

MA 213 Worksheet #24

Sections 16.7

04/18/19

- 1 16.7.4 Suppose that $f(x, y, z) = g\left(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\right)$, where g is a function of one variable such that $g(2) = -5$. Evaluate $\iint_S f(x, y, z) dS$, where S is the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$.

- 2 16.6.11 Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S x dS,$$

where S is the triangular region with vertices $(1, 0, 0)$, $(0, -2, 0)$, and $(0, 0, 4)$.

- 3 16.7.19 Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S xz dS,$$

where S is the boundary of the region enclosed by the cylinder $y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and the planes $x = 0$ and $x + y = 5$.

- 4 16.7.31 Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ where \mathbf{F} is the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x^2, y^2, z^2 \rangle$$

and the oriented surface S is the boundary of the solid half-cylinder $0 \leq z \leq \sqrt{1 - y^2}$, $0 \leq x \leq 2$. (In other words, find the flux of \mathbf{F} across S .)

- 5 16.7.45 Use Gauss's Law to find the charge contained in the solid hemisphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq a^2$, $z \geq 0$, if the electric field is

$$\mathbf{E}(x, y, z) = \langle x, y, 2z \rangle.$$