

Math 213 - Spherical Coordinates

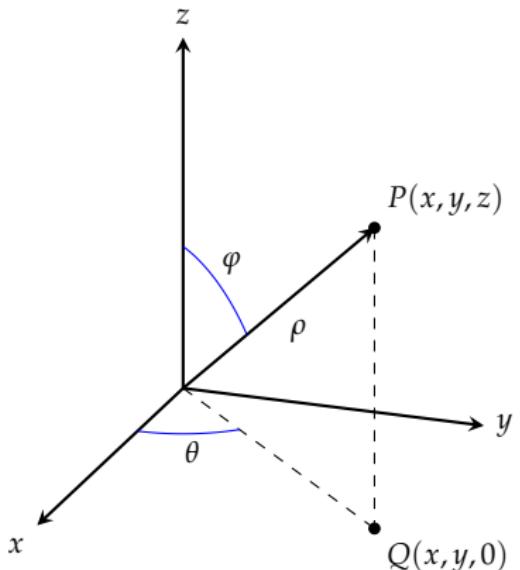
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October 27, 2023

Unit C: Multiple Integrals

- October 13 - Double Integrals
- October 16 - Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates
- October 20 - Triple Integrals
- October 25 - Triple Integrals, Cylindrical Coordinates
- October 27 - Triple Integrals, Spherical Coordinates
- October 30 - Triple Integrals, General Coordinates
- November 1 - Vector Fields
- November 3 - Conservative Vector Fields
- November 6 - Line integrals
- November 8 - Parametrized Surfaces
- November 10 - Tangent Planes to Surfaces
- November 13 - Surface Integrals
- November 15 - Exam III Review

Spherical Coordinates



The spherical coordinates of $P(x, y, z)$ are:

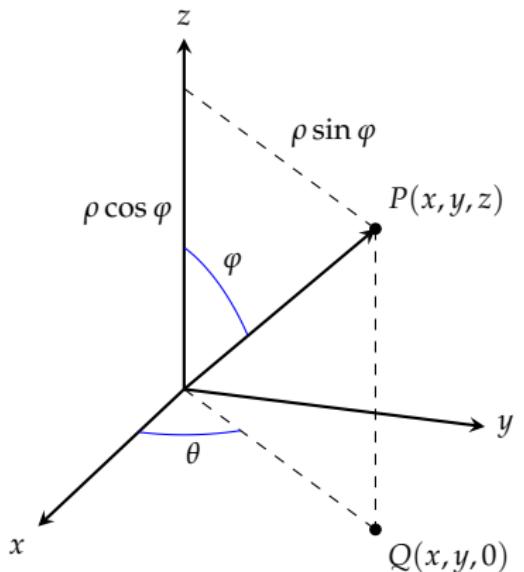
- The distance

$$\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

from the origin to P

- The angle θ that \overrightarrow{OQ} makes with the x -axis
- The angle φ that \overrightarrow{OP} makes with the z axis

Back and Forth



Cartesian \rightarrow Spherical:

$$\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$\theta = \arctan(y/x)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}/z)$$

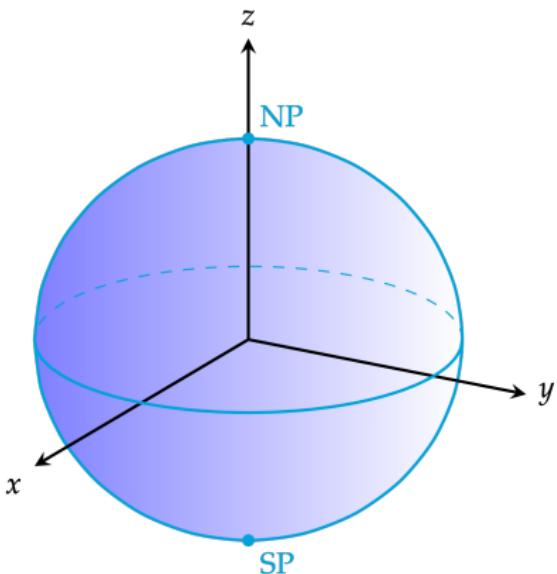
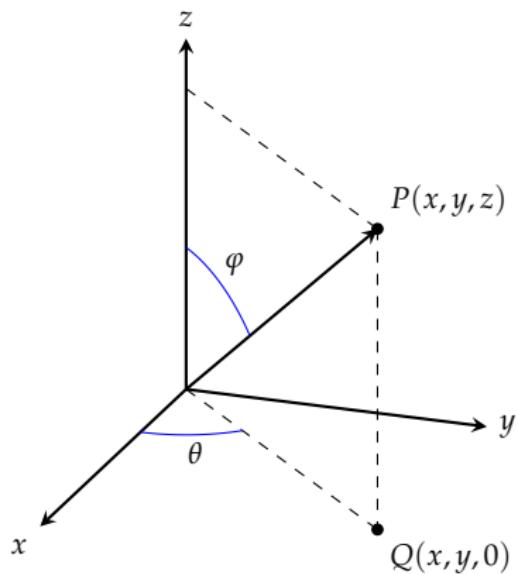
Spherical \rightarrow Cartesian:

$$x = \rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta$$

$$y = \rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta$$

$$z = \rho \cos \varphi$$

Where are the North and South Poles?



Extra Credit: Where is the equator?

Let's Convert

$$\begin{aligned}\rho &= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} & x &= \rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta \\ \theta &= \arctan(y/x) & y &= \rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta \\ \varphi &= \arctan(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}/z) & z &= \rho \cos \varphi\end{aligned}$$

Find the spherical coordinates of the point $(1, 1, 0)$

Find the spherical coordinates of the point $(-1/\sqrt{2}, 1/\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$

Find the Cartesian coordinates of the point $(\rho, \theta, \varphi) = (2, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{6})$

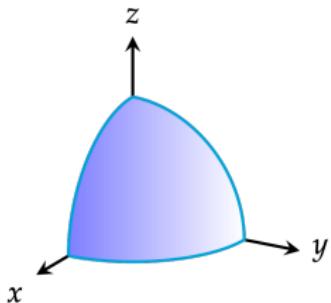
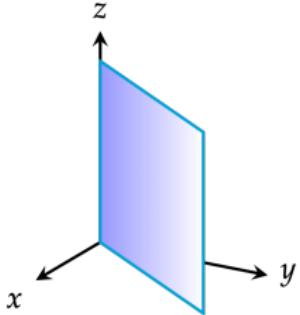
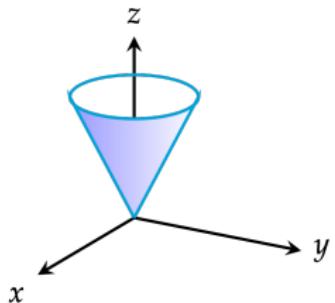
More on Spherical Coordinates

Match these equations with the corresponding surfaces below

$$\rho = c$$

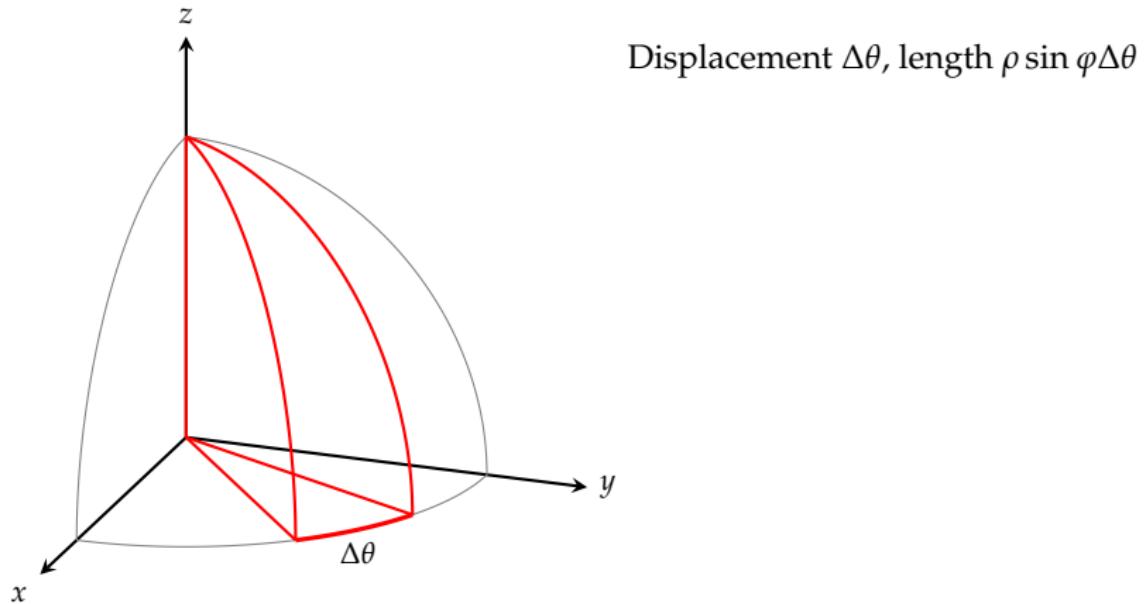
$$\theta = c$$

$$\varphi = c$$



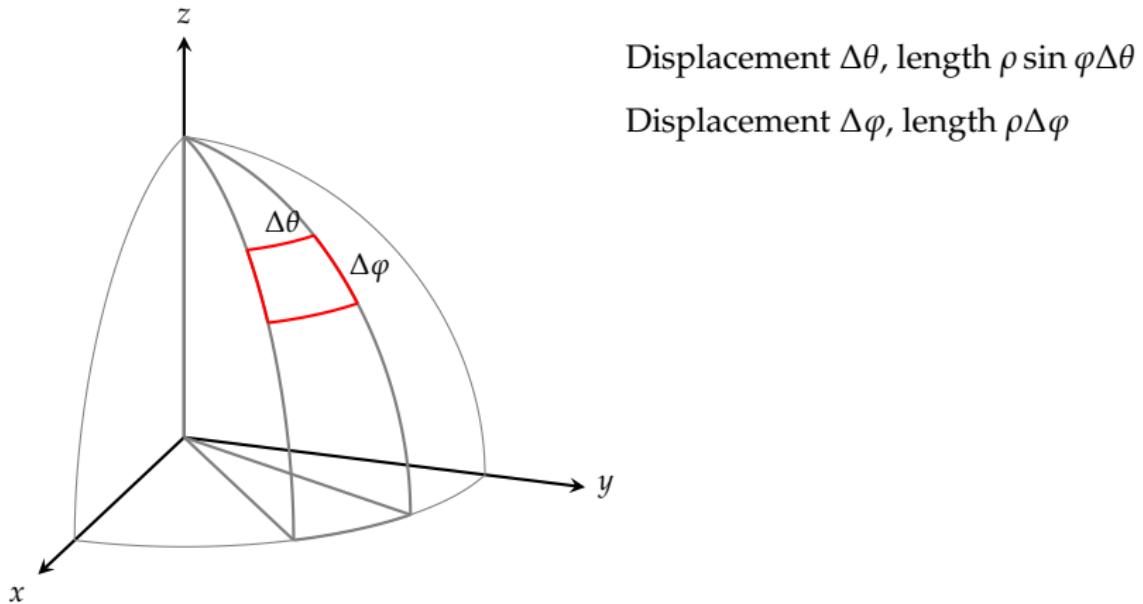
Volume Element

What volume ΔV do we get with small changes $\Delta\rho, \Delta\theta, \Delta\varphi$ of spherical coordinates?



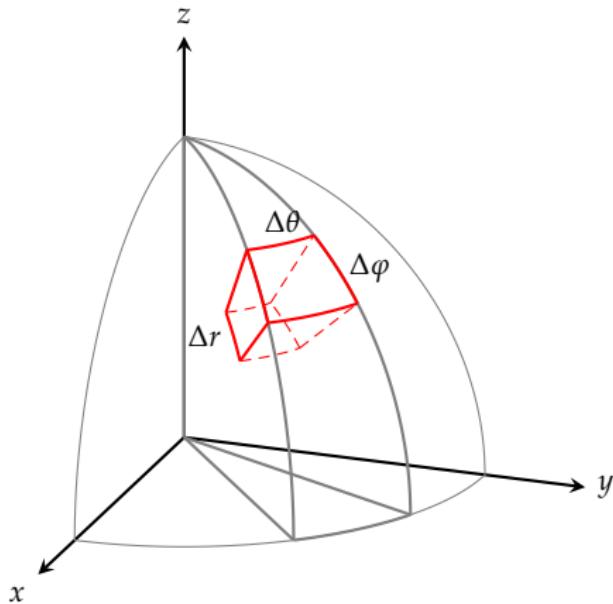
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Displacement $\Delta\theta$, length $\rho \sin \varphi \Delta\theta$

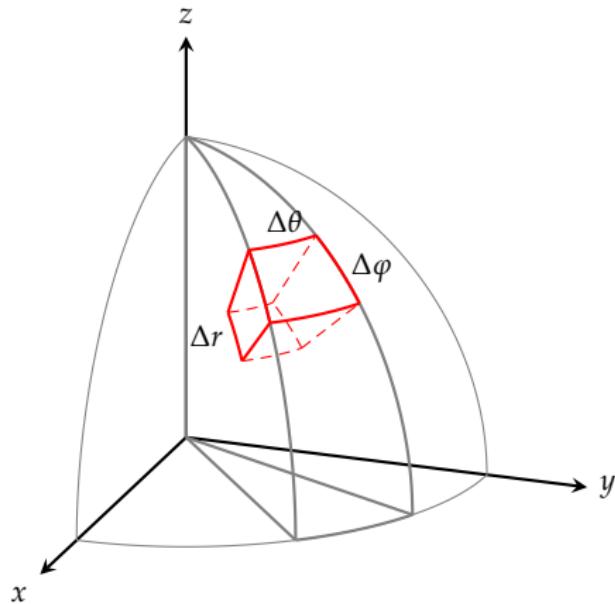
Displacement $\Delta\varphi$, length $\rho \Delta\varphi$

Displacement $\Delta\rho$, length $\Delta\rho$

$$\Delta V = \rho^2 \sin \varphi \Delta\rho \Delta\theta \Delta\varphi$$

Volume Element

What volume ΔV do we get with small changes $\Delta\rho, \Delta\theta, \Delta\varphi$ of spherical coordinates?



$$dV = \rho^2 \sin \varphi d\rho d\theta d\varphi$$

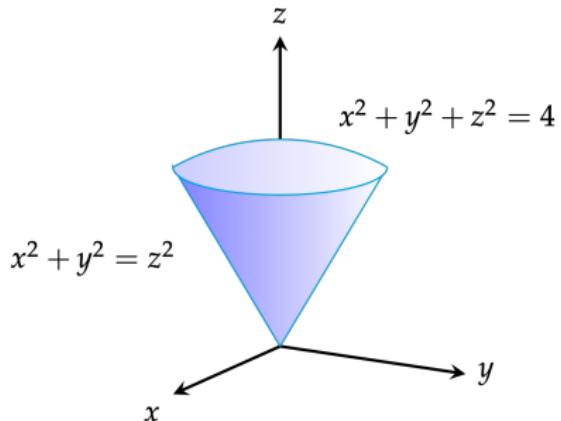
Triple Integral Over a Spherical Rectangle

If \mathcal{R} is a region with $a \leq \rho \leq b, c \leq \theta \leq d, e \leq \varphi \leq f$, then

$$\iiint_{\mathcal{R}} f(x, y, z) dV = \int_e^f \int_c^d \int_a^b f(\rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \varphi) \rho^2 \sin \varphi d\rho d\theta d\varphi$$

Triple Integral

Find $\iiint_{\mathcal{R}} z \, dV$ if \mathcal{R} is the region enclosed by the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ and the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$.



Remember that

$$z = \rho \cos \varphi$$

and

$$dV = \rho^2 \sin \varphi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\varphi.$$

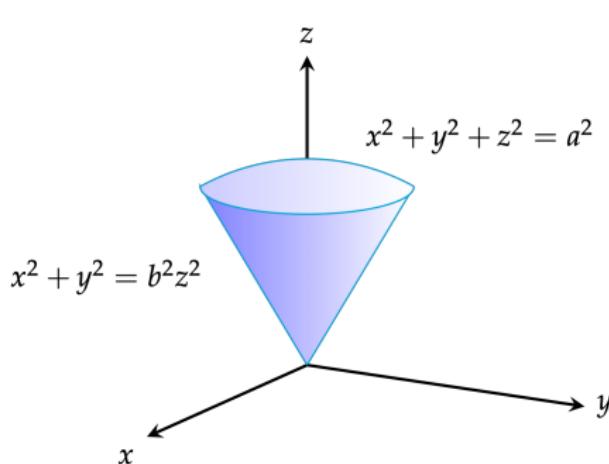
How do you describe the region in spherical coordinates?

Spherical Regions - The Ice Cream Cone

Find the volume of the part of the interior of the sphere

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$$

that lies above the xy plane and within the cone $x^2 + y^2 = b^2 z^2$



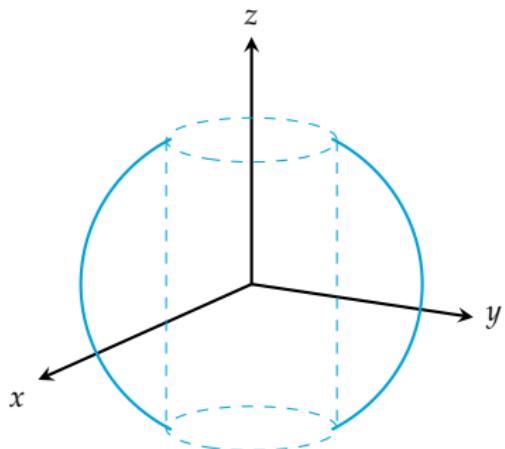
What is the equation of the sphere
in spherical coordinates?

What is the equation of the cone in
spherical coordinates?

Adapted from [CLP 3-4.7](#), Example 1

Spherical Regions - The Cored Apple

A cylindrical hole of radius b is drilled out of a sphere of radius $a \geq b$. Find the volume of the remaining solid.



Adapted from [CLP 3-4.7](#), Example 2

Reminders for the Week of October 23-27

- Webwork B8 on Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates due October 27