

## Tangent Planes to Level Surfaces

i)  $x = y^2 + z^2 + 1 \quad (x, y, z) = (3, 1, -1)$

$$3 = 1^2 + (-1)^2 + 1$$

Put in form  $F(x, y, z) = c$

$$x - y^2 - z^2 = 1$$

Let  $F(x, y, z) = x - y^2 - z^2$

$$\nabla F(x, y, z) = 1\hat{i} + (-2y)\hat{j} + (-2z)\hat{k}$$

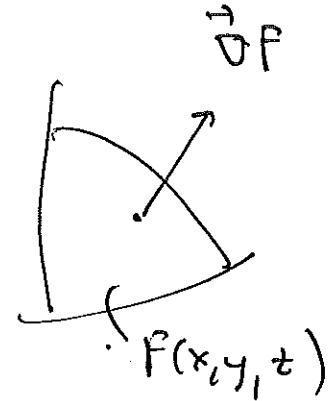
$$\nabla F(3, 1, -1) = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k} = \hat{n}$$

Eq'n of tgt plane:

$$\hat{n} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$$

$$(x_0, y_0, z_0) = (3, 1, -1)$$

$$\frac{1}{\hat{n}}(x - 3) - \frac{2}{\hat{n}} \cdot (y - 1) + \frac{2}{\hat{n}} \cdot (z + 1) = 0$$



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# Maxima and Minima - One Variable - Review

1)  $f(x) = x^2$        $f'(x) = 2x$        $f''(x) = 2$

2)  $f(x) = -x^2$        $f'(x) = -2x$        $f''(x) = -2$

3)  $f(x) = x^3$        $f'(x) = 3x^2$        $f''(x) = 6x$

$f(x) = x^2$        $x=0$       is local minimum

$f(x) = -x^2$        $x=0$       is local max.

$f(x) = x^3$       ???

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# Maxima and Minima Two Variable Examples

$$1) f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$f_{xx}(x,y) = 2$$

$$\nabla f(x,y) = 2x\hat{i} + 2y\hat{j}$$

$$f_{xy}(x,y) = 0$$

$$\nabla f(0,0) = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j}$$

$$f_{yx}(x,y) = 0$$

$(0,0)$  is a c.p.

$$f_x(x,y) = 2x$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f_y(x,y) = 2y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = +4$$

$$3) f(x,y) = -(x^2 + y^2)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(x,y) = (0,0) \text{ c.p.}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = +4$$

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$$f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -2y$$

$$(x, y) = (0, 0) \text{ c. p.}$$

At  $(0, 0)$ :

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = 0$$

$$f_{yx}(x, y) = 0 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx}(0, 0) & f_{xy}(0, 0) \\ f_{yx}(0, 0) & f_{yy}(0, 0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \boxed{-4}$$

Finding Critical Points # ⑤

1)  $f(x,y) = x^3 - 3x + 3xy^2$

①  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_x(x,y) = 3x^2 - 3 + 3y^2 \\ f_y(x,y) = 6xy \end{array} \right.$

② :  $x = 0$  or  $y = 0$



①  $-3 + 3y^2 = 0$        $3x^2 - 3 = 0$

$3(y^2 - 1) = 0$        $3(x^2 - 1) = 0$

$y = \pm 1$

$x = \pm 1$

List:  $(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)$

# Finding Critical Points - #2

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$$2) f(x, y) = x^2 + y^4 + 2xy$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 2x + 2y$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 4y^3 + 2x$$

solve: ①  $\boxed{2x + 2y = 0}$   
 ②  $4y^3 + 2x = 0$

Step 1: ①  $\Rightarrow \boxed{2x = -2y} \Rightarrow x = -y$

substitute in ②  $4y^3 - 2y = 0$

$$2y(2y^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$y = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad y = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

List:  $(0, 0), (\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}), (\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$

Testing Critical Pts ~~#2~~ 1

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$$D = \begin{vmatrix} f_{xx}(a, b) & f_{xy}(a, b) \\ f_{yx}(a, b) & f_{yy}(a, b) \end{vmatrix}$$

i)  $f(x, y) = x^3 - 3x + 3xy^2$

C.P.  $(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)$

$$f_{xx} = 3x^2 - 3 + 3y^2$$

$$f_{xy} = 6xy$$

$$f_{yx} = 6y$$

$$f_{yy} = 6x$$

$$f_{xx} = 6x$$

$$f_{yy} = 6x$$

$$\text{Hess } F = \begin{bmatrix} 6x & 6y \\ 6y & 6x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = 36x^2 - 36y^2$$

# Testing Critical Pts #1

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$$f(x,y) = x^3 - 3x + 3xy^2$$

① ② ③ ④  
 CP       $(0,1)$ ,  $(0,-1)$ ,  $(1,0)$ ,  $(-1,0)$

$$D = 36x^2 - 36y^2$$

$$\text{Hess} = \begin{bmatrix} 6x & 6y \\ 6y & 6x \end{bmatrix}$$

①  $(0,1)$ :  $D = -36$  saddle

②  $(0,-1)$ :  $D = -36$  saddle

③  $(1,0)$ :  $D = 36$   $f_{xx} = 6$  local ~~max~~<sup>min</sup>

④  $(-1,0)$ :  $D = 36$   $f_{xx} = -6$  local max

# Testing Critical Pts #2

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$$2) \quad f(x,y) = x^2 + y^4 + 2xy$$

$$f_x(x,y) = 2x + 2y$$

$$f_y(x,y) = 4y^3 + 2x$$

$$\text{C.P.} \quad (0,0), \quad \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \quad \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$f_{xx} = 2 \quad f_{xy} = 2$$

$$f_{yx} = 2 \quad f_{yy} = 12y^2$$

$$\text{Hess}(f) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 12y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = 24y^2 - 4 = 4(6y^2 - 1)$$

$$(0,0) : D = -4 \quad \underline{\text{saddle}}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) : 12 - 4 = 8 \quad \text{local min } (f_{xx}=2 > 0)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) : 8 \quad \text{local min } (f_{xx}=2 > 0)$$