g \circ g)(-2)$	(f) $f\left(f\left(f\left(f(1)\right)\right)\right)$

6. Use the graphs below to compute the following values.

(a) $(g \circ f)(1)$	(c) $(g \circ f)(2)$	(e) $(f \circ f)(1)$
(b) $(f \circ g)(3)$	(d) $(f \circ g)(0)$	(f) $(g \circ g)(1)$



7. For each given pair of functions, compute $(g \circ f)(0)$, $(f \circ g)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, and $(f \circ f)(-2)$.

(a) $f(x) = 4 - 3x$, $g(x) = x $	(b) $f(x) = 4x + 5$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$
(c) $f(x) = 6 - x - x^2$, $g(x) = x\sqrt{x+10}$	(d) $f(x) = \frac{3}{1-x}$, $g(x) = \frac{4x}{x^2+1}$

8. For each given pair of functions, compute and simplify $(g \circ f)(x)$, $(f \circ g)(x)$, and $(f \circ f)(x)$.

(a) $f(x) = 2x + 3$, $g(x) = x^2 - 9$	(b) $f(x) = x^2 - 4$, $g(x) = x $
(c) $f(x) = 3 - x^2$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$	(d) $f(x) = \frac{x}{2x+1}$, $g(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x}$