MA 213 — Calculus III
 Spring 2017

 Exam 3
 April 12, 2017

Name: _____

Section: _____

Last 4 digits of student ID #: _____

- No books or notes may be used.
- Turn off all your electronic devices and do not wear ear-plugs during the exam.
- You may use a calculator, but not one which has symbolic manipulation capabilities or a QWERTY keyboard.
- Additional blank sheets for scratch work are available upon request.
- Multiple Choice Questions: Record your answers on the right of this cover page by marking the box corresponding to the correct answer.
- Free Response Questions: Show all your work on the page of the problem. Clearly indicate your answer and the reasoning used to arrive at that answer.

Multiple Choice Answers

Question					
1	А	В	С	D	Е
2	А	В	С	D	Е
3	А	В	С	D	Е
4	А	В	С	D	Е
5	А	В	С	D	Е

Exam Scores

Question	Score	Total
MC		30
6		10
7		10
8		10
9		10
10		10
11		10
12		10
Total		100

Unsupported answers for the free response questions may not receive credit!

Record the correct answer to the following problems on the front page of this exam.

- 1. (6 points) Which of the following surfaces is represented in spherical coordinates by the equation $\rho = \cos \phi$?
 - A. A sphere
 - B. A plane
 - C. A cone
 - D. A cylinder
 - E. None of the above

- 2. (6 points) The rectangular coordinates of a point P in 3-space are $(\sqrt{3}, -1, 2\sqrt{3})$. Find the spherical coordinates (ρ, θ, ϕ) of P.
 - A. $(4, -\pi/6, \pi/3)$
 - B. $(4, \pi/6, \pi/3)$
 - C. $(4, \pi/3, \pi/6)$
 - D. $(4, -\pi/6, \pi/6)$
 - E. $(4, 2\pi/3, \pi/6)$

Record the correct answer to the following problems on the front page of this exam.

3. (6 points) The average value of $f(x, y, z) = xy^2 z^3$ over the ball

$$B = \{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 2\}.$$

is

- A. -2
- B. -1
- C. 0
- D. 1
- E. 2

4. (6 points) Which of the following iterated integrals represents the volume enclosed by the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and the plane z = 1?

A.
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

B.
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{r}^{1} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

C.
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{r}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} r \, dr \, dz \, d\theta$$

D.
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{r}^{1} dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

E.
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

Record the correct answer to the following problems on the front page of this exam.

- 5. (6 points) If f(x, y) is a continuous function in the disk $D = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$, and $1 \le f(x, y) \le 2$ in D, which of the following inequalities is *false*?
 - A. $\iint_D f(x, y) \, dA \ge 1$
 - B. $\iint_D f(x,y) \, dA \ge \pi$
 - C. $\iint_D f(x,y) \, dA \le 8$
 - D. $\iint_D f(x,y)^2 dA \ge 16$
 - E. $\iint_D f(x,y)^2 dA \le 15$

6. (10 points) Let E be the region bounded by the planes x = 0, z = 0, y = 2x, and x + y + z = 1. Write

$$\iiint_D f(x,y,z) \, dV$$

as an iterated integral

$$\int \int \int f(x, y, z) \, dz \, dy \, dx$$

(determine the correct limits of integration).

7. (10 points) Let D be the triangular region in the plane with vertices (-1,3), (1,3), (0,0). Find the centroid of D. 8. (10 points) Let E be the region below the cone $z = 1 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and above the *xy*-plane. Write an iterated integral for computing the volume of E using cylindrical coordinates. Do not evaluate the integral.

9. (10 points) Change the order of integration in

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{x^2} f(x, y) \, dy \, dx.$$

Do not evaluate the integral.

10. (10 points) Let E be the region between the spheres

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2z$$

and

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4z.$$

Write an iterated integral using spherical coordinates for computing

$$\iiint_E f(x,y,z) \, dV.$$

Do not evaluate the integral.

11. (10 points) Knowing that the volume of a sphere of radius R is $4\pi R^3/3$, evaluate

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} 3\,dz\,dx\,dy.$$

12. (10 points) Consider a disk D of radius R centered at the origin in the xy-plane. Find the average distance from the center of the disk to a point of D (i.e. the average value of the function $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ over D).

$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{\text{Area}(R)} \iint_{R} f(x, y) \, dA \qquad \qquad f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{\text{Vol}(D)} \iiint_{D} f(x, y, z) \, dV$$

$$m = \iint_{R} \rho(x, y) \, dA$$
$$M_{y} = \iint_{R} x \rho(x, y) \, dA \qquad M_{x} = \iint_{R} y \rho(x, y) \, dA$$
$$(\overline{x}, \overline{y}) = \left(\frac{M_{y}}{m}, \frac{M_{x}}{m}\right)$$

Surface Area(S) =
$$\iint_R \sqrt{(f_x(x,y))^2 + (f_y(x,y))^2 + 1} \, dA$$

If $m \le f(x, y) \le M$ for $(x, y) \in D$, then $m \operatorname{Area}(D) \le \iint f(x, y) dA \le M$

$$m\operatorname{Area}(D) \leq \iint_D f(x, y) \, dA \leq M\operatorname{Area}(D)$$

$$m = \iiint_D \rho(x, y, z) \, dV$$

$$M_{yz} = \iiint_D x \rho(x, y, z) \, dV \qquad M_{xz} = \iiint_D y \rho(x, y, z) \, dV \qquad M_{xy} = \iiint_D z \rho(x, y, z) \, dV$$

$$(\overline{x}, \overline{y}, \overline{z}) = \left(\frac{M_{yz}}{m}, \frac{M_{xz}}{m}, \frac{M_{xy}}{m}\right)$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos 2\theta)$$
$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2\theta)$$