

REF question-

2-3rd is $\frac{3}{2}$ hrs.

dist = rate * time.

$$= 30 \text{ mi/hr} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \text{ hrs} \text{ that are } 13 \text{ units from } (7, 5)$$

= 45 miles.

New position is

$$27 + 45 = 72 \text{ mi.}$$

8/31/16

From last time -

Find the points
on the x -axis

Solution -

$$(x-7)^2 + (0-5)^2 = 13^2$$

$$(x-7)^2 + 25 = 169$$

$$(x-7)^2 = 144$$



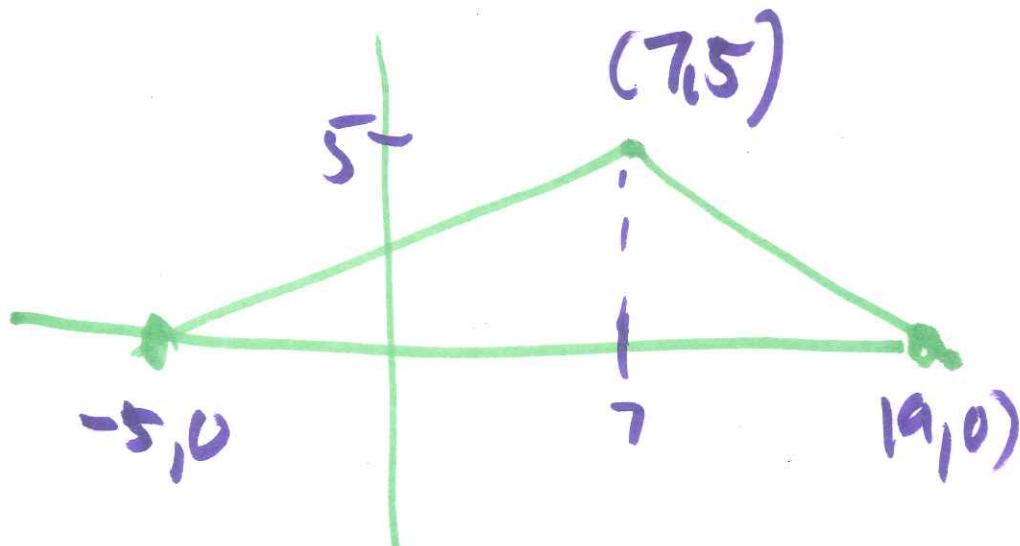
2

$$x-7 = \pm\sqrt{144}$$

$$= \pm 12$$

$$x = 7 \pm 12.$$

$$= 19 \text{ or } -5.$$



Check!

What is the graph
of the equation

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 + y^2 = 0 ?$$

This is the
equation of all
points (x, y)
of dist. exactly

$$(x + 3)^2 + y^2 = 9.$$

3 from $(-3, 0)$.

$$(x - (-3))^2 + y^2 = 3^2$$

$$\sqrt{(x - (-3))^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{3^2}$$
$$= 3$$

Circle w/ radius
3 and
center $(-3, 0)$.

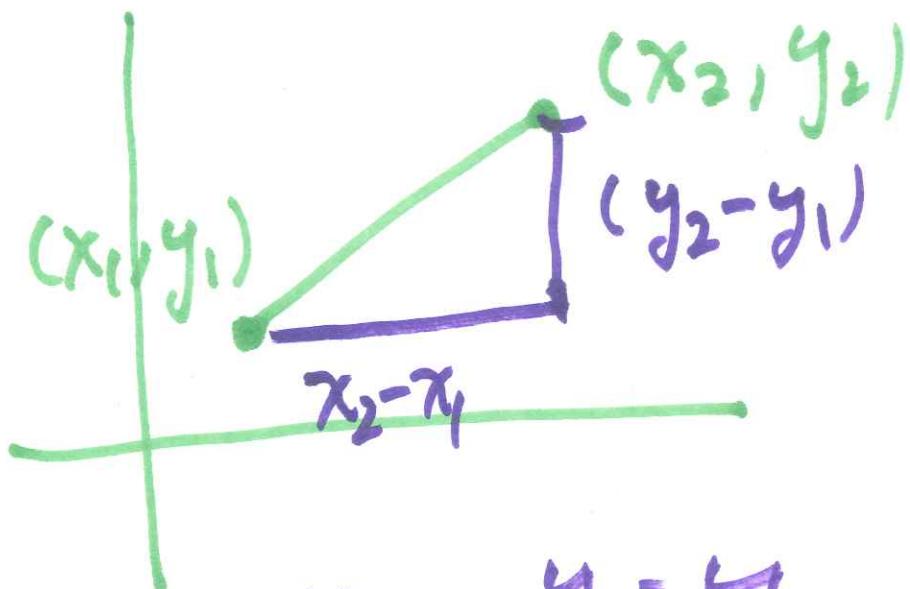
$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$ our location is ⁴
is the equation of
the circle with
center (h, k) , radius If we have 2
 $r.$
 $b + rt$ = location

Equation of a line.
Start at mile b
drive for t hours joining them is
at speed r
 (x_2, y_2) then
the slope of
the line segment

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = m$$

$$= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

REEF #2

5

$$\frac{4 - k}{2 - 4} = -3$$

Solve for k .

$$4 - k = (-3)(-2)$$
$$= 6$$

$$-k = 6 - 4$$

$$\underline{k = -2}$$

A line is the set
of all points (x, y)
of slope m from
a given point (x_1, y_1)

Point-Slope

Forming a line.

See

$$\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = m.$$

$$\boxed{(y - y_1) = m(x - x_1)}$$

REF -

Line thru

$$(20, 0) \text{ & } (0, 30)$$

$$m = \frac{30-0}{0-20} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Line is

$$y - 0 = -\frac{3}{2}(x - 20)$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 30$$

- Check.

7

Does $(30, 0)$ lie
on this line?

$$\cancel{30 = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot 0 + 30}$$

Slope-Intercept
form. Line w/
slope m passing
thru $(0, b)$

$$\boxed{y - b = m(x - 0)}$$

$$\boxed{y = mx + b}$$

$m < 0$ decrease as we move to the right.

Geometry -

$m=0$ - Horizontal line.

$m>0$ - rise as we move to the right.

Line thru $(7, 10)$ and $(7, 11)$.

$$m = \frac{11-10}{7-7} = \frac{1}{0}$$

m undefined means the line is vertical. ($x=7$)

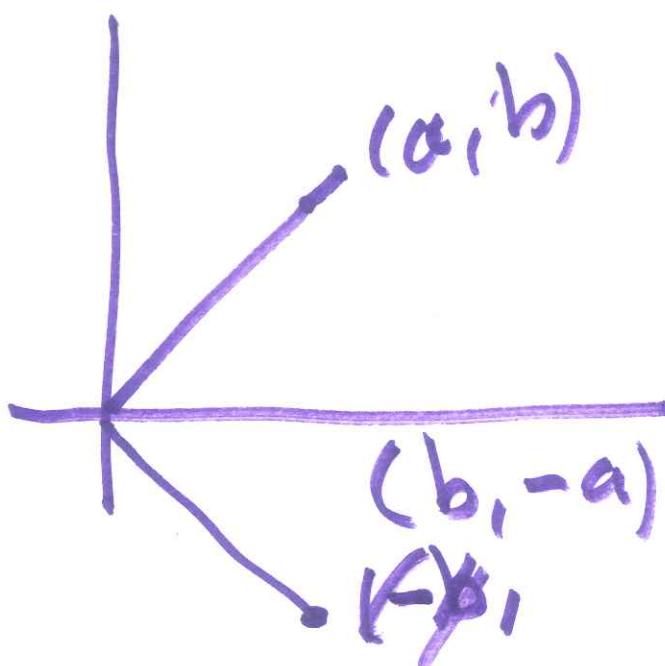
Parallel & perpendicular lines.

Parallel lines have the same slope.

$$m = \frac{(b - a)}{(a - a)}$$

$$m_{\perp} = \frac{-a - a}{b - a}$$

$$= -\frac{a}{b} = \frac{-1}{m}$$



$$\boxed{m_{\perp} = \frac{-1}{m}}$$