### Lecture 32: Addition formulae

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# Question 1.

Which of the following is true? A  $\sin(\pi/4) + \sin(\pi/4) = \sin(\pi/2)$ . B  $\cos(\pi/6) - \cos(\pi/6) = \cos(0)$ C  $\sin(\pi/3) + \sin(\pi) = \sin(4\pi/3)$ D  $\sin(\pi/3) + \sin(5\pi/3) = \sin(2\pi)$ E  $\sin(42x) = 42\sin(x)$ 

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# Question 1.

Which of the following is true?

- A  $sin(\pi/4) + sin(\pi/4) = sin(\pi/2)$ .
- **B**  $\cos(\pi/6) \cos(\pi/6) = \cos(0)$
- **C**  $sin(\pi/3) + sin(\pi) = sin(4\pi/3)$
- D  $sin(\pi/3) + sin(5\pi/3) = sin(2\pi)$
- $\mathsf{E} \, \sin(42x) = 42 \sin(x)$

#### D.

We have  $\sin(\pi/3) = \sqrt{3}/2$  and  $\sin(5\pi/3) = -\sqrt{3}/2$ , thus  $\sin(\pi/3) + \sin(5\pi/3) = 0 = \sin(2\pi)$ . None of the other statements are true. The point of this problem is that the rules  $\sin(ax) = a\sin(x)$ ,  $\sin(x + y) = \sin(x) + \sin(y)$  are not identically true. But the broken clock is right once a day.

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## Question 2.

The angle *t* is in standard position and the terminal side passes through the point (3, -4). Find sin(2t). Hint: 2t = t + t.

- $\textbf{A} \ -\textbf{24/25}$
- **B** 24/25
- C −1/5
- D 7/25
- E -7/25

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## Question 2.

The angle *t* is in standard position and the terminal side passes through the point (3, -4). Find sin(2t). Hint: 2t = t + t.

- A -24/25
- **B** 24/25
- C -1/5
- D 7/25
- E -7/25

We have cos(t) = 3/5 and sin(t) = -4/5. Using the addition formula for cosine, we have

$$sin(2t) = sin(t + t)$$
  
= sin(t) cos(t) + cos(t) sin(t)  
= -12/25 - 12/25 = -24/25