

Theory of partial differential equations  
MWF 9-9:50am  
CB343  
Spring 2013

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Homework 4, due on Monday, 18 February

1. The goal of this exercise is to give a simpler proof of the Poincaré inequality of Lecture 7, Theorem 5. As a benefit, we see that the Poincaré inequality holds in certain domains of infinite measure.

Suppose that  $U$  is an open set,  $U \subset \{x : 0 < x_1 < d\}$ , and  $1 \leq p < \infty$ . Prove that for  $u \in W_0^{1,p}(U)$ , we have

$$\|u\|_{L^p(U)} \leq Cd \|Du\|_{L^p(U)}.$$

The constant  $C$  should not depend on  $d$ . Show how  $C$  depends on  $n$  and  $p$ .

Hint: Assume  $u$  is smooth and use the fundamental theorem of calculus.

2. Suppose that  $k : U \times U \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  is measurable and we have

$$\sup_{x \in U} \int_U |k(x, y)| dy \leq M_0, \quad \sup_{y \in U} \int_U |k(x, y)| dx \leq M_1.$$

Define a linear operator by

$$Kf(x) = \int_U k(x, y) f(y) dy.$$

Prove that

$$\|Kf\|_{L^p(U)} \leq M_0^{1/p'} M_1^{1/p} \|f\|_{L^p(U)}.$$

Hint: Imitate the proof of Young's convolution inequality.

3. Assume  $U$  is an open set of finite measure. Use the representation formula of Lecture 8, Lemma 1 and the previous problem to find yet another proof of the Poincaré inequality for functions in  $W_0^{1,p}(U)$ ,  $1 \leq p < \infty$ .
4. Use the room and passages construction to give an example of a bounded open set where the inclusion  $W^{1,1}(U) \subset L^1(U)$  is not compact.

Reading for February 11–15, 2013

- §5.6, Sobolev embedding, Morrey's inequality
- §5.7, Compactness
- §5.8.1, 5.8.2b, Further topics

February 7, 2013