MA 137 Worksheet #19

Section 5.1 10/20/20

1. Find the extrema (=absolute maximum and absolute minimum values) of $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 9}$ on the interval [-9, 9].

2. Find the extrema (=absolute maximum and absolute minimum values) of $f(x) = 2x - 3 \ln x$ on the interval [1, 5].

- 3. The value of c that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem on the interval [0, 4] for the function $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^3 6x$ is ______.
- 4. Does the function $f(x) = x^{2/3}$ on [-8, 8] satisfy the conditions of the Mean Value Theorem? If not, explain why.