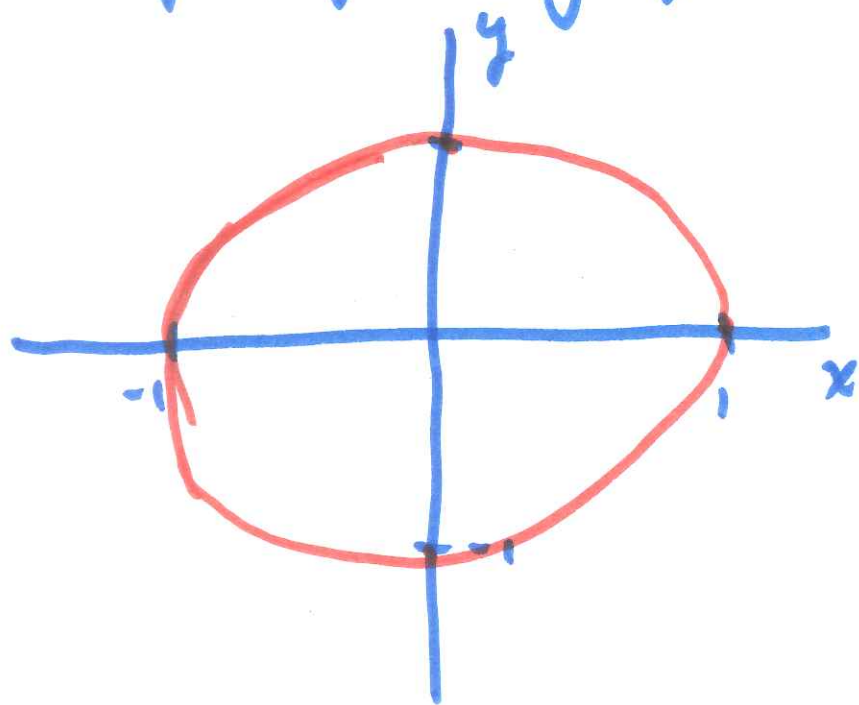


MA110. F. 10/28

www.math.uky.edu/mathexcel

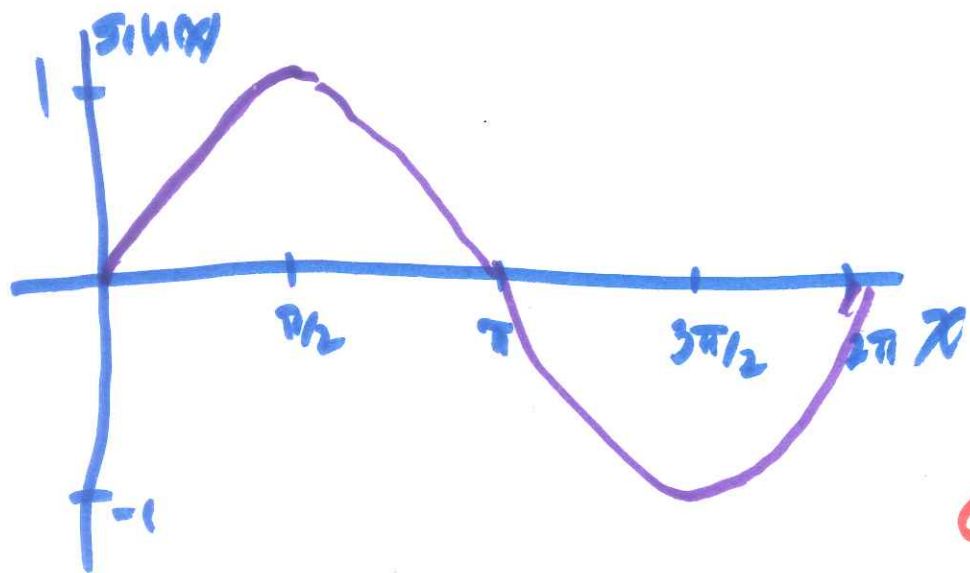
Graphs of trig functions



$$11\pi/6 \quad -1/2$$

$$2\pi \quad 0$$

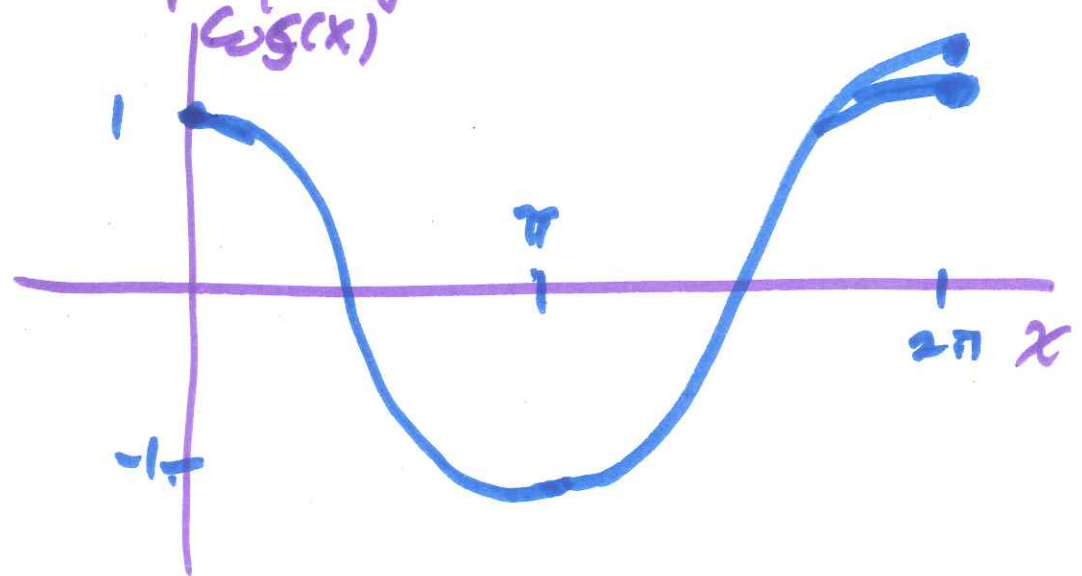
x	$\sin(x)$ (y-coord)
0	0
$\pi/6$	$1/2$
$\pi/4$	$\sqrt{2}/2 \approx 0.707$
$\pi/3$	$\sqrt{3}/2 \approx 0.866$
$\pi/2$	1
$2\pi/3$	$\sqrt{3}/2$
$3\pi/4$	$\sqrt{2}/2$
$5\pi/6$	$1/2$
π	0
$7\pi/6$	$-1/2$
$5\pi/4$	$-\sqrt{2}/2$
$4\pi/3$	$-\sqrt{3}/2$
$3\pi/2$	-1
$5\pi/3$	$-\sqrt{3}/2$
$7\pi/4$	$-\sqrt{2}/2$



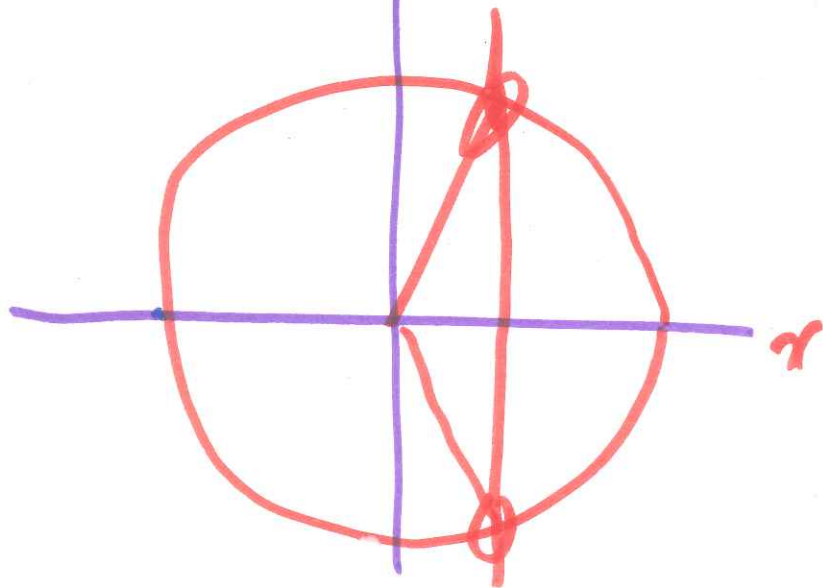
REF π

As we go around the circle once, the x -coordinate is 0.3 2 times.

Graph of $y = \cos(x)$



$x = 0.3$



The graph repeats on the interval $[2\pi, 4\pi]$, $[4\pi, 6\pi]$, $[-2\pi, 0]$...

Domain + range of
sin, cos.

sin has domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$, ~~range~~ range
is $[-1, 1]$.

cos. domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
range is $[-1, 1]$

Definition A function
is periodic w/ period
 p , if $f(t+p) = f(t)$
for all t .

Example. The functions

sin and cos are
periodic of period 2π .

Definition. Amplitude.

For the function

$$f(x) = A \sin(x)$$

(or $A \cos(x)$).

the amplitude is $|A|$.

Example

$$f(x) = \sin(x)$$

amplitude is 1.

Question

$$f(x) = \sin(x) + \cos(x).$$

What is the amplitude?

Find the amplitude & period for

~~$f(x) = -2 \sin(x)$~~

$$f(t) = -2 \cos(3t).$$

Amplitude is 2.

Period Pass thru one period as

$$0 \leq 3t \leq 2\pi$$

$$\text{or } 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi/3.$$

Period is $2\pi/3$.

$$f(x) = -2 \sin(3x + 5).$$

Find period & amplitude.

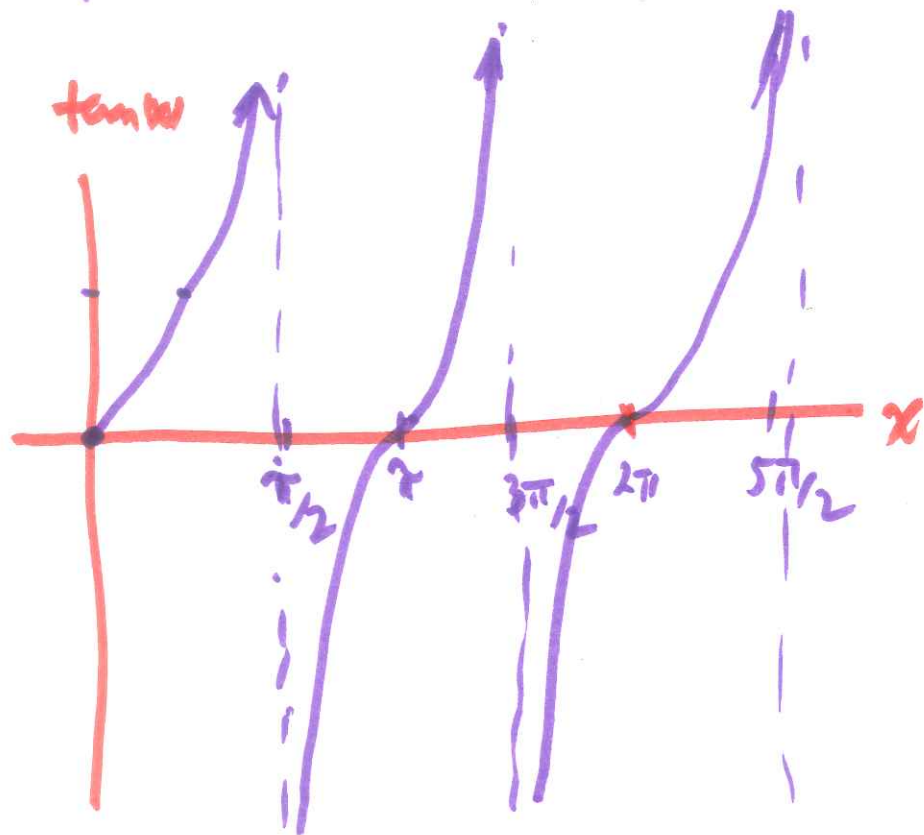
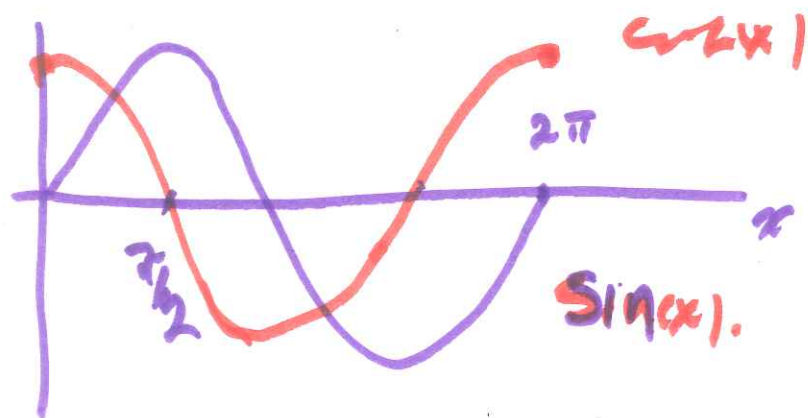
Amplitude is 2.

Period is π with

$$0 \leq 3x \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 \leq x \leq \boxed{2\pi/3}.$$

$$y = \tan(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$$



Period of tangent.

is π

Domain is x such that $\cos(x) \neq 0$.

or $x \neq \pm\pi/2, \pm3\pi/2, \pm5\pi/2, \dots$

Range $(-\infty, \infty)$

Graphing and transformations

Graph $y = \sin(3x)$.

By starting w/ $y = \sin(x)$

to applying a transformation.

Solution. $\sin(x)$

has a period 2π

$\sin(3x)$ has period
 $2\pi/3$. ~~Same~~.

Compare the graph of
 $y = \sin(x)$ horizontally
by a factor of 3.

$y = \sin(3x)$ is the
green graph.



What transformations
do we need to graph

$$y = -2 \sin(x/3).$$

Starting from $y = \sin(x)$.

Period is x s.t.

$$0 \leq x/3 \leq 2\pi.$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 6\pi$$

$\therefore 6\pi$.

1. Stretch horiz. by a factor of 3.
2. Stretch vertically by a factor of 2.

3. Reflection y-axis

